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FINANCIAL TIMES

Taking off Cutting costs in the space race

Shock reforms Poland revived

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 29 1996

Forbes victory Forbes victory leaves Republican Brussels aims for deeper EU ties nomination open

The surprise Arizona primary victory of millionaire publisher Steve Forbes left the campaign for the US Republican party's presidential nomination wide open again yesterday. The win was a setback for Senator Bob Dole even though he won the less important North and South Dakota primaries. In Arizona, Mr Forbes polled 33 per cent, Mr Dole took 30 per cent and conservative commentator Pat Buchanan finished third with 27 per cent. Page 12: No star is born, Page 3

Russian sell-offs on back burner: Privatisation is to be given a lower priority in Russia, raising the possibility that there may be no sell-off programme this year. Page 12

Princess of Wales agrees to divorce:



The Princess of Wales has agreed to the divorce request of Prince Charles, heir to the British throne. A spokeswoman for the princess said she would continue to be involved in decisions about their two children and would retain her title. Pictured above a month before their official separation in December 1993, the couple have since degenerated into public feuding.

ABB in boardroom switch: European engineering group ABB is reorganising its board to simplify decision-making and strengthen links with shareholders. The group raised 1996 net profits by 73 per cent to \$1,315bn. Page 13

Ferry accord reached : Seven north European countries agreed on higher ferry safety standards. Roll-on roll-off ferries in Baltic and North Seas will have to be capable of taking 18 inches of water on their car decks without overturning. Page 3

Glovanni Agnetti stepped down as chairman of Fiat after 30 years, handing over to Cesare Romiti until now the Italian automotive group's chief executive officer. Paolo Cantarella, formerly in char of the cars division, becomes chief executive. A big wheel, Page II

Blow to Turkish telecoms plan: Turkey's constitutional court partly annulled a law that allowed the government to sell off Turk Telekom, its big telecoms company, Six international consortia had already bid to act as consultants to the pri-

Hamas claims responsibility: The Islamic militant group Hamas said that Ahmed Abdel Hamideh, the Arab-American shot dead in Jerusalem after he drove into a crowd of Israelis and killed a woman, was a member of its military wing.

Crisis hits Equion: Leading Japanese financial institution Equion filed for liquidation with debts of Y310,6bn (\$2,63bn). Its biggest creditors include Hokkaido Takushoku, Dai-Ichi Kangyo and Sumitomo Trust banks, all laden with bad loans. Page 13; Japanese bankers urged to quit, Page 12

Rap for Spanish TV: Spain's electoral board banned state television from broadcasting an interview with Socialist prime minister Felipe González tomorrow, the last campaigning day before Sunday's general election. The board said such a broad-cast would breach the principle of neutrality by public media. Rayes before rebellion,

isle of Man onts in with ouror The Isle of Man, part of the UK but with its own government, is the first European issuer of euro coins. More than 40,000 are being issued from today – even though the UK seems set on opting out of a single European currency. Page 7

Lebanon under curfew: The Lebanese army ordered an indefinite nationwide curiew from 3am today before a strike and demonstrations called by labour unions in defiance of a government ban.

Millennial choice: Britain named Greenwich, the south London district where the world's time zones begin, to host a \$1bn exhibition to usher in the next

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By Emma Tucker in Brussels

The biggest member countries of the European Union each face losing one of their representatives at the Commission in Brussels under proposals put forward yesterday by Mr Jacques Santer, the Commission president.

Staking out a strongly federalist position aimed at deepening economic and political ties between EU countries while allowing entry of up to 12 new members, the Commission also proposes to end the national veto and to strengthen joint foreign and security policies. The Commission's contribution

tionist member states, led by Ger-IGC must succeed. Success many, but will meet stiff resismeans reinforcing political union

and preparing for enlargement," he told the European Parliament. On foreign policy, the Commission echoes an idea put forward by France and Germany this that a limited number of member states be allowed to engage in military action. It specifies that other member states

for discussion at next month's intergovernmental conference in Turin reflects the sentiment of several of the EU's more integration. The integration of the EU's more integration of the EU's more integration. The integration of the EU's more integration of the EU's more integration of the EU's more integration. The integration of the EU's more integration of the EU's more integration of the EU's more integration. The interpretation of the EU's more integration of the EU's more experts from member states and the Commission to create and coordinate a firmer basis for the EU's ineffective common foreign

Planned shake-up would leave largest states with fewer commissioners

and security policy.

The paper foresees a higher profile for the Commission with the suggestion that the president play an "important" role in the choice of Commission members. It proposes reducing the number per country to ensure speedy and efficient decision-making in a Union of up to 27 countries.

But under pressure from smaller countries, including Ireland, it shies away from giving some countries no representation at all. Currently Germany, France, Britain, Spain and Italy have two commissioners while the smaller members have just

The document also backs an end to the national veto for fear

that its use could make some decisions impossible. It says that in sensitive areas such as taxation, where decisions are taken by unanimity, a new form of "superqualified" majority voting could apply, under which

more than 71 per cent of the

votes of member states would be

required for adoption of a deci-

On employment, the document says new provisions should be written into the treaty although it is vague about their content.

Venture will have sales of \$20bn

BP and Mobil link European fuels businesses

By Peggy Hollinger in London

British Petroleum and Mobil are to combine their European fuels and lubricants operations to create one of the region's leading refining, service station and motor oils businesses with sales of more than \$20bn a year.

It is estimated that the two companies could share savings of up to \$500m within five years as a result of combining the businesses, at a one-off cost of about \$400m between them. The move is expected to put pressure on other oil majors to

sort out their downstream operations. The spotlight is expected to move to Shell, which s widely seen to have been slow to deal with its refining assets. The decision to merge the two

downstream companies' operations in Europe has been prompted by the need to cut costs in a market where margins are under severe pressure. In recent years, oil majors have suffered from overcapacity in the

refining sector and most recently the emergence of a price war on the petrol pump forecourt in the UK which threatens to spread to the rest of Europe. BP recently announced that its refining operations had incurred a loss in the fourth quarter although the overall downstream

division showed operating profits of £408m (\$625m) for the year, down from £646m. Mobil improved downstream earnings by 18 per cent to \$1.1bm. The deal has been under discussion by Mobil, BP, and their

respective advisers, J. P. Morgan

and Goldman Sachs, for several months. Neither BP nor Mobil would comment on the plans yesterday, although it is understood that they were planning an official announcement today.

tance from the UK, which is

determined to maintain the

Other measures, such as inclu-

sion in the Union's founding

treaty of specific provisions on

employment, are likely to be pop-

ular in some quarters but contro-

versial. Mr Santer said the IGC at

national veto.

If the deal passes the necessary regulatory scrutiny within the European Union, the two companies plan to combine assets of some \$5bn. The deal would create a venture to rival Europe's market leader, Shell. The new ven-ture would claim some 18 per cent of the European lubricants market and 12 per cent of the refining, marketing and distribution sector.

BP is expected to contribute some \$3.4bn, and Mobil some \$1.6bn in assets. However, the control of the venture will be divided according to each company's relative strengths.

BP, which is stronger in refining, marketing and distribution, will have about 70 per cent and complete operational control of this part of the joint venture. It will comprise some 9,000 petrol stations, which will be rebranded to carry the BP name.

Mobil, which is the stronger of the two in engine oils, will control the combined lubricants business, with a 51 per cent stake. Automotive oils are expected to carry the Mohil brand.

While some 2,000-3,000 job losses are expected throughout Europe as a result of the deal, few are likely in the petrol station division.

Editorial Comment, Page 11; Lex, Page 12; BP and Mobil sim to get in front, Page 13



Australian prime minister Paul Keating taking a helicopter trip over Elizabeth Grant Falls while campaigning for Saturday's federal election. The helicopter's blades clipped a tree during an aborted landing but eventually landed safely. Labor bits at election 'hole', Page 5

Major sets date for Ulster peace talks

By Robert Peston, Political Editor

Mr John Major, the UK prime minister, yesterday staked the survival of his government on a plan to renew the impetus of the Ulster peace process by setting a firm date for all-party peace talks which could include Sinn Féin, the political wing of the Irish Republican Army.

To the fury of unionist sympathisers among his backbenchers, Mr Major and his Irish counterpart, Mr John Bruton, announced that all-party negotiations on a Northern Ireland political settlement would begin

on June 10. However, the Labour opposition, the Liberal Democrats and Northern Ireland's Social Democratic and Labour party all praised Mr Major's stand. Mr Seamus Mallon, deputy leader of the moderate nationalist SDLP, said it was a pleasure to thank Mr Major for his "tenacity".

The condition for Sim Fém's participation is that the IRA should renew its ceasefire. However, an Anglo-Irish communique said only after the talks have begun would the political wing of the IRA be required to make a "total and absolute commitment to the principles of

down in January by US Senator George Mitchell's report into how Northern paramilitary groups should give up their

In the wake of the IRA's two

Continued on Page 12 Editorial comment, Page 11

US suspends export finance to China over nuclear fears

By Nancy Dunne in Washington

The Clinton administration has suspended consideration of \$10bn in export financing applications for China while it considers evidence that Beijing is providing nuclear technology to Pakistan.

The US Export-Import Bank said yesterday it had agreed to a request from the State Department to delay new commitments during March. Among the appli-cations awaiting approval is a request for financing from Caterpillar for sales to the huge Three Gorges Dam project.

The delay will give China time to dispute findings by the Central Intelligence Agency that speci-alised ring magnets were sold to Pakistan to be used in uranium enrichment plants. These provide a vital function in the production of nuclear weapons.

It will also give the US time to reconsider its policy of "commer-cial engagement" which was supposed - but failed - to improve China's human rights practices.
Instead the relationship has worsened, and a confrontation

TV and Flack

UK News

over Taiwan has been overshad-owing trade initiatives. Taiwan, which China regards as a renegade province, is to conduct its first direct elections for president on March 23.

The 30-day suspension of export financing, which runs just beyond that date, could also be seen as an implicit warning to Beijing not to step up military manoeuvres near the island.

US trade relations with China are under pressure on a number of fronts. Failure by China to comply with the US 1994 Nonpro-liferation Act, designed to deter the spread of nuclear weapons, could lead to a total suspe of trade credits from the US

Export-Import Bank. President Bill Clinton could waive the suspension because of the barm it would do to US companies. But this would bring him under political fire from Republican presidential hopefuls and the Republican-controlled Congress. Meanwhile, Eximbank is under

pressure from environmentalists

Gorges project, which will displace Im people.

A decision on funds for the

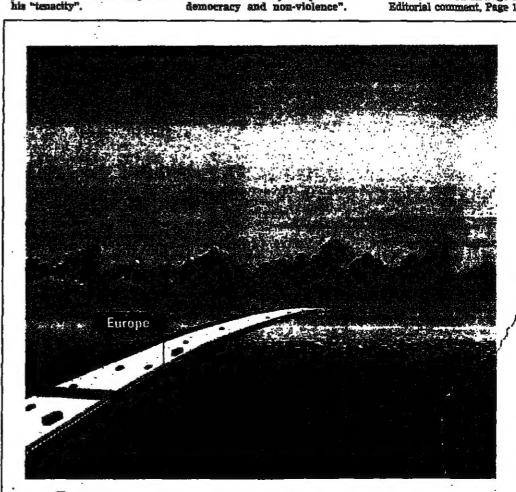
dam, first expected at the end of December, had been delayed until today and will now be put

Mr Bill Lane, a spokesman for Caterpillar, which has an esti-mated \$200m in sales at stake, said he was disappointed by the delay but hopeful that "after 30 days policymakers will re-exam-ine the wisdom of ceding the Chinese market to our foreign competitors".

Previous Eximbank commitments will be honoured. About \$4bn worth of credits are awaiting dispersal.

Mr Mickey Kantor, the US trade representative, yesterday refused to comment on the suspension. However, he said the US "will not tolerate" China's failure to honour agreements on intellectual property rights and market

He said the \$35bn US trade deficit with China was directly attributable to China's market barriers.



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and human rights activists to refuse financing for the Three CONTENTS FT/SP-A Was Indice

Enel reprimand

over competition

Italy's monopolies commission yesterday accused Englishe.

state electricity company, of stifling competition and salling to

The commission, headed by Mr Giuliano Amato, the farmer

prime minister, said Enel had not respected its original 1992

mandate to provide energy supplies at minimum costs to

ensure economic growth. "It could and should have helped

open the way for competition."

The commission added that Enel had pursued protectionist

policies with its key Italian suppliers, which had effectively locked out foreign contractors. "The lack of adequate

stimulation... has pushed Enel suppliers to behave more like

associations rather than competitors," the commission said. It

added that, between 1991 and 1994, imports of foreign supplies for Enel plants accounted for at most 1.1 per cent of the total

The government had hoped to launch the privatisation of Enel in the first half of this year, but analysts say the early general election called for April 21 means this timetable will

Prague eases exchange controls

The Czech National Bank yesterday introduced a more flexible

speculative capital and give it more scope to fight inflation.

The bank widened the fluctuation band for the Czech koruna

from plus/minus 0.5 per cent to plus/minus 7.5 per cent against a hard currency basket weighted 65 per cent to the D-Mark

The measure, which had been expected, brings a greater

element of risk to exchange rate movements, which the bank hopes will reduce speculative inflows and ease money supply

An estimated \$30n of "hot money" has flowed in since 1993

to exploit high Czech interest rates, made even more attractive by a rigid exchange rate policy which meant that speculators

faced no risk in taking money out again. The strong inflow has kept M2 money supply growth high, undermining the fight to reduce inflation. M2 grew by about 18 per cent in 1995, while

Vincent Boland, Prague

inflation hovered near 9 per cent. Analysts said the slight devaluation of the koruna that followed yesterday's announcement would be reversed quickly and a long-term devaluation would follow as inflation and interest rate

exchange rate policy in an attempt to stem inflows of

amount of equipment bought by the group.

almost certainly be missed.

and 35 per cent to the US dollar.

differentials were eroded.

Currencies, Page 23

Secretary of the second of the

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EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

keep prices down.

Turkish leaders agree to form coalition

By John Barham in Ankara

Turkey's rival conservative leaders yesterday reached agreement "in principle" to forming a coalition government, ending a nine-week stalemate since the December 24 general election.

After talks lasting two and a half hours, Mrs Tansu Çiller, the caretaker prime minister and head of the True Path party, said the party leaders had "decided in principle to form the coalition. We will meet again on Friday to discuss [its] structure. In principle, we have

agreed on [a] rotating premier-

ship." Mr Mesut Yihnaz, leader of the opposition conservative Motherland party, said: "I agree with Mrs Ciller." Both said they would make no further comment until tomorrow's meeting. Meanwhile, four senior officials from each party will meet to draft watertight agreements on policy and on the share-out of government

But neither leader indicated they had settled two issues dividing them. Both insist on holding the rotating premier-ship first and both insist their nomic ministries.

Previous talks between the two have foundered on these two questions, but Mr Hasan Cemal, an influential columnist on the pro-Ciller newspaper Sabah, said the leaders had "started a serious bargaining process now. It may take sev-

Fruitless coalition talks have dragged on since a general election in December gave no party a clear mandate.

The media and the powerful business community have been pressing Mrs Ciller and Mr Yilmaz to bury their personal

party control the main eco- rivalry and form a centre-right

Mr Cemal said Mrs Ciller had agreed to let Mr Yilmaz lead the government for a year before she takes over for two She would then return power

to Mr Yilmaz for a year. A neu-tral politician would head the overnment for the final year before elections. Motherland MPs claim they

have won an undertaking to control the main economic ministries, but True Path supporters say Mrs Ciller will fight to keep the economic minis-

poisoned chalice but control of economic portfolios confers great powers of patronage.

Commentators say Mr Yilmaz, whose party has 125 MPs, 10 fewer than Mrs Ciller, is using the threat of reopening coalition talks with the Islamist Refah party to draw Mrs Ciller into talks.

His talks with Refah, the largest party in parliament, failed at the weekend, opening the way for a True Path-Motherland coalition.

To run Turkey's inflation- ance looks unstable. The parbattered economy may seem a ties combined are 16 seats short of a majority in the 550member parliament. To govern, the coslition would need support from two social democratic parties which would, in return, seek a softening of the conservatives' free-market poli-

> But both conservative leaders are aware that failure to work together to deal with Turkey's pressing economic and social problems or the 11year Kurdish insurgency in the southeast may only strengthen Refah's growing

Court throws sell-off plans into disarray

By John Barham in Ankara

The Turkish constitutional court threw Turkey's slowmoving privatisation programme into disarray yesterday with a ruling that effectively halts sales of minority stakes in the telephone net-

Details of the court's ruling were not available, but the official Anatolia news agency said the court had "cancelled" part of a law enabling the government's Privatisation Administration (OIB) to sell up to 49 per cent of Türk Tele-kom to institutional investors and employees. The OIB said new legislation might be needed to resume the

The court struck down three articles in a law parliament passed last year granting spe-cial power to the OIB, the executive privatisation agency, and the High Board of Privatisation, a ministerial supervisory body, to handle

The government has already received final bids from six consortia of international investment banks to handle the Türk Telekom sale. It had been expected to choose an adviser in March.

Among the 23 investment banks bidding for the mandate are J P Morgan. Paribas, Gold-man Sachs and Yamaichi. The World Bank is co-ordinating the privatisation, planned to go ahead this year and raise about \$3bm. Investment bankers

involved in the operation said the country's biggest privatisation back until the middle of Most of the companies sold

Parliament, which must enact new legislation, has barely begun to function again, and Turkey's conservative parties have only now reached agreement on forming a coalition government.

The privatisation pro-

gramme has languished for nore than 10 years because of political interference. Last year, the government only sold \$500m worth of state assets, a figure amounting to one-tenth of its original target. were small or peripheral busi-

The sale of the strategic telecoms, power stations, manufacturing companies and banks has been blocked by appeals to the constitutional court by the left-wing People's Republican party (CHP), the outgoing government's junior coalition partner.

Yesterday's ruling was sought by a group of 90 MPs led by Mr Müentaz Soysal, formerly a CHP minister and a hardline opponent of privatisaCiller, the outgoing prime minister, attempted to privatise the company by decree but was prevented after CHP MPs had instituted an appeal to the

A year later, the courts blocked privatisation again because it judged legislation had given the government

excessive authority.

Last May, parliament passed a new law authorising the government to sell up to 49 per cent, only to be blocked again by yesterday's ruling.

Dini puts imprint on new party

By Robert Graham in Rome

Mr Lamberto Dini, Italy's caretaker prime minister, yesterday unveiled his new centre party christened Dini Italian

The former director general of the Bank of Italy, who has been premier since January 1994, had been expected to call his party Renaissance after his native city Florence. But instead he chose to combine his name with the idea of renewing Italy, the first time a politician has put his imprint so directly on a party's name.

Mr Dini's entry into politics,

announced last weekend, has added a new element to the campaign for general elections on April 21. Although he has been careful not to say so, every other politician sees him as a direct challenger to Mr Romano Prodi as the prime ministerial candidate of the

It is widely suspected that Mr Dini has already made a deal with Mr Massimo D'Alema, leader of the Party of the Democratic Left (PDS) and the dominant figure in the centre-left alliance, to push Mr Prodi

Mr Dini himself has already indicated he will link with the centre-left to contest those parts of the seats (75 per cent) governed by the first-past-the-post voting system. However, his grouping will stand alone in the proportional representation seats covering 25 per cent in the lower and upper houses. Current polls give Mr Dini's centrist party around 8 per cent of the national vote.

Deals for fighting specific seats are still being worked out among the parties and do not have to be concluded before mid-March. But if Mr Dini does link with the centre-left, this will give the alliance an edge over its rightwing rival, headed by Mr Silvio Berlusconi, the former prime minister. It would also allow the cen-tre-left to avoid making a deal with the populist Northern League of Mr Umberto Bossi. Yesterday Mr Dini said it

was his duty to bring a moderating influence to politics.

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Russia and Britain still far apart over Nato enlargement

Primakov assures Rifkind over 'bullying' of ex-Soviet states

By Bruce Clark,

Russia has promised Britain that any rapprochement between itself and the smaller former Soviet republics will be a voluntary arrangement and not the result of Moscow's builying, according to UK offi-

But the two countries remain far apart over Nato enlargement, which dominated a vigorous three-hour discussion on Tuesday night between Mr Yevgeny Primakov, Russia's foreign minister and Mr Malcolm Rifkind, his UK coun-

terpart.
The meeting took place in Strasbourg, where Mr Primakov took part yesterday in ceremonies marking Russia's admission

the Council of Europe. "bullying" coincided with a pledge by President Boris Yeltsin to pursue deeper integration and possibly outright unification with Belarus, one of the most pro-Russian of the

former Soviet states. British officials said they relcomed Mr Primakov's statement, although one noted that "the proof of the pudding" would be Russia's future behaviour in the Commonwealth of Independent

On Nato, Mr Primakov had expressed Russia's "firm opposition" to any expansion eastwards by the alliance and blamed the proposal on a "wave of anti-Russian feeling" in central Europe. His predecessor, Mr Andrei

Kozyrev, had hinted last year be acceptable to Moscow under certain circumstances - such as a pledge not to station foreign troops or nuclear weapons on new members' soil.

But Mr Primakov's latest comments confirmed the impression that the Russian position over Nato has hardened over the past six months, according to UK officials.

Mr Rifkind, who has made plain his personal commitment both to Nato expansion and the sovereignty of the former Soviet republics, insisted the enlargement plan was not directed against Moscow and did not threaten Russia. He reaffirmed Nato's desire for a strategic relationship

with Russia, and Britain's

strong support for the develop-

ment of Moscow's relations with the European Union. Western interest in Russia's

attitudes towards its neighbours is rising against a background of intensive diplomatic activity in Armenia and Azerbaijan aimed at resolving the status of Nagorno-Karabakh. Senior officials from Russia, the US and Switzerland which currently holds the rotating presidency of the Organisation for Security and Co-operation in Europe - have visited the region for talks on the enclave.

In their latest comments, Russia appears to have edged away from its hitherto pro-Armenian position, while Azeri officials have complained that the US is demanding too many concessions from their

unlikely

The European Union Commission yesterday backed away from taking disciplinary action against the EU's former ambassador to Moscow for allegedly abusing his post to further his own business inter-ests, although inquiries into his activities will continue.

The Commission decision follows weeks of investigation into allegations that Mr Michael Emerson, the former EU ambassador to Moscow, used his position to prepare to set up a consultancy with a St Petersburg businessmen. Commission diplomats are barred from pursuing outside financial interests while working for the Brussels executive. Mr Emerson has denied any

While the Commission felt it. was "wholly regrettable" that strict professional ethics were not respected, this was "not enough reason to start legal proceedings", a Commission official said. He added that the inquiry into Mr Emerson's activities would continue and warned that the possibility of starting disciplinary proceed-

ings remained a possibility.
"If any new elements were to arise which justified the initiation of disciplinary procedures the Commission will not hesitate to use them," he said. The official said the Commission felt that while the contacts made by Mr Emerson "with the view to future activities were not in conformity with the strict ethics beholding to Commission officials", there was "no reason to believe that any commercial or financial transactions have taken place".

Action over EU ex-envoy

By Caroline Southey

The Commission also approved Mr Emerson's request for early retirement which he asked for following the appouncement that the Commission was opening an inquiry into his activities. He would be entitled to a generous pension after 23 years' service.

airline, that Air France was using state aid in a fare war in breach of rescue conditions. EU officials said the Commission had asked Paris for an explanation, adding that an undertaking not to use rescue funds approved in 1994 to mount a price war was part of the conditions accepted by the French state airline. The Boersen newspaper in Copenhagen reported that SAS

SAS accuses Paris over fares

The European Union has asked for a response from the French government following charges by SAS, the Scandinavian

had complained to the Commission that Air France had slashed prices of fares between France and Scandinavia. SAS would try to block payment of a third stage of state aid to Air France, the report said. The Commission, in a decision which has been strongly contested by some European airlines, has approved payment of aid totalling FFr20bn (\$4bn) to rescue Air France.

French rail losses double

France's SNCF national rail system yesterday reported that its overall loss doubled last year to FFr16.5bn (\$3.5bn), from ______ FFr8.2bn in 1994, on turnover that fell 3.9 per cent to FFr52bn and a 20 per cent decline in gross operating margins. Passenger revenue fell by 2.7 per cent, as rail travel was first discouraged by last summer's terrorist incidents – including an unexploded bomb on a high-speed TGV line – and then made impossible by a four-week strike in late November and December. Revenue from freight fell 6.1 per cent.

The government still believes SNCF's two key problems are

poor productivity and the crushing burden of its FFr175bn debt, even though the strike forced it to abandon attempts to link the two by proposing productivity incre-five-year FFr100bn debt reduction plan.

Under this plan the government would have taken over FFr37bn debt this year and then would have reduced one franc of debt for every franc in operating profit that SNCF could show. Transport ministers are now suggesting an even bigger debt reduction plan, with future TGV lines partly funded by private finance. But they are leaving it very much to the new SNCF president, Mr Loik Le Floch-Prigent, to come up with productivity measures once he has restored relations with the David Buchan, Paris

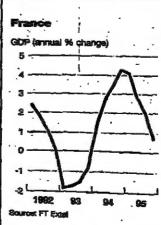
Approval for Crimea premier

The Crimean parliament yesterday approved Mr Arkady Demidenko as prime minister of Ukraine's autonomous peninsula. Hand picked by Ukrainian President Leonid Kuchma, Mr Demidenko takes over almost a year after Kiev sacked Crimea's separatist president and annulled its constitution. He must work with forces in parliament that

back the peninsula's reunion with Moscow. Moscow's government never opposed Kiev's crackdown in Crimea, a vacation haven which was only transferred from Russia to Ukraine in 1954. But Russian MPs – including Mr Gennady Zyuganov, the leading presidential candidate from the Communist party, who visited Kiev this week - have stressed that relations between the two neighbours cannot be normalised until the Black Sea Fleet is divided and the status of its large headquarters in Sevastopol, a Crimean port city, is Matthew Kaminski, Kiev

ECONOMIC WATCH

Paris confirms slide in GDP



The slide in the French economy last autumn was confirmed yesterday by Insee, the national statistics agency, which reported that GDP fell 0.3 per cent in the final quarter against the previous three months, which in turn had seen a 0.2 per cent decline. The fourth quarter saw industrial output falling 0.9 per cent but industrial investment rising 4 per cent. For the year, the French economy expanded 2.4 per cent, compared with the 29 per cent growth recorded in 1994 and once hoped for in 1995. The late autumn decline

would have the effect of shaving 0.1 per cent off the GDP figure for this year's first quarter, Insee said. But there have been enough signs of rebound in January for several analysts to believe that they constitute more than just a correction for December's strikes paralysing the public sector. The signs include a 5.1 per cent rise in household consumption last year, a preliminary Bank of France claim of a probable rise in industrial output and an Insee forecast of a 4-5 per cent volume increase in industrial investment. The government's deficit-reduction plans depend on an economic rebound gathering pace in at least the second

■ German engineering orders declined 4 per cent in January David Buchan, Paris over the same month a year earlier, the German Engineering Association said. Domestic orders were down 7 per cent and foreign orders fell 1 per cent. ■ Dutch GDP rose 2.4 per cent in 1995 from a year earlier.

Revolutionary times for French insurers Andrew Jack examines the 'privatisation of the general agents'

n towns and villages across France, "general agents" selling the policies of the country's largest insurers including Axa, UAP and GAN are an essential part of the high street.

The agents are a particularly French idea, unknown elsewhere. Established as a liberal profession during the last century, they are selfemployed but operate under an exclusive contract with a single insurance company in a geographical area, selling policies in exchange for a commis-

But within the next few months, the way in which insurance policies are sold is likely to be transformed.

Under the terms of a draft new agreement initialled last week between Fnsaga, the agents' professional body, and the FFSA, the insurance companies' association, their status is set to be completely 17,440 agents in the country, year, and appear to have suc- arrangement would give more

For the first time, they will be allowed to incorporate, protecting their personal assets in the event of bankruptcy and allowing them to seek outside capital for their businesses. They will also be required to meet new training require-

But more radically, there will be much greater flexibility for insurers and their agents to negotiate contracts. In France, where much is dictated by rigid laws, this is seen as a significant change. This is really a privatisation

of the general agents," says Mr Denis Kessler, head of the FFSA. "We are completely reengineering the pyramid, inverting a structure which had a large legalistic base, a small number of conventions and almost no individual contracts."

account for 42 per cent of the sale of non-life policies and 15 per cent of life policies. Yet while the insurance sector has undergone widespread

change in the past few decades, contracts regulating relations between general agents and companies remain determined by two laws: one passed in 1949 dealing with non-life insurance, and a second a year later for life assurance.

In private, the insurance companies have long argued that their relations with general agents needed to be reformed as market conditions have changed, new forms of distribution emerged and competition intensified. But all efforts to modify the legislation have failed. The most recent attempt in 1990 collapsed amid

in 1994, there were some Negotiations resumed last financial incentives. The new

generating annual sales of ceeded. Details of the new FFr13.7hn (£1.75bn) They terms will be subject to government approval, and votes from members of both the insurance association and the general agents' body in April. But the siens look promising.

One reason cited for the change in attitude is that events are beginning to overtake the agents. They face growing competition from rival sales networks, including direct telephone marketing and the growth in "bancassurance" - banks and other financial institutions with large branch

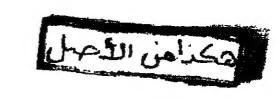
This was reflected in pressures for change - in spite of legal restrictions - from the insurance companies, as well as concerns from the European Commission in Brussels that the existing organisation was uncompetitive.

There are also likely to be

icies sold. They will also receive a modest increase in contributions from the insurance companies to top-up their pension schemes.

Equally, the insurers cannot afford simply to dispense with this traditional form of sales techniques. Despite their relatively high cost structure, general agents provide an high proportion of policy sales, and one which is often very profitable because the agents can act effectively to screen risks of potential clients.

"The new accord is a balanced one in which everyone wins and loses equally," says Mr Dominique Denis, deputy head of Fnsaga, the agents syndicate. "We are moving from a legal environment to one defined by the market and focused around the needs of



Seven-country accord on ferry safety

By Charles Batchelor in London

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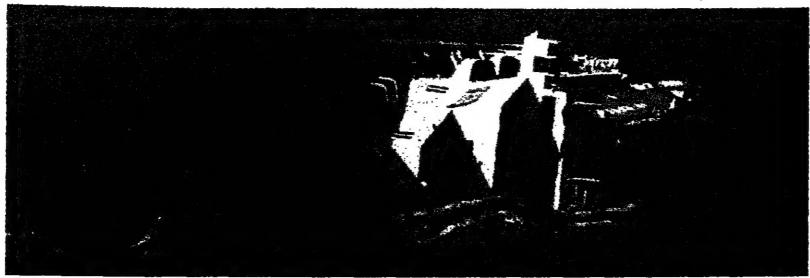
period its original amount of should have he Seven north European countries yesterday reached agreement on higher ferry safety standards after the International Maritime Organisation, a United Nations agency, failed to agree stricter rules last November.
A regional accord applying

to roll-on roll-off ferries operating in the Baltic and North Seas will require ships to tolerate 50cm (18 inches) of water on their car decks without rolling over.

The agreement based on a compromise proposal by Den-mark, came nearly 18 months after the sinking of the Estonia in the Baltic with the loss of 900 lives. The loss followed earlier ferry disasters including the sinking of the Herald of Free Enterprise off Zeebrugge in 1987 with loss of 198 lives.

The Estonia sank within minutes after heavy seas ripped off the vessel's outer bow door, allowing water to pour on to its open car deck. "Ro-ro" ferries, with their large open car decks, are vulnerable to capsize if water penetrates the bow doors.

The loss of the Estonia prompted the international



The sinking of the Herald of Free Enterprise in 1987 prompted the UK government to order additional safety features

shipping community to tighten standards on the ferries but opposition from several Mediterranean countries foiled attempts to reach an agreement within IMO. These countries argued calmer Mediterranean conditions did not require such stringent safety stan-

mark, Finland, Germany, Ireland, Norway and Sweden, Despite the failure of the A regional accord is regarded

agreement, the regional accord international agreement but it represents a significant develis preferable to individual opment because it covers many countries setting their own of the main nations using standards, shipping industry "ro-ro" ferries. The seven counmanagers said. tries signed up to the agree-The new standards, which

will require shipowners to ment after a two-day meeting install internal bulkheads or partitions, or add extra buoy-ancy devices, will be applied over the next six years but IMO, a UN agency, to reach as less satisfactory than an must be complete by 2002.

extra costs on ferry operators although they will have several years to modify their yessels. Up to a quarter of the 40 UK-owned "ro-ro" ferries which serve British ports might have to be taken out of service because it would be uneconomic to modify older

Several countries, including prise.

the UK and Sweden, had threatened to impose higher standards unilaterally if a regional or international agreement was not reached.

The UK ordered installation of indicator lights to show ferry doors were closed and television systems to monitor car decks, following the sinking of the Herald of Free Enter-

Moldova sugar sell-off leaves a bitter taste

hen Cupcini Crystal went private two years ago, Moldova's leading sugar factory thought prosperity was just around the corper. But its disillusioned director claims today that a botched privatisation makes business impossible because politicians have been forced by strong lobby to keep the Soviet-era farming monopoly in place.

The predicament in Moldova, a Romanian-speaking nation situated between Ukraine and Romania, illustrates the pitfalls of ownership transfer even in former Soviet countries with reform minded gov-

Mr Constantin Girlovanu, Cupcini's director, said the trouble began in 1993 when parliament decided that majority stakes in about 200 enterprises in the agricultural sector would be given free to workers and directors of the state-owned farms that supplied them with raw materials.

Moldova's nine sugar factories were sold this way. At Cupcini, the three large sugar beet collective farms and 20 smaller farmers were given an automatic 55 per cent stake. The company's 900 workers took 5.5 per cent and Moldovan investment funds, using vouchers from ordinary citizens, control the rest.

"It was important to find common interests between suppliers and producers, to make strong connections," said Mr Ceslav Ciobanu, the privatisa-tion minister. "During the socialist era, agriculture was discriminated against and parliament adopted this law to

Three months ago Moldova completed its mass privatisation effort, putting about 70 per cent of state-owned enterprises in private hands.

But the sugar factories are crying foul. Output at Cupcini fell 48 per cent after privatisation and the company gained no fresh capital through the sale. Trade has to be done by barter, as Cupcini lacks liquidity and cannot afford to pay

on bank borrowings. The company cannot freely choose its

suppliers.
"On paper we have a profit
and in the bank we have no money," said Mr Girlovanu, whose northern Moldovan plant also makes vodka and balsam from sugar beet.

should not be locked together," he added. "It's impossible to work. Now the farm directors think they can dictate what I should produce."
Other private sector compa-

nies, faced with intransigent shareholders, have tried to buy stakes back from them.

Cupcini would buy its shares if it could. But structural change in Moldova lags behind privatisation and macroecopomic reform - both hailed by the World Bank and International Monetary Fund as among the most progressive in the former Soviet Union.

The farmers who, in theory own the biggest stakes cannot claim them until their collectives are broken up. That process has just started, but a western economist fears parliafree sale of land until the year 2001, wants to make leaving the collective and claiming a land plot more difficult.

In this they are backed by the collective farm bosses, who are afraid to see their powers

The new stock exchange which opened last June, could be a good source for capital starved enterprises. But even after the majority owners eventually claim their shares, Mr Victor Chiriac, exchange president, warns that a second flota-"could not be done quickly" by the undeveloped financial system.

The government's vows to pass the necessary laws and woo investors to smooth the post-privatisation process are not lost on Mr Girlovanu. But has already lost a decade in its drive to compete.

Matthew Kaminski

Young Spaniards put raves before rebellion



SPANISH SPANISH future prime ELECTIONS minister joined

March 3 : the underground opposition to General Franco's regime. Few among the 3.000 who had gathered in a sports complex were alive in 1974, a year before Franco died, when Mr González became leader of the then clandestine Socialist party at the age of 32.

The political priorities which led González to resist the Franco regime are scarcely relevant today, writes Tom Burns

He was telling the youngsters how, since 1982, his governments had brought political freedom and tolerance to Spain. At their age, he said, he used to cross the Pyrenees into France on foot avoiding border posts because Franco's police

had confiscated his passport. "I used to gulp the air of freedom when I got to France and felt claustrophobic when I returned to Spain," recalled Mr González. The audience, mostly members of the Socialist party's youth wing, cheered the premier, but in a polite rather than heartfelt way. When he told them he would

be 54 on Sunday, the day of the general election, the young-sters looked embarrassed, giggled and forgot to sing happy birthday. The political priori-ties that shaped Mr González's youth are scarcely relevant to a generation that has ravers in place of rebels and follows fads instead of causes.

in Stockholm are the UK, Den-

"To be honest we're not very political," said Mr Pedro Leal, a member of the Young Socialists who studies law in Toledo. "I had a job getting people to come here to listen to Felipe." If, as expected, Mr José Maria Aznar's Popular party comes out on top in Sunday's

poll, it will to a great extent be because of González's "children" - the 18-30 year olds.

towards the centre-right opposition has taken place among the 12m-plus Spaniards nearly 40 per cent of the electorate - who have only known Socialist governments headed by Mr González since they reached voting age. "Youth tends to reject the

status one and now that means González," said Mr Emilio Lamo de Espinosa, a Madrid University sociologist who has monitored the voting trends of the under-30s. "González talks about democracy as a conquest, but youth takes it for granted. Aznar represents a change and he is the runaway favourite among the kids who intend to vote."

Mr Aznar, 43, says his age group is a "democracy generation" no longer traumatised by the Franco years.

"My parents like to talk about how they went on anti-Franco demonstrations when they were students. We just talk about our exams," said Ms Carmen Tena, a business administration student in Madrid. "Just about all my class is going to vote for Aznar."

real jobs, not junk jobs, and affordable housing. González has delivered neither." said Mr Alejandro Agag, a member of the Popular party's youth wing, "And we remain idealistic; corruption under González sickens us." Mr Aznar should, however,

and what we worry about are

learn from Mr González's experience - that youth is demanding and its allegiances can be ercurial. Mr Agag warned that the

under-30s vote was the one Mr Aznar stood to lose first. "We are his most critical supporters; we want a Popular party government to come up with solutions fast. We are very intolerant about that, just as we are about sleave."

REPUBLIQUE DE COTE D'IVOIRE

Union - Discipline - Travail

MINISTERE DES INFRASTRUCTURES ÉCONOMIQUES

Concession agreements for construction and operation of toll bridge across Ebrié Lagoon, Abidjan, Côte d'Ivoire Initial contractor shortlisting procedure

February 1996

DIRECTION ET CONTROLE DES GRANDS TRAVAUX

The government of Côte d'Ivoire is inviting international bids from companies or joint ventures interested in being shortlisted for a concession to build and operate a toll bridge across the Ebrié Lagoon, between the Cocody Riviera district and the Marcory district.

1. Environment and general DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

Cocody forms an important extension to the Abidjan conurbation. The district has a high density of residential areas, with a population of 130,000. Car ownership among this population is particularly high.

The area to the north-east of Cocody (at Deux Plateaux, Djibi, Palmeraie, etc.) is undergoing rapid development. This area includes over 2,000 hectares of land available for real estate projects, and is eventually expected to house a population of 216,000.

As the area develops, there is a pressing need for a new north-south link road to provide access to the new districts, which are poorly served by the existing main road network. This would avoid the need for traffic to transit via the lagoon boulevards around the plateau, and over the two existing bridges (Pont Général de Gaulle and Pont Houphouet-Bolgny), which are nearing saturation.

To provide the necessary traffic link, the government of Côte d'Ivoire has decided to build a toll bridge across the Ebrié Lagoon. It wishes to accomplish this project by granting a government concession to a private operator.

Candidates are therefore invited to submit applications for shortlisting. Shortlisted candidates will receive full technical and financial details in the form of an official call to tender. Basic characteristics of the project are as follows:

- long-term contract (30 years)
- management and financial independence for the concessionholder
- possible state participation in investment risks (for example, through a mixed-economy concession company with majority private holding)

Under the terms of the concession contract, the concession-holder will receive toll payments directly, and assign these funds to following uses primarily:

- running costs of toll system
- · repayment of loans contracted to

build bridge, access roads and rapid road link

- bridge maintenance costs
- return on investment capital
- licence payable to Côte d'Ivoire's government for right to operate the toll bridge
- miscellaneous taxes related to toll bridge operation

The concession system will be of the BDO type (Build-Own-Operate). The Côte d'Ivoire government will not participate in funding the investment, but might guarantee the following:

- traffic levels (specifically, a contractually binding minimum traffic rate)
- adjustments of toll rates over time

2. SCOPE AND TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

The first project component concerns a new Riviera-Marcory link road, connecting the north-eastern and southeastern districts of the Côte d'Ivoire capital, separated by a lagoon. The second component consists in extending the freeway to form a fast-flowing bypass round the eastern side of Abidjan. The third component concerns the Boulevard Mitterand/ Boulevard de France link, following on from the northern motorway/ Boulevard Latrille and the Boulevard Latrille/ Boulevard Mitterand sections.

It is planned to build a main bridge spanning 494 metres, plus a secondary bridge spanning 76 metres, on the south bank side at Marcory. In addition, there will be three dikes extending 570 m, 390 m and 320 m from the north bank at Riviera. This is a very basic preliminary description; full technical details will be included in the tender documentation.

3. TRAFFIC

In 1988, Côte d'Ivoire's Major Works Department conducted traffic count and market research studies to draw up departure/destination matrices for different journey types and vehicles.

According to these matrices, and further traffic count studies in 1996, the total daily traffic volume (both directions) on the new roadway structure is estimated at 17,400 vehicles (annual average figure, expressed in private vehicle units (PVUs)). Peak rush-hour traffic in the heaviest traffic direction is estimated at 900 to 1,200 PVUs.

4. CONDITIONS FOR APPLICANTS TO SHORTLISTING PROCEDURE

Applications for shortlisting procedure are invited from all companies or joint ventures able to demonstrate experience in operating and managing toll systems, preferably on roadway or motorway infrastructures.

5. SHORTLISTING CRITERIA

Applications must be submitted in French. Costs must be quoted in CFA francs (tax exclusive). Applications must include the following information:

- Company profile details:
- Capital (scored on 10 points) Turnover for last three financial
- years (scored on 15 points) Specific examples and general
- information on experience in building and managing toll-operated public works structures (scored on 40 points)
- Details on recommended financial organisation and distribution between equity and loan capital (scored on 20 points)
- Recommended breakdown of capital for concession-holder company (scored on 16 points).

6. Deadline for reception of applications for shortlisting procedure

Applications for the shortlisting procedure (ten copies under sealed envelope) must be received at the following address by 18:00 GMT on 19 March 1996. DIRECTION ET CONTROLE DES GRANDS TRAVAUX, Ancien Hôtel les Relais, Boulevard de la Corniche (COCODY), 04 BP 945 ABIDJAN 04, COTE D'IVOIRE Tel: (225) 441798, 445877, 446926 Fax: (225) 445666

7. NOTIFICATION OF RESULTS OF SHORTLISTING PROCEDURE.

All applications will be examined, and candidates scoring above 50/100 will be admitted to the shortlist. Shortlisted applicants will then be included in the call to tender. All candidates will be informed of the results of the shortlisting procedure by 29 March 1996.

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Vietnam phone deals near

By Jeremy Grant in Hanol

Four foreign telecommunications companies are poised to win contracts to install telephone lines in Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City by the end of March, ending months of speculation over foreign involvement in building a big part of the country's telecommunica-

tions infrastructure. The four, NTT International of Japan, Britain's Cable & Wireless, France Télécom and Telstra of Australia, signed preliminary agreements with state-run Vietnam Posts and Telecommunications (VNPT) for the projects over a year contracts later when Vietnamese policy on revenue-sharing arrangements could be worked out. However all have been

regulatory body. Industry experts say there has also been foot-dragging by policy-makers unsure how much foreign involvement to allow in a sector regarded as important to national security.

We have been informed by

the Vietnamese that it [the award of contracts] could be the end of March," said an official at one of the four companies. Approval would still be needed from the ministry of planning and investment before the projects could go ahead. Experts say this could be delayed until after a communist party congress tenta-

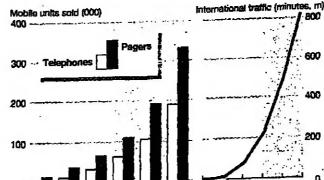
Vietnam is understood to have chosen NTT and Cable & Wireless to install landlines in Hanoi, the capital, while

VNPT and the government's will divide up Ho Chi Minh City equally between them. One Telstra official said the company planned to install 400,000 lines by the year 2000. involving an investment of \$300m. France Télécom is expected to make a similar investment for the same number of lines. In Hanoi, NTT plans to install 250,000 lines in the same time, according to Mr Suzuo Uchiyama, its chief representative in Vietnam.

Hanoi does not allow joint ventures or build-operatetransfer arrangements in the operations side of telecommunications, preferring a looser business co-operation contract. This allows revenue sharing but no equity stake by foreigners. Each of the four foreign companies has been negotiating for a year with the Viethas revealed what has been agreed, but experts say 50-50 sharing over 15 years is likely.

Vietnam, which in 1986 had only nine international telephone lines, is keen to expand its network as fast as possible and aims to increase the number of telephones per 100 people to five by 2000, from about 0.4 currently. VNPT maintains a monopoly

of telecommunications services in Vietnam. This is likely soon to be broken by a subsidiary of the Ministry of Defence, known as the Military Electronic Telecommunications Company (METC), which has been licensed by VNPT to set up a rival network, signalling the start of deregulation of the country's telecommunications



rola, South Western Bell and AT&T are among companies that have been in talks with VNPT for over a year about helping the military set up the second network.

'tt's Vietnam on the line

Experts say that Thai-based telecommunications company Jasmine International, together with US investment bank Goldman Sachs, is also interested and that METC may invite bids for a However, the picture has been complicated by the emergence in December of Saigon Postel, a unit of the Ministry of Defence and the Ho Chi Minh City people's committee, which

also has ambitions to become

work in the next six months.

It is understood to have attracted interests from some of the foreign companies in talks with METC impatient

WORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST

World trade 'can be green'

Rules to protect endangered species, the ozone layer and environment need not clash with those governing world trade the European Commission said yesterday.

This view was contained in a commission paper drafted in preparation for the inaugural ministerial session of the Wath Trade Organisation in Singapore this December. The paper said trade encouraged the efficient use of resources and the

rapid circulation of new technology.

"An open multilateral trading system makes possible a more efficient use of natural resources and contributes to lessening demands on the environment. Trade has created a \$250m. annual market in green technology, which is growing at 8 per cent a year," an accompanying statement said.

Nor do stricter environmental rules in industrialised countries send companies packing for poorer countries in search of less stringent regulations, it said.

"Environmental costs are not a decisive factor for industries, representing 1 to 2 per cent of overall production costs in the EU. There is no persuasive evidence of 'eco-dumping' nor of any large-scale industrial exodus to pollution havens, the

Tarmac seeks Dutch work

Tarmac, one of Britain's biggest construction and building

materials groups, is joining forces with four Dutch contractors to bid for railway projects in the Netherlands.

Some £5bn (£5.2bn) is expected to be invested in Dutch railways over the next 10 years according to Aduco International, representing the consortium of Dutch contractors

which is forming a joint venture with Tarmac.

Aduce is already well established in Dutch and Belgian markets and also has offices in Africa and South America.

Member companies are Bruil Bedriven, J.G. Nelis, Octors Beheer and Schagen Zwolle.

The joint venture with Tarmac is targeting tramway, metro and light rail projects, high-speed and other mainline passen-ger and freight railways as well as privately owned mineral and industrial lines in the Netherlands.

As a first step it will be bidding for work on the 160km Betuwe line linking the port of Rotterdam with the national German rail network passing through Utrecht.

The venture will also seek contracts for track work for the planned extensions to the Rotterdam and Amsterdam metro systems and the proposed expansion of rail links to Schiphol airport. Tarmac, which has worked with Aduco in Africa, said the venture would offer a full package for modern railway construction.

Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

Contracts and ventures

■ Keller Group, international ground engineering specialist has won contracts worth DM18.5m (\$12.5m) for work on Germen rail projects. It is building more than 8,000 temporary ground anchors for part of the Frankfurt-Cologne high-speed rail link. It is also providing soil improvement services for an 8km section of the Hamburg-Berlin rail link. Andrew Taylor Philipp Holzmann of Germany and Balfour Beatty, the construction arm of BICC, the UK engineering group, have won a DM112m joint venture contract to build a headquarters for Abu Dhabi National Oil Company in Abu Dhabi.

The two 20-storey office towers, to be clad in granite, are expected to take 21 months to build. Sumitomo Electric Industries will form a joint venture with a group of Chinese companies in Tianjin, China, to produce components for wire harnesses for use in vehicles. The joint venture will be capitalised at Y240m (\$2.2m). Reuter, Tokyo

BMW, the German carmaker, is to invest a further \$200m in its Spartanburg, South Carolina, car plant - its first outside Germany - to expend capacity from 75,000 to 100,000 cars a

The expansion will create 500 more jobs at the plant, the sole source of supply for the new Z3 sports car which BMW plans to sell around the world. It also produces 3-Series saloons for the North American market. Current employment is 1,700.

It also adds strength to recent BMW warnings that it would consider increasing output outside Germany to compensate for the rise in the D-Mark and other high costs of producing in

The additional capacity on the 1,000-acre site will bring BMW's total investment in its South Carolina facilities to more than \$800m.

It also indicates that the company is becoming more confident about quality standards at the plant, in a region of the US which has few motor indus-

US executives of the company do not rule out a further expansion of the facilities, to 120,000-130,000 units a year, in the longer term.

could be "only the first" of several manufacturing sites outside Germany. BMW already owns Rover Group of

BMW, whose success in its chosen executive sector market niches is strongly dependent on high quality standards, has taken a cautious approach to building up production levels while training its greenfield site work force.

Initial output when the facilities first opened 18 months ago was only a few dozen cars a week.

The plant is continuing to increase production rates steadily but is not expected to reach 200-250 cars a week until the end of this year. After the mansion the weekly output rate is will reach 400.

The expansion primarily entails larger body production and final sembly areas. Paint plant capacity is already adequate for the higher out-put. It was described yesterday as "a vote of confidence" in the South Caro-lina work force. "They have been instrumental in delivering world-class quality to our customers," said Mr Al Kinser, president of BMW Manufac-turing, the US subsidiary. No Republican star is born, Page 6

BMW to put \$200m Indonesia unveils selective more into US plant | car market reform package

The Indonesian government yesterday unveiled a reform package for the country's car market, but the deregulation is so selective that the immediate beneficiary is President

Suharto's youngest son. Under the "pioneer" scheme, the government will allow wholly owned indonesian companies to be exempt from duties on car components and sales tax in the first year of production. Sales taxes on passenger cars produced in Indonesia range from 20 to 35 per cent.

The only company which qualifies for these concessions is Timor Putra Nasional, a company controlled by Mr Hutomo Mandala Putra, the president's youngest son The concessions have been given to

Mr Hutomo's company ostensibly because his company will make an all-Indonesian car. Earlier this week. Mr Hutomo announced that Timor Putra Nasional would develop the Timor car, a 1,500cc sedan, together with South Korea's Kia Motors.

The vehicle, whose name recalls the politically disputed territory of East Timor, is similar to Kia's Sephia model but will be sold in Indonesia

ing the car appears to be wholly owned by Mr Hutomo.

The "pioneer" companies also will be required to increase gradually the local content in the cars they produce to 20 per cent in the first year, 40 per cent in the second and 60 per cent in the third year, he said.

The reform, however, may give some advantage to another Korean car maker. Hyundai last year entered a technical assistance agreement to assemble cars with Citra Mobil Nusantara, part of the publicly listed Bimantara Group controlled by President Suharto's second son, Mr Bambang Trihatmodio.

These two have not worked out their shareholdings yet but if Citra Mobil Nusantara becomes fully Indonesian-owned the two partners would also qualify for the tax and duty

Mr Tunky Ariwibowo, the co-ordinating minister for trade and industry, said the scheme "is intended to bring about major structural changes in the Indonesian automotive industry so that it can develop into a worldstandard industry".

However, analysts note that the

without the Kia logo. Although the Timor car is being developed together with Kia Motors, the company making the Indonesian market, which is dominated by Japanese car manufactur-ers. Toyota, Mazda, Suzuki, Mitsubi-shi, Nissan, Honda and Daihatsu ali assemble cars in Indonesian primarily for the domestic market.

In addition, the scheme will make it difficult for existing Japanese car assemblers to enter the saloon car market. They are subject to a high and complicated tariff structure which discriminates against passenger cars in favour of commercial vehicles. Over 370,000 vehicles were sold in Indonesia last year, of which just under 40,000 were passenger cars At least three of these Japanese car

makers assemble vehicles in a jointventure arrangement with the publicly listed company Astra International, which ranks as Indonesia's largest car maker.

The expectation is that Astra International, which manufactures the Kijang van in a venture with Japan's Toyota for the Indonesian market, will be disadvantaged by the reform package. Although the Kijang is a commercial vehicle, it ranks as one of the cheapest, most popular models on the market and is widely used as a passenger car.

NEWS: INTERNATIONAL

Israel's rightwingers discuss a united front

Julian Ozanne on a potential electoral nightmare for premier Shimon Peres and the peace process

way in Jerusalem yester-day by Israel's three secular rightwing political parties to form a united front ahead of elections due in three months. Such a front would pose a serious challenge to the Israeli prime minister, Mr Shimon Peres, the Arab-Israeli peace process and the fragmented leftwing parties that form

Israel's peace camp. Officials of the Likud, the main rightwing opposition party, confirmed yesterday that an agreement in principle had been reached with Mr David Levy, a maverick right-wing parliamentarian, to join his new party in a united rightwing front. However, details of the agreement, being brokered by Mr Ariel Sharon, a senior Likud leader, have yet to be finalised and it could face significant opposition from inside the party.

The agreement follows an electoral pact this month between the Likud and the ultra-nationalist Tsomet party. The advantages for the right-

urprise talks were under front are considerable. It would clear the way for the right to field Mr Benjamin Netanyahu, the Likud leader, as the single challenger to Mr Shimon Peres in Israel's first direct election of the prime minister. Recent polls have shown that Mr evy, a Moroccan-born former Likud foreign minister widely supported by Israel's disadvantaged oriental Jews, could win up to 7 per cent of the vote in a three-way race for the premier-ship. If he joins the Tsomet-Likud ticket and withdraws from the race in order to back Mr Netanyahu, his supporters could ensure Mr Netanyahu victory over Mr Peres in the crucial first round of voting.

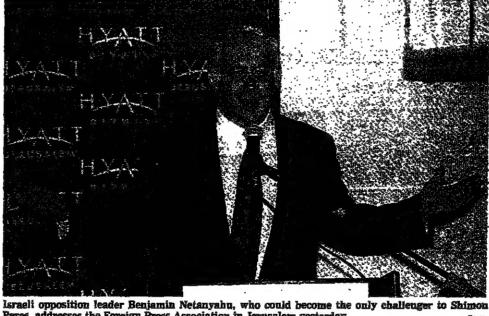
united front would also group Israel's four most popular and respected rightwing leaders - Mr Netan-yahu, Mr Rafael Eitan, Tsomet der, Mr Sharon and Mr Levy - in a coalition focused on opposing the peace policies of Mr Peres' Labour-led coalition government. The four-man leadership would present themselves as a dream ticket and

future government.

The move is a political nightmare for Mr Peres, who has called early elections on a platform of making peace with the Arabs. His substantial lead in the polls over Mr Netanyahu was hit severely this week by three Palestinian Islamic terrorist attacks which killed 28 people. Mr Peres, who has suf-fered consistent credibility problems among Israelis throughout his long political career, is beginning to view with alarm the fact that his electoral chances may be hostage to the intentions of Palestinian extremists.

Furthermore, in the paria-mentary elections, the leftwing peace bloc is split among Labour, Arab parties, the leftwing ultra-secularist Meretz party and a breakaway party from Labour which opposes the government's peace policy with Syria. However, sealing a deal

between Likud-Tsomet and Mr Levy will not be easy. Mr Levy has demanded a high price. He wants the number two slot on



Peres, addresses the Foreign Press Association in Jerusalem yesterday

the joint list of parliamentary candidates; the same independent status for his party as Likud gave to Tsomet; and a guarantee that he will be given the foreign ministry if the opposition wins power.

He also wants seven places reserved for him and his sup-porters on the list of the top 40

parliamentary candidates Likud's representation on the which will be presented to vot-

ers as a joint slate. The last demand will be the most difficult to meet. Likud has already surrendered seven places in the top 40 to Tsomet, a move widely criticised inside the party. Giving Mr Levy seven more would reduce

slate to 26 and force several members of its current 32; strong parliamentary party to lower slots and likely defeat. Another problem is the bitter personal animosity between Mr Levy and Mr Netanyahu, who have not spoken to each other for almost four years.

Great Game for many players

Gillian Tett on the Central Asian tour by Iran's foreign minister bond of language – Farsi – and

the Iranian foreign IV minister, a wily player in Central Asia's complex politics, flies to Tajikistan this week, raising hopes that the Iranians may help break the political deadlock that has dogged the country of 5m in recent months.

Though the government and opposition have been engaged in United Nations-sponsored peace negotiations after a bitter civil war in 1992, the talks have all but broken down.

However, the Iranian visit is likely to be watched by diplomats for more than its short-term impact on the peace process.

Four years after the Central Asian states first gained their independence from Moscow, Iran's activities across the region are still attracting considerable attention in the west. Tajikistan and Iran share a provoked considerable alarm

a long history of shared ties. Tajik television is increasingly showing Iranian films - and its intellectuals are vying to copy Iranian phrases. Last summer a senior Tailk

politician expressed a hope that one day Tajikistan could unite with Iran and northern Afghanistan to create the type of "greater Iranian" state that was last seen in the middle

Apart from this cultural bond, Iran also has a strong desire to exert its religious and economic influence across the

Mr Velayati is likely to highlight new bonds with all the Central Asian states and to float a proposal to build a new rail link between Iran and

Turkmenistan. When the Soviet Union first broke up, initiatives like these

lation that the region was dogged by a new "great game", between a fundamentalist Iran and secular Turkey, both of whom have historical links to

eopolitics are not however a two-player match. Instead, they are a messy kaleidoscope of interests, encompassing India, China, Pakistan, Russia and the US.

Iran's own influence has been far less significant than the alarmists originally thought.

radical revolutionaries and pragmatic moderates.

One reason has been that Iran's economic crisis has meant it has not been able to offer significant economic aid. Another is that its foreign policy is dogged by splits between

A third, and increasingly

wary of needlessly provoking Russia. Moscow, as Mr Yevgeny Primakov, Russian foreign minister, made clear on a recent visit to Tajikistan, still regards the area its "strategic underbelly". These diverse threads have

consequently given an ambiguous touch to Iran's role in Taiikistan. During the 1992 civil war Tehran supported the opposition and has since provided help for its followers. Mr Akbar Turanjonzoda, deputy leader of the Islamic

Renaissance party, the most significant figure in the opposition, for example, has a base in Tehran, and can use the Iranian government's lavish houses for meetings with foreign journalists.

Iran has also acted as a broker for the opposition in some peace talks, acting as a counterpart to Russia, which has ment by the opposition yester- any long-term impact.



However, in recent months the Iranians have stepped up their contacts with the Tajik government as well.

This shift means that Mr Velavati could theoretically help push the peace process forward this week, particularly if Mr Primakov steps up simi-lar pressure on the government at the same time. . Some diplomats believe that

he will propose new talks in Tehran, after talks in Turkmenistan broke down two weeks ago. He also seems to have been

instrumental in an announce-

day that it would extend a ceasefire for three more months. But this is unlikely to have

much practical impact. Fighting is reported to be continuing in eastern Tajikistan, since the opposition seized a strategic region last month

Furthermore, the opposition's representative to the UN mission was kidnapped this week - apparently by government forces.

With episodes like these adding to the tension in the country, Mr Velayati's diplomatic footwork will need to be truly startling if he is to have INTERNATIONAL NEWS DIGEST

Israeli bankers stay out of jail

A decade-old bank shares scandal that cost taxpayers \$9br came to a close yesterday when Israel's Supreme Court accepted an appeal by eight former banking executives to overturn their jail sentences. But the court upheld fines of up to \$300,000 for some of the former executives found guilty in 1994 of manipulating the price of bank shares on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange in the early 1980s.

The government paid \$30n to buy out the country's four main commercial banks in the 1980s after their inflated share prices collapsed in a rush by investors to dump stocks and buy US dollars on rumours of devaluation. A Jerusalem District Court judge shocked the banking

establishment in 1994 when she sentenced the former executives of Israel's top four banks to jail for the fraud scandal. Mr Ernst Japhet, who was chairman of Bank Leumi when it was Israel's biggest bank, had been sentenced to 11 months in jail and fined \$300,000 by a Jerusalem court. The government is now in the process of privatising the four

powerful banks: Hapoalim, Leumi, Discount and United

Mizrahi Bank.

• An official Syrian newspaper, in a significant policy shift, vesterday condemned Sunday's bomb attacks in Israel ahead of talks with the Jewish state opening in the US yesterday.

The official daily Syria Times referred to the two suicide combings by Islamic militants, which killed 27 people, as an ordeal but said they should serve as a motive to israeli

Reuter, Damascu

negotiators to accept Syria's demands. Safer skies in 1995

Mizrahi Bank.

The number of passengers killed in aircraft accidents fell slightly last year to 1,101, compared with 1,192 in 1994, according to the International Civil Aviation Organisation.

There were 26 scheduled aircraft accidents involving fatalities last year, compared with 28 the year before. The number of passengers killed in scheduled flight accidents fell from 941 in 1994 to 710 last year. Icao said there were 40 fatal accidents involving non-sched

uled aircraft last year. While this was down from 54 in 1994. the number of passengers killed last year rose to 391, compared with 251 in 1994. There was a sharp drop, however, in hijacking and other forms of "unlawful interference" with aircraft. Last year, there were 13 such incidents, in which two innocent people and one perpetrator were injured.

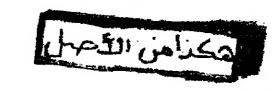
In 1994, there were 37 incidents, in which 31 innocent people were killed and 52 injured. Five perpetrators were killed and one injured in 1994. Michael Skapinker, London

Rwandan held in Nairobi Tense relations between Kenya and Rwanda have worsened with the arrest in Nairobi of the head of the Rwandan embassy's visa section, suspected of involvement in the attempted ssassination of a former interior minister.

The Rwandan embassy's charge confirmed yesterday that Kenyan police had detained Mr François Mugabo, one of the three expatriates working at the embassy, after Mr Seth Sendashonga, was shot in the arm on Monday.

The charge rejected claims by Mr Sendashonga, a Hutu minister sacked last year after denouncing human rights abuses by Rwanda's Tutsi-led government, that the authorities in Kigali had ordered his assassination.

The incident is bound to sour further the relationship between Nairobi and Kigali, which already fiercely resents the presence in Kenya of hundreds of former Hutu politicians. army officers and local officials who masterminded the 1994 Michela Wrong, Nairobi



ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

The January increase was far below the 1.1 per cent companies told Miti to expect in the monthly output survey in December. Miti now thinks production will rise by 0.5 per cent from the fourth quarter of last calendar year to the first quarter of 1996. Year on year, the first quarter increase in output would be 0.4 per cent. Companies told Miti they expect output to rise by 1.5 per cent in the current month, but fall off sharply, by 5.3 per cent in March. William Daukins, Tokuo

New Zealand coalition in place

New Zealand's National government yesterday formed a coalition with the United party, giving the country its first formal coalition administration since the early 1930s. The United party has supported the government in parliament on all main issues since it was formed by a group of seven breakaway National and Labour MPs last year, Under the agreement a United MP. Mr Peter Dunne, will join the cabinet.

The coalition decision will ensure the government, which is in a minority, will be able to pass contentious legislation including tax cuts until the November election. The United party is seen as the best hope as a permanent coalition partner for the National party after the election. National remains the most popular party in opinion polls with around 44 per cent Terry Hall, Wellington

Belgium grants Vietnam aid

Belgium will grant Vietnam BFr450m (\$15m) in aid up to the end of 1998 as part of a new co-operation agreement to be signed later this year, Mr Jean Luc Dehaene, the Belgian prime minister, said yesterday during an official visit to Vietnam. The two countries also agreed on the avoidance of double taxation. Belgium agricultural group Isocab had signed BFr1.3bn contract to invest in a fisheries project with a Vietnamese partner in Minh Hai province. Mr Dehaene said. Belgian engineering consortium IPEM, US insurance company American International Group, and Thai property developer Sri U Thong were to sign a framework agreement with authorities in the port city of Haiphong for construction of a \$560m port and industrial zone. Both projects will boost Belgian investment in Vietnam, where the country is the 38rd largest investor with \$15m.

Taiwan names China 'minister'

Mr Chang King-yuh, a China-born academic, yesterday took over the helm of Taiwan's cabinet-level Mainland Affairs Council, the ministry responsible for shaping the country's policy on ties with China. The seat has been vacant since last autumn when Mr Vincent Siew resigned to run for a parliamentary seat in December's legislative elections.

The appointment of Mr Chang, a minister without portfolio since 1994, comes at a critical juncture. China, which regards Taiwan as a wayward Chinese province eventually to be recovered by force if necessary, has stepped up hostilities ahead of Taiwan's first direct presidential elections on March Laura Tyson, Taipei

NEWS: ASIA-PACIFIC

Singapore offers more telecom shares

By Peter Montagnon,

STATE FEBRUARY MIN

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APPLE

Table 1 Company

Dutch work

Singapore yesterday announced a further sale of shares in its Singapore Telecom utility and tax cuts totalling S\$1.5bn (\$1.06bn) in a budget widely seen as a prelude to general elections expected within the next few

Mr Richard Hu, finance minister, said the Singapore Telecom offering would follow the pattern established in the original offering in 1993 when local investors were offered

shares at a discount with a loyalty bonus as well as government contributions to pension funds to help them

participate.
Local investors who bought shares at the offer price of \$\$1.90 and held on to them would have more than doubled their money at yesterday's closing price of \$\$3.52 after factoring in the loyalty bonus, he told parliament. Details of the issue would be made public Inter in the year. The Telecom issue proved

Brokers said the budget announcements would add to expectations that the government is preparing to announce an election soon. The government does not have to go to the polls for another year, but elections are normally called early in Singapore and the government is buoyed by another year of unpopular with international strong growth which reached

discount on the shares, but has

been a winner with the

Singapore public. No mention

Mr Hu admitted that there was no need for tax cuts to stimulate the economy, but he was made yesterday of a further international tranche. said they would alleviate pressures on some businesses caused by rising labour costs and the stronger Singapore

> Even after the cuts the government will still have a surplus amounting \$\$7.07bn or some 5.4 per cent of gross domestic product compared with \$\$6.28bn in the current Among the specific measures

are a 10 per cent tax rebate for individuals, and a cut in

cent from 25 per cent. Property tax and withholding tax rates are also to come down.

The decision to float more of than a month after Singapore deferred a decision to float Singapore Power on the grounds that it needed time to improve its returns. The government said yesterday that power prices would be allowed to increase gradually both to achieve this and bring Singapore Power prices more in line with international

Service to await introduction of interactive television

India's fiscal than target

By Mark Nicholson in New Delhi

Buoyant Indian tax and excise revenues failed to compensate for higher government spending and poor receipts from state disinvestment, leaving a fiscal deficit for 1995-96 of 5.9 per cent of GDP, Mr Manmohan Singh, finance minister, said yesterday while presenting an interim budget. The outturn overshot Mr Singh's target of 5.5 per cent for the

Given the proximity of elections, expected in April, Mr Singh's budget contained no tax or policy changes and essentially laid out spending needs for only the first four months of the next fiscal year. Nevertheless, he said an unchanged tax regime and expected receipts of Rs50bn (\$1.4bn) from public asset sales should produce a lower fis-cal gap next year of 5 per cent of GDP.

In the absence of new policy measures, Mr Singh gave an unashamedly pre-electoral speech, highlighting the government's success in raising growth, cutting inflation and improving India's trade position during more than four years of economic reform. But he said the task of reform was "by no means over", saying India's next government would be forced to make further

reforms to sustain growth. He said spending for 1995-96 was Rs108bn higher, at Rs1,830bn, than budgeted because of higher state loans and additional spending on food and fertiliser subsidies, police, defence and loans to public enterprises. Though revenues of Rs1,750hn were boosted by Rs67bn over expected tax and excise receipts, he said the government had earned just Rs8.75bn from public asset sales against a targeted Rs70bn, because of depressed

Charles and Art and Charles

deficit higher HK video on demand delayed

By Louise Lucas in Hong Kong

Hongkong Telecom is to delay its trail-blazing video on demand (VOD) service by one year, in a move that highlights the company's vulnerability - as one that is British-controlled - to pending regulation.

investors who did not receive a 8.9 per cent last year.

Hongkong Telecom, 58 per cent owned by Cable & Wireless of the UK, planned to start its VOD service this summer, which would have been a world first. But vesterday Mr William Lo, managing director of Hongkong Telecom IMS, the wholly owned subsidiary handling interactive multimedia services, said VOD would be pushed back to the middle of 1997 when interactive television services start, including home shopping and banking. It aimed to spend HK\$10bn (\$1.3bn) on the service over 10 years. The Hong Kong government last

month shelved an omnibus broadcasting bill so it could push through laws governing the new technology using existing ordinances for television services. Hongkong Telecom's timing in announcing the delay throws into question last month's policy change as well as a judicial review now under way. Although Mr Lo said technological reasons were behind the delay, he conceded that competition and regulation

had played a part. Meantime, Wharf Cable is challenging the government in court over its decision to allow Hongkong Telecom to proceed with a commercial trial of VOD, which it feels breach its own

exclusive licence to provide subscriber

The government initially said that, as a point to point transmission. VOD should be regulated under the telecoms ordinance, but Wharf Cable argues that as it is offering a broadcasting service it should be regulated under the television ordinance.

This is rejected by Hongkong Telecom. Industry insiders say the television ordinance's clause stipulating foreign ownership does not exceed 49 per cent, which can, at the government's discretion, be waived, gives Hongkong Telecoms cause for alarm. The issue is sensitive now, as all licences straddling the handover of sovereignty must be forwarded to Beijing for approval.

Bangkok talks seek test ban pact

The leaders will agree to co-operate on "the effective reform and democratisation" of the UN system. The draft directs officials to begin informal discussions on liberalising trade and investment. It calls for a further summit meeting in the UK in 1998, but

It makes no specific mention of several issues Europe had deemed important, including human rights and

labour rights and their link to world trade. No commitment is made from either side on pushing forward with telecom and maritime liberalisation, which the European Commission had said was a priority.

These and other delicate issues are expected to be broached at an informal dinner Thai prime minister Banharn Silpa-archa is to host this evening, where he will try to gauge what issues should be included in the two-day agendaless summit.

A new set of disagreements are looming. Thailand is lobbying hard to get the three nuclear powers attending the summit (China, France and the UK) to shelve their technical objections and commit themselves to the Southeast Asia Nuclear Weapons Free Zone agreed last December.

Some European nations are likely to

to further enlargement. The main focus will be on economic co-operation. The meeting is to commit itself to Chinese membership of the WTO, saying: "Full participation in the WTO by the Asia-Europe meeting countries will strengthen the organisation." It will endorse open regionalism on trade issues; countries will commit themselves to bringing new issues before the WTO, including a worldwide costs arising from the coalicode to speed foreign direct investment. I tion's package of A\$900m.

been identified by finance and treasury department officials.
To this was added a further A\$1,44bn from proposals "too vague for finance/treasury to cost"; A\$400m of cuts which Labor claims will not be pursued; and extra offsetting

election 'hole'

By Nijkki Tait in Sydney

Australia's Labor government yesterday hit out at opposition plans to fund more than A36bn (\$4.5bn) worth of election promises over the next three years, claiming a A\$4bn "hole" existed in the revenue and cost-saving measures designed to pay for these.

But the impact of its criticisms, made just three days before the March 2 poll, was undermined when Mr Ralph Willis, federal treasurer, alleged the Liberal-National coalition had a secret plan to cut by A\$1.8bn federal government funds for the state governments. State governments have few revenue-raising pow-ers, and depend heavily on

grants from Canberra.
Mr Willis based his allegations on copies of two letters, said to have been sent from the Victorian state premier and an adviser to Mr Peter Costello, shadow treasurer.

However, the coalition immediately declared them forgeries, demanded they be passed to the federal police, and called for the treasurer's resignation. Mr Willis said later he had passed on the letters to the authorities.

To compound the government's embarrassment, copies of the letters were sent to the offices of one of the minor parties, who decided they were unlikely to be authentic, and did not raise them. Apart from diverting atten-

tion from the original costing analysis, the incident is likely to reinforce the impression that Labor is behind in the polls and desperate to use any tactic to gain an edge. Mr Willis based his original

criticism of the coalition's costings on a A\$1.24bn "base shortfall" which he said had

Leaders of European and Asian nations meeting in Bangkok this Friday will agree to push for early conclusion of a nuclear test ban treaty, and co-operate on strengthening the World Trade Organisation, a draft statement to be issued at the end of the meeting says.

leaves several issues open.

object to a request by Asia to help develop the Mekong River region because it would mean official assistance to the military dictatorship in Burma. The EU is keen to have India, Australia and New Zealand take part in the next Asia-Europe summit, but several countries, mainly Malaysia, object

Can you simplify the global exchange of technology?

When Thailand legislated that industrial electricity users had to supply their own substations, the local economy didn't have the know-how. ABB

reacted with a swift hands-on transfer of technology. A "Tiger Team" of technicians flew in from Scandinavia and Saudi Arabia, to share skills and experience with Thai engineers, and handled the first project for the Thai Plastic Company. Next, ABB started local assembly and manufacture of switchgear, creating a whole new local industry. The "Tiger Team" remains involved in information exchange, but now the students are teachers too. As a leader in electrical engineering for the generation, transmission and distribution of power, and in industry and transportation, ABB is committed to industrial and ecological efficiency worldwide. We transfer know-how across borders with ease. But in each country, ABB operations are local and flexible. That means we are close at hand to help our customers respond Yes, you can. swiftly and surely to technological challenges which stretch the limits of the possible. Like promoting a local economy to the

head of world class technology.

The Republican party has not come any closer to finding a presidential candidate to beat Bill Clinton

No star is born as US voters mix their messages

here are no safe conclusions after the Republican primaries in Arlzona and the Dakotas beyond the obvious: that each state and cluster of states - with 22 voting between Saturday and March 26 - are capable of sending out entirely different messages as to which of three, possibly four, candidates are up or down the morning after.

Yesterday's dawn brought smiles to Mr Steve Forbes, first in Arizona and with all its 39 legates in the bag. However, the millionaire publisher, a poor fourth in Iowa and New Hampshire, has scored wins in Arizona and Delaware, neither of them key states in the race, only when he has outspent his opponents by extraordinary

margins.

The day looked a little brighter to Senator Bob Dole, because the majority leader won North and South Dakota, which he virtually had to, and finished a tolerably close second in Arizona after exit polls had projected a bad third. But he remains an unconvincing candidate, struggling to get any kind of persuasive mes-

sage across. Mr Pat Buchanan, the conservative commentator, was uncharacteristically pensive on the breakfast shows, unable to

cry from an expected victory and finding obscure consolation that he had taken a few delegates away from Mr Dole in South Dakota.

Dawn also brought a flood of

commercials for Mr Lamar Alexander on South Carolina television. The former governor of Tennessee had better hope they work here in his native south after three single digit finishes on Tuesday. In North Dakota, which allowed mail-in ballots, he even ended up behind Senator Phil Gramm of Texas, who withdrew after the Iowa caucuses on February 12. Anything less than a solid second in south Carolina could mean the end of his money and of the road.

day looks big for all but Mr Forbes. He can always excuse a poor result on the grounds that pure-bred Yankees like himself are not exactly popular in the old Confederacy. Five New England primaries next Tues-day appear more friendly territory, especially if Senator Dick Lugar of Indiana stays in the race and continues to draw an important, if small, percentage of the vote away from Mr Dole. But Mr Dole and his South

The state's primary on Satur-

Carolina campaign manager. former Republican Governor Carroll Campbell, have already raised the stakes high for Saturday by flatly declaring a vic-

essential. The state party hierarchy, including, if reluctantly, Mr David Beasley, the current governor with close ties to the religious right, are all lined up in rows behind the majority

more on the line because his twin pitches of moral absolutism and protectionism collide to an exceptional degree in South Carolina. On the one hand, the state is

SWEET SUCCESS: Forbes and his two daughters after his Arizona victory

Thus yesterday afternoon Mr a hotbed of religious funda-Dole was in Greer, where on

gelical Bob Jones University. On the other its economy, once so dependent on agriculture and textiles, has been transformed by foreign investment

Mr Newt Gingrich, US House Speaker, said yesterday that Congress and President Bill Clinton were moving toward a potential breakthrough in stalled budget negotiations, Afshin Molavi reports from

Clinton Administration officials were more subdued, saying no serious proposals had been suggested by either side. After a Monday night conversation with Mr Clinton, Mr Gingrich said he was optimis-

tic a deal could be brokered. Republican leaders are considering a plan to add budget provisions to a bill, due by mid-March, that would raise the \$4,900bn debt limit. The White House is hoping for debt-ceiling legislation without amendments, but Mr Gingrich advocates adding a tax

cuts package to the bill. Serious differences remain among Republicans and Mr Clinton over tax cuts and Medicare and welfare reform and Republican additions to the debt-ceiling legislation could lead to another budget

Tuesday BMW of Germany announced a \$200m expansion to its four-year-old plant, creating another 500 jobs. Last Thursday Fuji Film of Japan unveiled a seventh facility. Over 111,000 South Carolinians, nearly 9 per cent of the labour



Steve Forbes Bob Dole Pat Bucharien

NORTH DAKOTA Bob Date 20% Steve Forbes Pat Buchana Phil Gramm Larner Alexander SOUTH DAKOTA

"AFP reporting goust in 90% of precincts in Attenue and 100% in the Delectes."
"Granten dropped out of mose, but needs

Bob Dale Pat Bucherien

Steve Forbes

force, are now employed by the subsidiaries of foreign companies, earning wages an average of 21 per cent higher than paid

by US companies. Mr Buchanan bemoans the collapse of US manufacturing

tion. But in South Carolina. while total manufacturing employment in the state has been flat or declining the treated by foreign commanies have risen by nearly 55 per

Still Mr Buchanan's vatism of the heart," rooter in his determination to end abortion, may prevail in the state over considerations of the head and the pocketbook. He will also get support from hime collar workers in the declining textile industry, one of whose barons, Mr Roger Milliten de his most substantial financial backer. Senator Ernest Rollings, the Democrat, has built his career as an unabashed

textile industry. However, in Arizona, also a state in the throes of economic expansion, Republican votets tectionist arguments, as witnessed by the Forbes victory.

protectionist in defence of the

As February ends, the Republican Party is no closer to finding a presidential candidate than it was when the month began. It cannot even settle on the man most Basly to stop the Buchanan bandwagon - and may not for eeks to come.

If that is music to the ears of President Bill Clinton in the White House, as it surely must be, at least he has the sense

Setback for Menem on tax drive

in Buenos Aires

Emergency powers sought by Argentine president Carlos Menem to modify tax levels without consulting Congress may be watered down after an initiative by the Senate to mod-ify the so-called "superpowers"

Senators, who last week granted Mr Menem special powers to merge and scrap overlapping layers of the state bureaucracy, appear unwilling to allow the president a similar free hand over tax decisions. Mr Menem and Mr Domingo

such powers in order to respond quickly to any revenue shortfalls. Without such a tool, many analysts and for-eign investors believe Argentina may struggle to meet 1996 fiscal targets agreed with the International Monetary Fund.

The Senate was last night due to debate proposals that stop short of giving Mr Menem the "blank cheque" he is seek-

Under the proposals - which if passed by the Senate would be sent to the lower house any presidential tax modifications would be screened

decisions would be binding. Such a commission would for example, be consulted if Mr Menera decided it was prudent to keep value added tax at its emergency level of 21 per cent throughout 1996. From April,

VAT is due to return to its

pre-Mexican crisis level of 18

per cent, but that may not

prove practical if tax revenue

falls short of expectations. Senators have also proposed that a commission be established to examine the entire tax structure with a view to "modifying the current legislation in order to render it more equitable". The government of

the tax take since 1989, but nearly 70 per cent of all taxes are levied on consumption, making the Argentine system highly regressive. Mr Pedro Lacoste, partner at

the Alpha economic consultancy, argues that a tax struc-ture skewed too heavily towards consumption, aside from being unjust, is economically inconvenient. In times of sion, such as last year, tax revenue falls just when international capital flows are hardest to come by. Argentina needs a counter-cyclical tax structure. Mr Lacoste says, in order to make tax revenue more predictable.

US has turned corner on trade, says Brown

lancy Dunne in Washington

The US trade deficit in December was smaller than expected but figures for 1995 as a whole were the worst in seven years, the Commerce Department said yesterday. Separate figures showed a larger-than-expected gain in consumer prices last month, partly reflecting higher energy

costs. Financial markets did

not interpret the data as evi-

dence of a rise in underlying inflationary pressures. The trade deficit was \$6.8bn in December, marginally higher than a revised deficit of \$6.7bn in November, but confirming a trend toward lower monthly deficits evident since last summer. The monthly deficit peaked at \$11.4bn last June. The December figures were better than expected as

most analysts had predicted a shortfall of about \$7.2bn. The deficit for the year as a whole was \$111bn, up from \$106.2bn in 1994. The US ran record deficits with Mexico and China of \$15.4bn and \$33.8bn respectively. The overall deficit reflected a \$174.5bn shortfall on trade in goods only partly offset by a surplus on services of \$63.4bn.

Mr Ron Brown, Commerce Secretary, said 1995 "will be remembered as the year we turned the corner on trade." Exports of goods rose 14 per cent from 1994, the fastest growth since 1988. Imports of goods rose 12 per cent.

The consumer price index rose 0.4 per cent last month and 2.7 per cent in the year to January. Economists had expected a gain of 0.3 per cent. The rise partly reflected a 1.9 per cent rise in energy costs. Excluding energy and food, the core index was up 0.3 per cent, more than expected.

The price data do not "portend any acceleration of inflation," Mr Allen Sinai, chief economist at Lehman Brothers, the New York investment bank, said. But it cast further doubt on the likelihood of another cut in short-term interest rates. . Analysts said the consumer

price index had risen sharply in the early months of previous years, indicating a blas not fully allowed for in seasonal adjustments. US officials yesterday rushed to join Mr Brown in defending the US trade performance. Mr Mickey Kantor, US Trade

Representative, said exports had climbed at a record pace for six months to a row. One out of every three jobs created last year was due to exports.

Trade has become a central issue in the Republican presidential primaries, especially because of the protectionist stance of Mr Pat Buchanan. the conservative commentator. Mr Brown gave credit for

the improvement in the US trade picture to "a Clinton Administration trade policy aggressively promoting US exports throughout the

US bill on Cuba could hit foreign companies

By Atshin Molavi in Washington

The US Congress yesterday began detailed discussion of a bill that could seriously hamper the efforts of foreign companies to do business in Cuba by exposing them to costly US lawsuits and denying entry to the US to executives of sanctioned companies.

The Helms-Burton bill, named after Senator Jesse Helms and Representative Dan Burton, would allow American citizens, including naturalised Cuban-Americans, to sue for-eign companies that invest in property the Cuban government has confiscated over the past 35 years. Under the proposed legisla-

tion a Cuban-American living in Miami or New York could sue a foreign company for investing in Cuba if he could prove that the property belonged to him originally. This would open the floodgates for lawsuits against foreign companies investing in Cuba. Critics of the legislation,

including Connecticut Senator

Christopher Dodd, say it would create countless lawsuits, apset US allies, and run counter to US trade agree-White House officials, origi-

nally wary of the extraterritorial aspects of the bill, yester-day met congressional staffers and did not voice opposition, according to Mr Marc Thiessen of the Senate foreign relations The Washington-based European-American Chamber of

Commerce attacked the bill,

saying it contravened "interna-tionally accepted rules of law." Mr Willard M Berry, president of the chamber, urged Congress and the president to reconsider the bill, arguing that it violated the spirit of the multilateral agreement on investment (MAI) negotiations. US trade groups and chief executives have joined; the chamber in protesting against

aspects of the bill. Foreign commanies have not followed the US lead in isolating Cuba. European companies are particularly active in tourism development, oll prospection, cigar marketing

Anti-Cuba sentiment has en running high in both the White House and Congress this week after Cuban Mig-29's downed two unarmed Cuban-American piloted aircraft in international waters at the

On Monday, President Bill Clinton announced a series of sanctions against Cuba in response to the incident, including curbs on flights to Cuba, but the potent Miami-based Cuban-American lobby and their supporters in Congress complained that the measures lacked teeth.

The bill also calls for linking US aid to former Soviet states based on their relations with Cuba, keeping Cuba out of international financial institutions, and tightening the ban . on Cuban sugar.

Republican presidential candidates, their eves on the upcoming Florida election primary where anti-Castro sentiment runs high, have been quick to criticise Mr Clinton

Colombia in a fix over US drug certification

By Saritz Kendall in Bogotii

weeks high-level Colombian delegations have been shuttling to Washington in efforts to persuade the US to award Colombia full certifica-

tion for its anti-drug efforts.

President Bill Clinton is required by law to certify by tomorrow whether some 28 drug-producing countries have been fully co-operating in its fight against the drug trade. Congress then has 30 days to endorse or change the report. Last year Colombia squeaked

through in an intermediate category, on the grounds that certifying the country was in the US's "vital national interests," narrowly avoiding both ignominy and possible economic sanctions. This year, with President Ernesto Samper and several members of the executive and legislature the subject of investigations into drug money and illegal funding of political campaigns, the picture is more

In theory, certification covers 1995. When listing Colombia's successes for the year, Mr Samper boasted: "Never has a government achieved so much against drug trafficking in such a short time."

Over 25,000 hectares of coca and 4,000 hectares of poppy plantations were destroyed and nearly 7,000 families benefited from crop substitution programmes. On all fronts - 573 laboratories destroyed, 80 aircraft intercepted, large quantities of chemical inputs for drug processing confiscated - the figures show substantial

improvements over 1994 Other advances included the capture or surrender of all but one of the Cali cartel leaders, introduction of legislation to combat money laundering and

more controls at sirports. Washington has confidence in the two key men leading the fight against trafficking police chief General Rosso José Serrano and prosecutor-general

Mr Alfonso Valdivieso. However, other factors are also likely to influence the US decision, including: Mounting evidence pointing

to drug funding of the Liberal party 1994 election campaign, with the president now facing reopened congressional investigation.

The January escape of leading Cali trafficker Mr José Santacruz Londoño from jail. Intelligence reports that

Clinton must certify by: tomorrow whether drug-producing countries have co-operated

some traffickers run their businesses from inside "maximum security prisons.

Mr Guillermo Perry, finance

minister, says that the 1995 results should ensure certification, but failing that "the short term consequences on the economy would be limited." Colombia receives virtually

no bilateral aid from the US, apart from the anti-drug assistance, which would continue. But following decertification, the US would automatically vote against development loans by multilateral banks to Colombia. This could in practice block new loans if the US decided to press the case. Some \$200m of loans would be up for

approval by the inter-American Development Bank this year and \$300m-400m from the World Bank, though loans already approved would not be

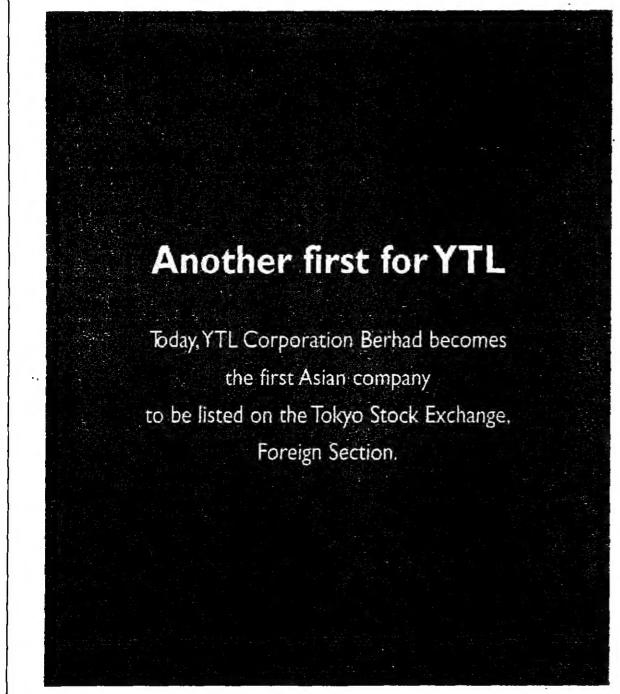
The effects of decertification would be much more serious if the US government decided to nomic sanctions, something which is not normally done to friendly" countries such as Colombia

An obvious target would be the special privileges granted under the Andean Trade Preferences Act, worth some \$25m a year to Colombia. Other US trade preferences represent some \$80m and foreign inves-tors might reconsider projects in Colombia

Decertification would be acutely embarrassing internationally, but the government could well gain from the antigringo feelings it would arouse among Colombians, Eradication of drug crops by aerial spraying is particularly unpopular in rural areas and Mr Samper's stated target - to wipe out lilicit plantations by the end of his term - would seem even less feasible. It was also provide less incentive for spending nearly \$1bn a year (of which 20 per cent is foreign aid) on fighting drugs.

Drug trafficking and cocame processing dipped noticeably in the second half of last year but have started rising again.

Yet important changes are taking place with the long overdue exposure of narco-cor-ruption. Whether the Colombian congress absolves Mr Samper or finds a "dignified exit" for him and the many others being investigated, it will never be as easy for drug criminals to buy their way into political power.



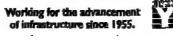
This event marks yet another milestone for YTL Corporation. In 1992 YTL was awarded the first license to become as independent power producer in Malaysia. In building the power plants in Paka and Pasir Gudang Malaysia (with a capacity of 1212 MW), YTL created a world record in combined cycle operations, completing the plants in just 22 months.

The bond issue to finance the project was given the first AA3 rating by the Rating Agency of Malaysia for a Greenfield Project, and has since been upgraded to AA2. The project, the first independent power plant in Asia to be financed entirely in local currency, is now fully operational.

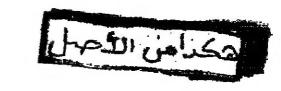
YTL has been involved in developing Malaysia's infrastructure since 1955. It is now a fully integrated infrastructure developer, with expertise in construction contracting property development, manufacturing and hotels & tourism, as well as power generation.

Nomina Securióes, Yammehi Securióes- Co-underwriter. KOKUSAI Securióes, New Jupon

Working for the advancement of infrastructure since 1955.



YTL Corporation Berhad, 55 Jalan Bukit Bintang, 55100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Fax: 803-2412708



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Est in South Care.

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consider of the sam Stuart Dalby and James Buxton The battle between two of Britain's remaining warship yards for the £400m (\$516m) contract to build three Type 23 frigates for the Royal Navy was won yesterday by Yarrow on the Clyde. The decision, announced by Mr James Arbuthnot, defence minister, was greeted with delight in Glasgow but disappointment in Southampton. home of Vosper Thorneycroft, the los-At Westminster, Yarrow's victory brought renewed accusations that by giving the order to the Scottish yard,

Yarrow shipyard wins \$600m frigate battle which has built nine of the 13 Type 23 frigates so far ordered, the government risked eliminating competition for warship construction in the UK. Yarrow, which is owned by the General Electric Company, said the contract secured its future well into the next century. The company said that, as a result, it would be able to cut by 200 the 650 redundancies it had announced earlier this month. At that time, fears increased that Yarrow could lose all or some of the order. placing its future in jeopardy. But Vosper Thorneycroft said its failure to win the contract meant that 300 jobs would be lost over the next

year and another 150 workers would activities to make the company less not have their short-term contracts dependent on warship work. renewed. Vosper said the redundancies would cost £3m. Mr Martin Jay, chief executive of the Southampton yard, said it was "a very bad day for Vosper and for the south coast". But he said the company remained in a very strong finan-cial position with a current order

book worth more than £400m. Vosper was increasing its export business in the Middle East and looking for new contract opportunities in the Far East, where it hopes contracts can be won within the next year. Vosper is also diversifying its

Mr Davey Hall, president of the Amalgamated Engineering and Elec-trical Union, said the announcement was a "tragedy" for workers and reflected the continuing decline of the British shipbuilding industry.

Mr Arbuthnot said the government had carefully considered the strategic implications of its decision for competition in the industry. He stressed that Yarrow had won the order because it had offered a "significantly ver cost" and offered the best valu for money for the taxpayer. Awarding the contract to Vosper would have

heen "setting aside the competition today to preserve some spurious competition in the future", he added. "Our decision has been reached on the basis of best value for money for the taxpayer. It does not in any way reflect adversely on the capabilities of

Vosper Thorneycraft as a builder of warships", Mr Arbuthnot said. But Mr David Chidgey, Liberal Democrat MP for the Eastleigh constituency, which includes the Vosper yard, described the decision as "a case of MoD short-term expediency" which was very damaging from the point of view of retaining competition for war-

"This is the target structure that will enable

us to produce a better quality Independent," Mr Wilson said last night. The job losses, which

include a number of vacancies that will not be

filled, are the second stage of a restructuring begun last year. The job losses have been accompanied by around 20 promotions or

changes in job descriptions and management

said no further redundancies are envisaged.

abuse of legal aid by wealthy

By Robert Rice, Legal Correspondent

A crackdown on abuse of the legal aid system by wealthy people who receive public funds to fight court actions was announced yesterday by the government, From June several changes

will be made to the arrangements for means testing apparently wealthy legal aid applicants. The value of homes above £100,000 (\$154,000) will now be taken into account, and a new special investigations unit will be set up with the power to examine the assets of. friends, relatives and children in assessing entitlement to aid: Announcing the changes, Lord Mackay, the Lord Chan-cellor, said: "The government is fully committed to ensuring legal aid is only granted to those who are entitled to

receive it." About 3.5m people received legal gid in 19-1995 at a cost to the taxpayer of nearly £1.4bn. The government's move follows public outcry over the granting of millions of pounds in aid to a number of business people in high profile fraud

Among those who received public funds while apparently continuing to enjoy a comfortable lifestyle were Mr Kevin and Mr Ian Maxwell, Mr Roger Levitt, the disgraced financier,

But the government only decided to act after it was

nessman, had received more than £4m in aid to fight a legal battle with his former employer, the Arab Monetary Fund, despite owning six luxury homes. Under the new regime claim-ants will face investigation by the unit if they have access to assets apparently owned by

revealed in June 1994 that Dr

Jawad Hashim, an Arab busi-

or an interest in a business with substantial assets. Other factors which will trigger an investigation include a wealthy lifestyle, a reputation for being rich or having a rich partner, and any hint that applicants' finances have been rearranged so as to appear that they qualify for aid.

others, or have assets overseas,

The Law Society said the proposal to take the value of an applicant's house into consideration was long overdue. But Mr Martin Mears, the society's president, said other proposals were "simply unworka-ble".

"The government has no means of requiring relatives and friends to co-operate with their inquiries," he said. In a separate development the Policy Studies Institute, an independent think-tank, called for legal aid funding to cover test cases and legal advice to

community groups. At the moment, legal aid can duly be granted to individuals.

Crackdown on Radio advertising shake-up fears

By Raymond Snoddy

Britain's advertising industry is likely to seek talks with the Office of Fair Trading following the near collapse of Inde-pendent Radio Sales, the second largest sales house for commercial radio advertising airtime in the UK. IRS has been hit by the

defection of two large clients -Emap, the media group which is also the largest commercial radio operator in terms of audience, and GWR the Bristolbased commercial radio group. Both have switched their business to Media Sales & Marketing, a subsidiary of Capital Radio, the London-based radio group. The sales house will have the dominant share of radio advertising sales. The only other sizeable ven-

By Gillian Tett,

authorities.

Economics Correspondent

The UK may seem set on

opting out of a single currency

- but one corner of the British

Isles is bucking the trend. The Isle of Man has

unnounced it is to be the first

European government to issue

euro coins, apparently with the

full blessing of other European

More than 40,000 coins are to

be issued from today, bearing

the euro mark according to a

design created by the Isle of

The coins will be largely

commemorative, cast in pre-

Man's own official mint.

Forty-four journalistic jobs were cut yesterday at the Independent and Independent on Sunday in the toughest round of cost-cutting at the s-making newspaper group.

Mr Charles Wilson, acting editor of the newspaper since the abrupt departure of Mr Ian Hargreaves in November, made the decision as part of a restructuring so the paper can survive into the next century.

Isle of Man to issue first euro

ture is Scottish and Irish Radio Sales, owned by Scottish Radio Holdings. According to IRS, the decisions will mean that the radio stations it sells advertising for will drop from about 19 per cent of the radio audience to between 4 and 5 per cent. Unless new clients are signed IRS may go out of

"I am just staggered by this decision. This is not the right decision for radio or the indus-

euro denominations, and deco-

rated with European compos-

ers. However, they will be legal

tender as anybody holding the

money will be able to change

them into sterling or other

denominations at an Isle of

Man bank, according to an offi-

The Isle of Man's move is

similar to initiatives in other

European countries with the

Ecu, the forerunner to the

struck a series of Ecu coins

which are legal tender in that

region, while the Isle of Man followed suit with a Manx Ecu

Gibralter, for example, has

cial exchange rate.

back in 1994.

try," Mr Stan Park, managing director of IRS said yesterday. The owners of IRS, Katz Media Corporation of the US, have indicated they will con-tinue for the time being, but redundancies are likely. IRS believes that MS & M will be selling radio advertising time for 65 per cent of the audience and will control as

much as 80 per cent of the rev-

enue. Mr John Ayling, manag-

ing director of a leading media

Manx official mint, is the first

European region to press

ahead with Euro coins, follow-

ing the decision on the name of

the future single currency by

European governments at the

That the Manx move has

been able to occur reflects the

complexities of both the Brit-

ish constitution and monetary

regulations during the prepara-

Although the Isle of Man is

ographically part of the Brit-

ish Isles, it has an independent

government, tax regime and

money issuing powers, even though the UK represents it in

tions for a single currency.

end of last year.

advertising agency, said yester-day the MS & M market share was unacceptable. "It was unacceptable in post-

ers and it is unacceptable in radio," said Mr Ayling. He added that the advertising industry had fought to prevent any television sales house being able to control more than 25 per cent of advertising and would not accept what was effectively a radio sales monop-

government says that it is pre-

pared to follow the UK govern-

ment's stance over member-

ship of a single currency. However, it has the right to

issue a euro coin, under Euro-

pean regulations. These stipu-

late that countries can develop

euro coins if their governments

approve - and receive the backing of other European

The Manx euro coins will

continue to be legal tender,

even if a single currency is

The European Monetary

Institute, forerunner to a Euro-

pean central bank, is designing

the euro coin that will be

monetary authorities.

introduced in 2002.

US Lloyd's suit irks department

Sweeping legal action being pursued against Lloyd's of London by securities regulators in California last night provoked an angry reaction from the state's insurance depart-

The clash came as the case against Lloyd's opened in a Los Angeles court. The Department of Corporations, California's securities regulator, is seeking a temporary order to stop loyd's drawing down on letters of credit provided by its lossmaking investors, or Names. It also wants to freeze \$10bm held in trust on Lloyd's behalf in the US. Legal action by securities regulators spread yesterday to Missouri which accused Lloyd's of using money from US investors to cover massive insurance liabilities it had incurred.

The case bought in California has worried the state's insurance department because insurance companies licensed in the state rely heavily on the Lloyd's market. At least 15 such insurers would be "technically insolvent" if they could not rely on Lloyd's for reinsurance (protection against big losses), the department said. Mr Chuck Quackenbush, the state's elected insurance commissioner, recently arranged for Lloyd's to provide nearly \$200m of reinsurance cover for the state's earthquake protection programme.

Mr Richard Wiebe, spokesman for Mr Quackenbush, said the insurance department had only learnt about the securities regulator's action in newspapers. No decision on what action it might take has been made but "we would certainly urge the department to consider the interests of California's policyholders," he said. Meanwhile, Citibank, which handles Lloyd's US trust funds, is understood to be attempting to have the California action transfered to a federal court.

Meanwhile, London-based commercial insurers yesterday took a radical step aimed at protecting the City's role as an international insurance centre. They agreed to allow access from elsewhere in Europe to electronic systems which are transforming the market. The move by the London Insurance and Reinsurance Market Association is intended to protect the City from insurance markets in Europe and Bermuda.

Ralph Atkins, Insurance Correspondent

Debt figures exceed criteria

Britain still fails to meet some of the criteria for European monetary union according to the latest update on government

debt figures published yesterday. The UK's general government financial deficit in the financial year 1994-95 was 6.5 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP), revised up from 6.1 per cent, the Central Statistical Office said. In the calendar year 1994 the general government financial deficit was 6.9 per cent of GDP, compared to 7.8 per cent in 1993. Both measures exceed the guidelines set out in the Maastricht criteria which require a deficit of 3 per cent of GDP or less. But the UK does meet the criteria for general debt levels of 60 per cent of GDP or less although the situation has worsened, the CSO's figures showed.

Public sector jobs down 1.2%

The number of public sector employees fell by only 1.2 per cant (66,000) last year in spite of the government's hopes of reducing the size of the public sector labour force, according to official figures to be released today by the Central Statisti cal Office. There was a rise of 0.1 per cent (2,000) in local authority employment last year, the first annual increase since 1990. The numbers working for national health service trusts rose 8.5 per cent or 85,000 people and there was a small net growth in social services jobs.

Marketmakers blamed for 'coup'

Mr Michael Lawrence, the former chief executive of the London Stock Exchange, said yesterday that only a small handful of marketmakers were behind the "coup" that led to his ousting in January. Mr Lawrence told the Commons Treasury committee that only BZW, the investment banking arm of Barclays Bank, and Merrill Lynch, the US broker that now controls Smith New Court, were firmly opposed to the intro-duction of an electronic order book alongside the Stock Exchange's traditional quote-driven system.

But hostility to order-driven trading was not the real dispute, Mr Lawrence said. "It was an issue of control . . . What was upsetting them was the fact that the management of the exchange was running the thing in a professional way," he told MPs.

George Graham

Contracts

POWER: The National Grid Company has won an eight-month contract to design a high-voltage power line in the Bangkok

HEALTH FOODS: Tyneside-based health and fitness equipment supplier Carlo Citrone Enterprises has won a £3.6m contract to market a safe food substitute for anabolic steroids. The company is to be the sole European distributor of MET-Rx, a food supplement drink mix made by MET-Rx USA of California.

and Mr Asil Nadir, the fugitive will be stirred by

By Roderick Oram, Consumer Industries Editor

newcomer

The UK gin market is heading for a turbulent period with the launch of a gin from the distiller of Famous Grouse Scotch whisky and an attempt by Allied Domeco to push Beef-eater gin up market with a 15

per cent price increase.

Both moves are likely to put pressure on Gordon's Gin, the market leader, which is still trying to recover market share after its alcoholic strength was cuit nearly four years ago. The gin market has declined

by about 2 per cent or 3 per cent a year in the 1990s as gin has lost out to other white spirits and alcohol consumption has slipped. Gloag's Gin was launched into this fray yesterday by Highland Distilleries. The first

white spirit from Highland, it takes its name from Matthew Gloag of Perth, the group's sales and marketing arm. Available first in the UK, Highland will start to export it later this year through Rémy Cointrean, the French drinks

group in which it has a cross shareholding, and other distributors. After the strength of Gordon's Gin, produced by United Distillers, the Guinness sub-

sidiary, was cut from 40 per cent to 37.5 per cent in 1992, its market share fell from about 50 per cent to low 40s. Guinness said it made the cut because gin competed with vodka and rum, both with typically 37.5 per cent alcohol. The cut saves about 40p a bottle in excise duties and VAT. Some gin drinkers said they

missed the alcohol and so switched to 40 per cent gins. The main beneficiary was Allied Domecq's Beefeater, which has almost doubled its market share to 8 per cent. A new Gordon's advertising cam-paign launched in November has helped it recover.

To the surprise of the trade, however, Allied has started to implement a 15 per cent price increase on Beefeater. It says Beefeater always was a pre-mium gin, selling abroad at a higher price than Gordon's.

However, Pobjoy Mint; the In general, the Isle of Man cious metals in 10, 15 and 50 issued across the Union. Gin sales | Celtic soccer club to launch investment plan

By Patrick Harverson

Celtic FC is aiming to pep up its challenge for footballing honours by becoming the first club in Britain to launch its own personal equity plan.

Peps allow people to invest tax-free in shares and bonds and have proved extremely popular, attracting more than £3bn of investors' money since their launch nine years ago.

Celtic is now hoping to ride that boom. Caledonian Investments, the firm edministering the Celtic Pep, will pay a large part of the commission it earns from the Pep's sales to the football club.
That money will then go towards paying for new players and the develop-

ment of the Celtic Park stadium. In return for their investment, Celtic fans will get a 2 per cent discount on their commissions. The minimum lump sum investment is £1,000, or a monthly saving of £100, but wealthier followers of the famous Glaswegian club will be able to invest up to £6,000 a year.

commercial activities," said Mr Fergus

McCann, the club's managing director. But investment industry profession-als say the Celtic Pep will have to attract a lot of investors if the club is to generate enough revenues to buy a top-

"Celtic aims to compete at the highest possible level and that means the club must generate more income from

flight player, Commissions on Pep sales

are rarely above 3 per cent - and Celtic will only be getting a share of that. Mr Ian Millward, investment marketing manager of Chase de Vere, says: "If the Pep attracted a million pounds they would be doing well. So Celtic would get a share of the £30,000 commission. It'll pay their wages for a fortnight, or it might buy their boots for a season." The Pep will be marketed through Celtic Investment Services, a Caledo-

Europe.

nian subsidiary, and the club's fans should have no problem remembering the freephone number: 0800 21 1967. It marks the score and the date of the 2-1 defeat of Inter Milan that made Celtic the first British team to win the Euro· Arsenal Football Club is in danger of losing its main sponsor, the electronics company JVC, when the current contract runs out at the end of this

The club would not comment vesterday, but a report in Marketing Week magazine quoted JVC as saying that Arsenal would need to find another sponsor when the £5m three-year contract ended. If JVC does pull out, after 13 years as

Arsenal's sponsor, it will not necessarily be a financial blow to the club. If the club sign with a new sponsor, sales of its replica kits will rise as fans replace their out-of-date JVC-sponsored

Shorts heads for a break in the clouds

By John Murray Brown

Turbulence is a familiar feature of the aerospace industry but this week has been a particularly buffeting one for Shorts, the Belfast-based aerospace company.

On Tuesday it was announced that Shorts' parent company, Bombardier, the Canadian industrial group, had pulled out of negotiations to buy Fokker, the troubled Dutch aircraft maker, which is one of Shorts' biggest customers. On the same day Shorts held a ceremony at its east Bel-fast facility to mark the delivery of the first tailplane for the Global Express, Bombardier's long-range business jet project.
The company achieved

another first yesterday when it loaded the so-called "horizontal stabiliser" on to an Antonov 124 bound for Bombardier's facility in Montreal - the largest air shipment ever undertaken out of Northern Ireland. Many in the industry saw the Canadian group, which acquired Shorts at privatisation in 1969, as front runner to take over the ailing Dutch concern. Shorts is Northern Ireland's largest employer with around 9,800 workers – more than 7,000 employed in the

province. Through making and designing the wings for the Fokker 160 and Fokker 70, Shorts exposure to Fokker is considerable. Fokker accounts for around 20 per cent of Shorts' turnover, which in the year to January 1995 was almost £400m (\$616m). In total 1,500 l jobs are at stake. Already



Shorts executives hand over the first 'horizontal stabiliser' for the new Global Express business jet at the Belfast factory yesterday

around 100 of the 400 assembly workers on the Fokker division have been redeployed to other divisions, some of them to the Global Express project.

The company has been told by Fokker's administrators that it has only two more weeks of guaranteed production. The administrators have now asked the Dutch govern-ment for further bridging finance to tide it over for a

tium are still in discussions

over the purchase of Fokker.

But for Shorts, one of the main

worries, short of an outright

closure of Fokker, is that if

further couple of weeks. Samsung, the Korean conglomerate, and a Dutch consor-

another site. In some respects this week's twin events provide a reminder of just how far Shorts has diversified its product range since privatisation, when it depended on Fokker contracts for 40 per cent of its business.

Samsung emerged as the new owner, it could decide to move The company now has between £30m and £40m worth production back to Asia. of sub contract work for Boe-Asked about such a possibiling. Meanwhile its defence ity. Mr Roy McNuity, Shorts' president, said he believed it would be difficult to relocate a division, which accounts for 45 per cent of Shorts' business, is favourite to be awarded a complex assembly line, such as multi-million dollar contract to supply the US armed forces with its Starstreak air-to-air that for a wing facility, to missile. Its support service division is bidding for a 10-year

£300m contract with the UK Ministry of Defence, for a helicopter training centre. More dramatic has been the transformation of Shorts' partnership with Bombardier, now "Obviously we're very keen to see Fokker survive, but its its leading customer, with conno longer the mainstay of our tracts worth around £90m a business," said Mr McNulty.

Shorts, which is already the main manufacturer of the Lear 45, another Bombardier business jet, has invested around £50m and five years developing the Global Express, a project which involves French, US, Canadian, and Japanese collaboration. The project is using carbon fibre composite materials for the first time.

Shorts is banking on the development to provide around 600-700 jobs, expanding from an initial output of two aircraft a month when it comes into production in September. First deliveries of the aircraft, pending certification with the US aircraft authorities, will be in

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME

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29th February, 1996

Role of genes research

nnovation in human genetic technology is more depen-A dent on basic research than in any other field, a joint US-UK study has found.

The Wellcome Trust's Unit for Policy Research in Science and Medicine (Prism) in London and CHI Research in New Jersey analysed all 1,105 US patents granted between 1988 and 1992 in the field of human molecular and cell technology.

They used patents to investigate the innovation process because patenting is a rigorous process, in which novelty and applicability must be proved, and because patent applications contain references to the previous research that contributed to the invention - known technically as "prior art".

An average patent in this field contained nine references to scientific papers, compared with five in drugs and medicine, three in agricultural chemicals and less than one in several other areas such as plastics, electrical equipment and scientific instruments. The vast majority (92 per cent) of references were to basic rather than applied research.

The main sources of funding for the research cited were government (US National Institutes of Health or UK Medical Research Council) and charities. Only 15 per cent of the "prior art" was supported by ind-

David Seemungal, one of the Prism study group, says there is an important conclusion for UK technology policy. "The results support the anecdotal evidence that the UK is strong in basic research but not good at exploit-

UK scientists produced 6.5 per cent of the papers cited on human genetics patents but the UK accounted for only 2.8 per cent of the patents themselves. Japan, in contrast, was responsible for 4.8 per cent of the research papers and 12.3 per cent

of the patents.

A full report of the study will be published in the March edi-tion of Technology Analysis & Strategic Management.

Clive Cookson

ntil now, space satellites have been primarily the domain of governments and big telecommunications groups. But new technologies aimed at slicing costs may soon fuel the multimedia revolution by opening space to mid-sized companies hoping to beam signals back to

A driving force behind tumbling costs is a US government initiative called the Evolved Expendable Launch Vehicle programme.

Four companies - McDonnell Douglas, Boeing, Lockheed Martin and Alliant Techsystems - are competing in the bid to provide satellite launch services. The Department of Defence will narrow the field to two by the end of the year and select the contract winner 15 months later.

The new technologies being developed through the EELV have major implications for the commercial use of space." says Byron Callan, aerospace analyst at Merrill Lynch, the US securities house. "Satellite costs will probably be cut dramatically, meaning middle-market companies could take greater advantage of the multi-media pie."

No one knows how hig an impact falling costs will have, but a recent Nasa study shows declines in price can be expected to boost substantially the private use of

One of the biggest and most stubborn cost components of satellite operation has been the launch. Whereas the price of satellites themselves has dropped dramatically in recent years, the

cost of launch has stayed high. Putting a satellite in space costs between \$60m (£39m) and \$300m today, depending on the size of the rocket and the target orbit. Some analysts predict a big decline in that pricetag - as much as 80 per cent - by the end of the century.

des slicing its own expenses, the US government is hoping the EELV programme will improve the country's position in the satellite launch business. The US has been losing ground in the sector since the 1980s. The European company, Arianespace, holds a 60 per cent market share, with the US. China, Russia and Ukraine splitting the

"It's a question of, 'If you build it they will come'," says Chris Andrews, assistant for launch at the Pentagon. "We'll be happy just to cut down on our own expenses, but the side-effect could very well be that the US will get a bigger share of the satellite launch

Hughes Space, a leading customer in the market, says the new programme has encouraged the



Satellite scramble

Cutting launchpad costs will allow mid-sized companies to join the space race, writes Victoria Griffith

40 vehicles waiting to launch," says spokesman Emery Wilson, "so we're very interested in working with the American companies.

In spite of the ballooning demand for satellites, the launch market is crowded. By the beginning of the next century, analysts say, there may be only a few survivors left in the industry.

New cost-cutting technologies, therefore, are crucial to success. and companies are investing heavily to come up with novel

Lockheed Martin alone, for company to take a second look at Lockheed Martin alone, for US groups. "We have a backlog of instance, is sinking more than

\$300m over several years into vehicle improvements. Location is key to a cheaper launch. Because some satellites are destined for polar orbits and others for equatorial orbits, proximity to the poles or the equator can make big difference to the final pricetag of a launch. Lockbeed Martin, for instance, says it needs about 10 per cent more power to place a satellite in an equatorial orbit from its Florida base than it would from a

base closer to the equator. Boeing has come up with a novel approach to this dilemma. The company is refitting an old oil space will be."

drilling platform as a mobile satellite launch site. Dubbed Sea Launch, the platform will be able to propel satellites into space from the most cost-effective location for the desired orbit. As an added advantage, the company can also avoid weather delays that hold back many launches.

"We'll just go where the skies are blue," says Patrick Enyeart, vice-president of Boeing Commercial Space Company. Standardisation is a common

theme among competitors for the EELV bid. "If all the rockets have similar components for launch, we can take advantage of economies of scale and

get a reasonable production line going." says Raymond Colladay. vice-president of business development at Lockheed Martin. The challenge is to get standard components to work equally well for different size vehicles. Companies are making substantial use of automation to cut the numbers of people needed to get

a vehicle off the ground. Boeing, for instance, will use robots and machines to 'stack' its rockets horizontally, then erect them. Alliant is relying on sophisticated digital technology to replace manual labour.

Lightweight materials will also play a role in a more affordable

"We want to make the non-propellant parts as light as possible because it will take less power to get the satellite into orbit," says Richard Schwartz, chief executive of Alliant Techsystems.

The ending of the cold war was a welcome break for the satellite launch groups. With cheap Russian and Ukrainian parts on the market, companies are hoping to shave the cost of components. Lockheed is using a Russian engine in its EELV project, and Boeing is tapping countries behind the former Iron Curtain for affordable parts.

No one yet knows just how cheap satellite launches can become. The EELV programme requires participants to reduce the price they charge the government for a launch by at least 25 per cent, compared with current prices, and aim for reductions of at least 50 per cent. Some analysts believe the final pricetag could go even lower. The more dramatic the cuts, the greater impact the new technologies will have on the commercial use of

space.
"Satellites are likely to become a key element of the multimedia revolution," says Callan.

Satellite dishes are sprouting up around the world - in Asia and Latin America now as well as in developed countries. The work that's being done now will help determine just how cheap access to

Worth Watching · Vanessa Houlder



Hand-heid electrode in screening trial

A simple breast screening technique that could detect tumours in women of all ages is undergoing trials in hospitals in Israel, France, Italy and the US. TransScan Research and

Development, an Israeli-based company, believes the technique could improve the early detection of cancer when used in conjunction with mammography, an X-ray technique usually limited to women over 50.

TransSpectral Impedance Scanning uses a sensor to measure low-level electrical currents generated by an electrode held in the patient's hand. That allows the electrical impedance of the underlying breast tissue to be calculated and displayed on a monitor. Changes in the cell membrane structure and water content associated with cancerous tissue can be detected since they alter the electrical

TransScan Research and Development: Israel, tel 64:10080; fox 6546044.

Software saves time on the internet

A UK company has developed software for "autonomous agents" that can save users having to browse through reams of irrelevant information on the Internet.

The AutoNomy software developed by Cambridge Neurodynamics can "learn" what user wants from the Internet, and then search and retrieve it. The software, which uses the pattern recognition capability of neural networks, is capable of refining its search according to the user's response to the items that it has already selected.

The company has also developed "pre-trained" agents for frequent tasks, such as compiling personalised

newspapers or ranking e-mail messages in priority order. Cambridge Neurodynamics: UK, tel (0)1223 421107; for (0)1223 42109;

Cleaning up after lead contamination

One of the world's biggest soil decontamination plants is about to start cleaning up a site adjacent to the main arena of the Olympic Games in Sydney. The plant will treat soil .

contaminated by lead from a former paint factory. Decontamination will involve washing soil and sand, using separation methods developed to extract minerals from rock and oil in mining operations.

The three-year project uses plant supplied by Svedala, a Swedish equipment maker. Svedala: Sweden, tel 224 57000; fax 224 16950.

Breakthrough for plant fertility

A Dutch agricultural research institute has isolated two genes which help regulate the fertilisation of plants.

One of the genes is responsible for the synthesis of a flower. pigment that plays an important role in the growth of pollen takes (the tubes that grow from the pollen grains to the ovule); the other is involved with the uptake of sugars by the pollen tabe.

Scientists at the DLO Centre for Plant Breeding and Reproduction Research believe that the isolation of the genes will open up preventing plant fertilisation.

DLO-NL: The Netherlands. tel 317474000; for 317424060

Placing your bets at the dinner table

Betting enthusiasts can now place bets using a hand-held terminal without stirring from the racecourse restaurant. The Horserace Totalisator Board has installed at its Wolverhampton course a number of mobile terminals, linked to a racecourse computer by radio signal.

The system uses the same technology as the Tote Direct betting shops which transmit bets into the Tote's central system at

Horserace Totalisator Board: UK. tel (0)181 874 6411; fax (0)181 874

CONTRACTS & TENDERS





COMPANI-NA ABERTA CGC Nº 00001 180/0001-26

CONSULTING SERVICES FOR THE RESTRUCTURING OF THE BRAZILIAN ELECTRICAL SECTOR

ELETROBRAS, the state-owned holding company for the Brazilian electrical energy sector, is initiating a bidding process for consulting services to assist the Brazilian Ministry of Mines and Energy in the "Restructuring of the Electrical Sector". The consulting services are to be financed by the IBRD, subject, however, to the

The procurement process follows the guidelines for Limited International Bidding as established by the Bank.

Cleveland, Ohio - USA

signing of an amendment to Loan 3376-BR.

COOPERS & LYBRAND London - UK **ERNST & YOUNG** Washington D.C. - USA

The firms below were pre-selected to be invited to present tenders: BOOZ ALLEN & HAMILTON NATIONAL ECONOMIC RESEARCH ASSOCIATES Washington D.C. - USA PRICE WATERHOUSE London - UK **PUTNAM, HAYES & BARTLETT**

Washington D.C. - USA The announcement of the pre-selected firms has the purpose of enabling International and Brazilian consulting firms to seek participation in the services,

either by association or consortium with the aforementioned firms. The broad scope and complexity of the services will require highly qualified personnel in the following areas:

International Experience:

- · Restructuring of electrical energy sector, organization of electrical energy competitive markets attractive to private capitals, investment risk evaluation and
- Electric energy industry economics, expansion costs, financing, pricing, different forms of commercialization and interchanges, pools, supply contracts and tariff
- · Elaboration of regulatory systems, structuring and technical qualification of the Regulatory Entity. Utility evaluation systems.
- · Electrical system engineering, expansion and operation planning of predominantly hydroelectric interconnected systems with thermal participation, optimization of generation, access to transmission and distribution systems and their respective tariff methodologies.

Brazilian Experience:

- · Constitutional, commercial, tax, labor, corporate and administrative legislation, Brazilian Electrical Sector legislation with a clear perception of the ongoing changes in the electrical energy market.
- · Brazilian electrical sector economics, expansion costs, financing, pricing, different forms of commercialization and interchanges, pools, supply contracts, utility cost structures and tariff system practiced in Brazil.
- Electrical system engineering, systems and procedures in planning and operation of the Electrical Sector. Carrying out of generation and transmission projects and environmental aspects. Bidding organization and knowledge of hydroelectric inventories already performed.

Antonio José Imbassahy da Silva President

Address: Av. Presidente Vargas, 642 - 10° andar - FAX (021) 233.3248 CEP: 20.079-900 - Río de Janeiro - RJ - Brasil - Caixa Postal 1639

CONTRACTS & TENDERS.....



APV RT.

HUNGARIAN PRIVATISATION AND STATE HOLDING COMPANY

Notice of tender

The Board of Directors of the Hungarian Privatisation and State Holding Company (the "Issuer") decided to sell the state owned shares of

Forum Hotel Rt.

The total nominal value of the offered shares is HUF 4,100 million representing 94.91% of the Company's voting equity and will be sold in a closed one-round tender procedure. Primarily startegic investors were invited to participate in the tender, and financial investors may submit a bid only jointly with a strategic investor providing the latter with majority ownership. The invited bidders may take over the Invitation for Tender and all tender documentation from the Issuer on 29th February, 1996. Deadline for submission of the bids is April 24th, 1996.

GIVE US A STAPLE

And don't forget to add your cheque to fund more Macmillan Nurses to help 1,000,000 people living with cancer. (1 in 3 of us will get cancer)

Cheque amount £..... made out to 'CRMF (F3)' Please send it to:

CRMF FREEPOST LONDON SW3 3BR Macmillan APPEAL

Cancer Relief Macmillan Fund exists to support

people with cancer and their families Regd. Chanty No. 201017

NOTICE OF EARLY REDEMPTION FINANCE FLC (the "James")
£173,000,000 Mortgage
Encired Floating Rate Notes due 2019
(the "Votes)

MOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that gurnamet to Condition 5dt of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes (the "Conditions"), the Isner will redeem all constanding Notes at their Princepal Amount Outstanding on 29 March 1996, being the nex interest Payment Dute,

the next interest Payment Date, Payment will be made upon presentation and samender of the Notes at the office of Barelays Bank PLC at 34 Lombard Street. Leadon EC3P 3AH. Payment will be made by a pounds stering cheque drawn on a lown clearing bounds of a bunk in Landon or by transfer to a pounda sterling cheque drawn or a lown clearing branch of a bunk in Landon or by transfer to a pounda sterling account manustrated by the payer with a beak in London.

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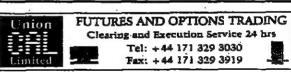
All expressions defined in the Conditions shall have the same meaning when used in this Notice. Gratechurck Mortgage Pipames PLC Dated: 29 February 1996

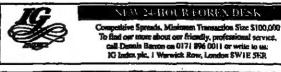
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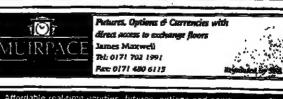
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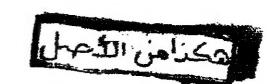






SPREAD BETTING ON OVER EIGHTY MARKETS





According to the futuristic thriller Strange Days it could expire in a blaze of self-destructive hedonism at midnight on December 31 1999. By that point humanity will have experienced all that is worth experiencing and a rioting, drug-crazed Los Angeles - alias, as always in Hollywood films, the world - may explode in civil conflict. Our only hope is that the right hero (Ralph Fiennes) or heroine (Angela Bassett) gets to the scene in time.
Directed at breakneck speed by

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Kathryn Bigelow, this film breaks its own neck somewhere around the hundredth minute. The trouble with attempting to outpace or overleap the holes in an action-packed, probability-free script, written by Terminator creator and former Bigelow spouse James Cameron, is that you risk even deadlier stumbles in the process. Strange Days, as we expect from the director of Blue Steel and Point Break, is fast, furious and stylish: up to the point that it finally tumbles, realising like us that there is no real solid ground here, just crazy-paved paranoia.

Our anti-hero is Ralph Fiennes with an American accent. An ex-policeman turned salesman of bootleg Virtual Reality tapes - hardcore stuff filmed straight from the brains of, say, drug-takers or love-makers his greasy locks and hyperkinetic manner go with an amiably pedantic dress sense. "This tie doesn't go with blue" he will snap at a crisis point. Whereupon he swaps neck-halters and charges out to confront his latest antagonist: the police, or the white ganglord (Michael Wincott) who has stolen his former girlfriend (Juliette Lewis), or the snuff directors who are giving VR a bad name. or the group of black rappers whom an escaped tape proves to have

killed a leading black activist. Flennes's only ally, as he veers from vice towards virtue, is a black armoured-limousine driver played by the formidable Angela Bassett: an actress who looks as if she could knock any man out with one of her bare cheekbones. As the film moves towards its conspiracy-theory cataclysm - the L.A. police are as ever behind much of the trouble -Figures and Bassett become like moving blobs in a video game. All around them cars career, buildings blaze, sound effects go thud or screech and spuff murder victims act out their terror before webbly.

Swathes of this film, you could say, have been made before: 35 years ago by Michael Powell under the title *Peeping Tom* (voyeurism as grand guignol), 15 years ago as *Blade* Runner (inner-city holocaust as spec-tacle). Whenever it shakes off antecedents, though, the movie is passably original, not least in the tone of apocalyptic farce blended into the mayhem. After this, two things often said of women, that they cannot direct all-out action or all-out black comedy, need never be said again. Maria Giese's When Saturday

> STRANGE DAYS Kathryn Bigelow

WHEN SATURDAY COMES Maria Giese

FRENCH TWIST Josiane Balasko

LA MADRE MUERTA Juanma Bajo Ulloa

> A BOY'S LIFE ICA

Comes and Josiane Balasko's French Twist are the week's second and third feature films directed by women, possibly a record in UK distribution history. Neither, though, presents as strong a case for positive discrimination as Strange Days.

Giese, a UCLA graduate, crossed the Atlantic to make her unbelievable farrago about life, soccer and machismo in the British north. Only a foreigner could have assembled such a panjandrum of cliches; the coalmining family out of Monty Python, the dialogue out of Roy Of The Rovers, the son (Sean Bean) whose reaction to a family tragedy down t'pit is to give up t'booze and become a football hero. Actors bravely trying to transcend the material (Bean, Emily Lloyd) jostle with actors sinking helplessly into it (John McEnery with ham oop-north accent and unconvincing baldnesstonsure as Dad).

The comedy French Twist stormed France under the title Gazon Maudit. Into the lives of beautiful Victoria Abril and her philandering husasko. She seduces Abril, reduces Chabat to gibbering jealousy and ends up sowing hard-earned peace, understanding and moral tolerance through a hitherto uptight house-

Only the French could make an anti-bourgeois farce that is bourgeois to its marrow. Every joke is cumbrously telegraphed; every wis-dom is wreathed in self-congratulation; and long before the end plausi-bility has fallen on its sword, though we have a nasty feeling that the contrived gay encounter at the close is setting us up for Gazon Maudit

The world finds adjustments for every social or sexual setback. No longer allowed to exchange bodily substances, we gawp at them pruriently on screen. Juanmo Bajo Ulloa's Madre Muerta is a Spanish murder thriller containing sex, bloodlettings and two graphic urination scenes, not to forget - though you may try to - the most gruellingly explicit nappy-change in film history.

But then the whole movie behaves like a Peeping Tom's charter. We spend much of it ogling the shackled distress of a mute mental patient (Ana Alvarez), who has been kidnapped by the man (Karra Elejalde) Who once shot dead her father during a burglary. As a surviving witness, the girl must be spirited away from her mental asylum to a suburban-Gothic mansion where - according to the inviolable laws of Spanish cinema - every forlornly kinky thing imaginable must happen to the girl, the man and his lover

Bunuel might have made a master piece. Signor Bajo Ulloa makes a mess that has moments. There are two clever suspense set-pieces, one involving an inspired directorial tease with a broken lightbulb. And there are hints of bleak wit in the dialogue: "This is the first day in ages that we haven't quarrelled. You should kidnap people more often," says the girlfriend. But the film runs out of variations before it has begun seriously to explore its theme. When three people are trapped in a crimi-nal menage à trois, we should surely believe in the psychology of the situation before we start playing games with its logistics.

At the ICA, A Boy's Life is a proband Alain Chabat comes a gramme of three prize-winning Friend Of Dorothy, the adventures of A young boy, booked on a Lucille ges swaggering, cigarillo-smoking shorts about gay life. The most high a shy male wallflower in university. Ball-style comedienne (the period TV from female truck driver played by the ly-decorated is Trevor, which won an The best is Todd Haynes' Dottie Gets pastiches are brilliant), is sternly so.



Crazy-paved paranoia: Ralph Fiennes and Angela Bassett in 'Strange Days'

Oscar for its disingenuously deadpan comedy of teenage growing pains. The weakest is Raoul O'Connell's A

Spanked, in which the director of discouraged by his father. Can sit-Poison composes a funny, venomed fable about parental intolerance.

com divas make you a homosexual?

Only if you encourage them, sug-

gests Haynes, and mindless bigotry from our elders is one way of doing an uptight anxiety freak, is

Post-modern drama at its lightest Then American plays cross the Atlantic, they

usually arrive in London, or maybe at the Edinburgh Festival. Congratulations, therefore, to the Nottingham Playhouse for giving Britain its first view of six short plays by the American playwright David Ives, All in the Timing, which enjoyed a

sell-out run off-Broadway. The Nottingham staging, by Hugh Woolridge, is excellent; it features the TV comedians Punt & Dennis: Francis O'Connor's designs are superb; one play, Degas - C'est Moi, is receiving its world premiere; and all six plays prove ingenious, funny, frequently inventive with dramatic form. The evening is post-modernism at its lightest, with humour arising from often serious thought on matters ontological, episte-mological, linguistic. At sev-eral points, I wondered if Ives was not the cleverest playwright to have come along jokes here are funny at the

Alastair Macaulay reviews new plays from the US in Nottingham and London since the younger and more heartless Tom Stoppard.

He has a "What if ...?" mind.

time, but the sad central joke is simply about the extreme chanciness of srtistic inspira-

In the first play, Sure Thing, a man starts to make conversation with a woman at a New York cafe, and the play is made up of the multiple ways their conversation could go, all save one of them disastrous, each wrong one stopped by a bell, like a round of boxing. Slick stuff, yet, as it proceed a sad point emerges: how ludicrously hard it is to find a soulmate in the sophisticated modern world.

The second play shows three chimpanzee-children in a schoolroom-laboratory bashing at typewriters: scientists are waiting to see if/when one of them will write Hamlet. The

chanciness of artistic inspira-tion. The Universal Language is full of delicious light squibs in which the invention of a nonsense "universal" language brings two people together.

n Degas - C'est Moi, a young New Yorker spends a day of his life "being" Degas, sometimes recognised, usually ignored. As the play ends, just after the hero has lost his belief in being Degas, something utterly Degas-like happens in his own home. The Philadelphia is about the alternate ways that the disappointments of everyday life hit you. And in Variations on the Death of Trotsky the bell device returns: Trotsky

in Mexico, with an axe planted in his skull yesterday, is told by his wife that today, accord-ing to the encyclopaedia, is the day of his death. He is seen reacting in several different reacting in several different ways to the news (all of them lunny). The humour of the plays is

accessible, the meanings none too obscure, but their sum total? Early on, Ives struck me as a true original; afterwards, however, he struck me as too like all those other post-mod wise-guys. I wanted a greater dash, amid Ives's Encyclopaedia of the World in Six Plays, of human poignance. Still, the Nottingham Play-

house makes an excellent case for him. The American accents are good. Steve Punt and Hugh Dennis prove themselves versatile, skilful, endearing, and Debra Beaumont and Mabel Aitken are no less fine. Woolridge's direction gives everything a brisk New York pace and light, dry tone. O'Connor's basic set is itself beautiful, in a gorgeous deep twilight blue. with the figures from a clockface deranged here and there in gold. Nothing about this play or its production is ever

eanwhile, another new American play, not dissimilar, is being given, also in a very good performance, in London at Riverside Studio 3. Laughing Wild, by Christopher Durang, is also light in tone, ironically light even about the psychological

disturbance of its two characters - one female, one male. It starts out as two one-person plays - each monologue a good 30 minutes long, and full of references to New York urban life today. Then it shows us different scenes for both characters together - including, very like Ives, several optional versions, only one of which has a happy ending.

Durang's writing is more psychological than Ives; he even overlaps the dream-lives of his two characters. The oxymoron of his title is soon apparent. The play's heroine, condemned to laugh wildly in personal torment and to find only dissatisfaction in sex and in human colloquy, could be Wagner's Kundry, updated and played for comedy. The hero, better yet. As an exercise in virtuoso

acting, Laughing Wild is ter-rific. The actor Henry Goodman directs his two South African compatriots Fiona Ramsay and Warren Kimmel. Impeccably they show you every bit of the psychological bizarrerie of these two New Yorkers; and at the same time they distance you from it. Your distance from them is what keeps the play interesting and funny; and it is, I suppose, Durang's true point.

These post-modern writers are far less heartless than they would have us suppose. In modern life, we keep our hearts under wraps; in Laughing Wild, the degree to which the man and the woman open their hearts makes them peculiar, absurd, ironic.

All in the Timing: Nottingham Playhouse until March 16. Laughing Wild: Riverside Studio 3 until March 17.

Ballet Crime **Fictions**

Tith his new Crime Fictions - at Sadler's Well's this week -Klm Brandstrup returns to the question of dance-narrative which has so fascinated him in previous works. How to tell a story in movement, without the blankest literalism, is here cast as a tribute to the genre of film noir. The shadows and evasions, the uncertainties and tensions of such films as The Big Sleep and Farewell My Lovely provide the background for the action. Chandler-esque characters - The Patriarch and his new young wife; his sons and family; two servants - play out a murder mystery which we are shown through differing and highly subjective evidence.

The trick is a good one. The action is neatly dove-tailed The camera-angles, the varied accounts of what happened, shift and interlock and fail to interlock in approved fashion. The undercurrent to the piece is, though, not only how the tale is told, but the moral implications of truth-telling and false accusation. In the first half of the piece we see a family under the dominant thumb of the Patriarch (Mark Ashman: very fine) whose murder is both crime and excuse for fiction - the fictions of the rest of the cast. In part two, we are shown the truth - if it is a truth - about the killing, and a thumpingly false accusation. The resolu tion of the piece is that the crime is not resolved; guilt hangs beavy in the air at curtain fall. The reasons for the murder are plain: the internal conflicts which might make each member of the cast guilty are no less clear in choreogra phy which is fluent and sharpedged in dynamics.

Brandstrup turns again to his favoured collaborators. There is admirable and admirably simple design by Craig Givens: a panorama of hills masked by Venetian blinds; costuming is less stylish than Hollywood precedent demands (the glamorous wife has a coat that should be mink and is hearth-rug - Claire Trevor would have put her foot down about that). Ian Dearden's score has the right shadows of menace. The artists of Brandstrup's Arc Dance troups are very good, most notably Ken-neth Thurp, whose final scene breaks the otherwise ultrastylised manner of the choreography. Because the films that inspired the piece had an almost Noh-like formality the actors moving along predestined paths, playing roles whose surprises were in con-volutions of plot rather than of feeling – the raw emotion which Brandstrap gives Tharp, and which Tharp so brilliantly exposes, shifts the balance of the piece in its last scepe. For a shocking moment, we face truth, not play-acting fiction. I suppose that this is Brandstrup's final trick in a clever piece. It is, thanks to Kenneth Tharp's interpretative power, also profoundly

Clement Crisp

Arc Dance is at Sadler's Wells until March 2 with Crime Fictions. Then the company tours to Edinburgh, Oxford, Reading. Denmark, until the end of March. Sponsored by Daniel Katz and Marks and Spencer.



■ ADELAIDE

EXHIBITION Art Gallery of South Australia Tel: 61-8-2077000 Australian Decorative Arts:

1940s-1990s: the Art Gallery of South Australia's collection of decorative arts from the 1940s to the present day includes furniture, ceramics, glass, metalwork and jewellery; from Mar 1 to Jun 7.

BERLIN

CONCERT Tel: 49-30-203092100/01

 Philharmonisches Orchester des Staatstheaters Cottbus: conductor Reinhard Petersen and planist Friedrich Höricke perform Liszt's Orpheus, Chopin's Piano Concerto No.1, and Haydn's Symphony No.104 in D (London); 8pm; Mar 2.

OPERA -Komische Oper Tel: 49-30-202600 La Bohème: by Puccini. Conducted by Shao-Chia Lii and performed by the Komische Oper; Soloists include Ottenthal, Korovina, George, Mewes, Helimich and Grabowski; 7.30pm; Mar 1.

BRUSSELS CONCERT

 Michel Fugain: performance by the French singer; 8pm; Mar 1.

JAZZ & BLUES

Nico Theatre Complex Tel: 27-21-215470 Maynard Ferguson and Bruce Cassidy: with the Big Bop Nouveau Band. Part of the International Jazz Festival; 8.30pm; Mar 2.

CONCERT

Kölner Philharmonie Tel: 49-221-2040820 Das Neue Orchester: with conductor Christoph Spering. Mendelssohn's Psalm 42, Op.42 and Mozart's Mass No.18 in C minor; 11am; Mar 3.

DRESDEN

OPERA Sächsische Staatsoper Dresden Tel: 49-351-49110 Capriccio: by R. Strauss. Conducted by Christof Prick and performed by the Sächsische Staatsoper Dresden. 7.30pm; Mar 2.

GHENT

EXHIBITION Museum voor Sierkunst Tel: 32-9-2256676 1ste Triennale voor Vormgeving in Vlaanderen; focusing on contemporary Flemish design; to

Opera House Tel: 358-0-403021

Swan Lake: a choreography by Bourmeister after Petipa/Ivanov to

HOUSTON

Museum of Fine Arts

Tel: 1-713-639-7300

EXHIBITION

music by Tchalkovsky, performed by the Helsinkl Ballet; 7pm; Mar 2

■ HELSINKI DANCE.

Cirque Royal Tel: 32-2-2182015

CAPE TOWN

COLOGNE

 The Texas Collection of the Museum of Fine Arts, Houston: Texas Modern and Post-Modern: second exhibition in a series of two that offers an overview of the museum's collection of Texas art, featuring artists allied with more international and modernist movements; to Mar 3.

LEIPZIG **OPERA**

Oper Leipzig Tel: 49-341-1261261 ● Salome: by R. Strauss. Conducted by Seiffarth and performed by the Oper Leipzig and the Gewandhausorchester. Soloists include Nielsen, Silja, Markert, Halx, Protschka, Struckmann and Petzoid; 7pm; Mar 2.

LONDON

Wigmore Hall Tel: 44-171-9352141 Ralph Kirshbaum, Steven Isserlis, Peter Franklin and Juanita Lascarro: The programme includes works by

Brahms, Falla, Debussy, Popper, Casals, Villa-Lobos and Mozart/ Neary; 7.30pm; Mar 1.

 The Purcell Quartet: with soprano Catherine Bott and viola-player Jane Rogers perform Vivaldi's Laudate Pueri, in Furore Justissimae trae, Al Santo Sepoloro, and variations on La Follia, Op.1 No.12: 7.30pm; Mar 2. POP MUSIC

Royal Albert Hall Tel: 44-171-5898212 Eric Clapton: performance by the British guitarist/singer with an 11 piece band: This is the 10th year that Clapton has taken up his winter residency at the Royal Albert Hail;

■ LOS ANGELES CONCERT Schoenberg Hall

Tel: 1-310-825-2101 Menahem Pressier: recital by the pianist; 8pm; Mar 2.

MADRID CONCERT

7.30pm; to Mar 3

Auditorio Nacional de Música Tel: 34-1-3370100 Orquesta Nacional de España: with conductor Theo Alcántara and violinist Victor Martin perform Balboa's Symphony No.1, Bernstein's Serenade, and Tchaikovsky's Symphony No.5; 7,30pm; Mar 1, 2, 3.

MUNICH

CONCERT Philharmonie im Gaste Tel: 49-89-48098625 Münchner Philharmoniker, with

works by R. Strauss, Beethoven and Bartók; 8pm; Mar 1, 2, 3. ■ NEW YORK

conductor Lothar Zagrosek and pianist Elena Bashkirowa perform

CONCERT Alice Tully Hall Tel: 1-212-875-5050 ● International Hugo Wolf Academy: featuring soprano Benita Valente, mezzo-soprano Mitsuko Shirai, tenor Marcus Schäfer and

bass-baritone Peter Lika in an all-Schumann programme. They will be joined by the Academy's director Hartmut Höll, as well as planist Kathryn Goodson, viola-player Tabea Zimmermann and clarinettist Michael Collins, 2pm: Mar 3, Carnegie Hall Tel: 1-212-247-7800 Wiener Philharmoniker: with conductor Seiji Ozawa perform works by Mozart, Berg and Dvorák,

Museum of American Folk Art Tel: 1-212-595-9533

● Discovering Ellis Ruley: exhibition featuring the paintings of the African American artist Ellis Ruley (1882-1959). From Mar 2 to Apr 28. OPERA

Metropolitan Opera House Tel: 1-212-362-6000 Madama Butterfly: by Puccini. Performed by the Metropolitan Opera; 8pm; Mar 1.

PARIS CONCERT

8pm; Mar 1. EXHIBITION

Maison de Radio France Tel: 33-1 42 30 22 22 Orchestre National de France: with conductor Lawrence Foster and

Métaboles, L'arbre des songes and Symphony No.2 (La Double); 8pm; Théâtre de la Ville

Tel: 33-1 42 74 22 77 Tel: 33-1 42 74 22 77 Thu Xiao-Mei: the pianist performs works by J.S. Bach and Schubert; 6pm; Mar 1.

■ SAN DIEGO

EXHIBITION San Diego Museum of Art Tel: 1-619-232-7931 James Rosenquist: Time Dust, Complete Graphics 1962-1992:

retrospective of the pop artist's 30-year career as a printmaker. More than 100 prints are displayed from Rosenquist's first, tiny 1962

etching to the largest and most complex print he ever made, the 35-foot-long, 82-colour extravaganza Time Dust; from Mar 2 to May 5.

■ VIENNA **OPERA**

Wiener Staatsoner Tel: 43-1-514442960 il Trovatore: by Verdi. Conducted by Stefan Softesz and performed by the Wiener Staatsoper. Soloists include Agnes Baltsa, Kim Josephson and Giuseppe Glacomini; 7pm; Mar 2.

■ WASHINGTON

CONCERT Concert Hall Tel: 1-202-467 4600 National Symphony Orchestra: with conductor Elizabeth Schulze and pianist Christopher O'Riley perform works by Blacher, Rachmaninov, Komaik, Still and violinist Luc Héry perform Dutilleux's Sibelius; 8.30pm; Mar 1, 2.

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Samuel Brittan

German cloud cast on UK

The British slowdown still looks like a temporary stock adjustment, but economic difficulties elsewhere in the European Union are threatening prospects

The indicators published so far this year still suggest that the UK economic slowdown remains a stock adjustment rather than anything more fundamental.

Final demand has held up reasonably well. The latest 1980s in the UK, when rapid estimate for non-oil real gross growth in broad money was domestic product in the last accompanied by rapidly falling quarter of 1995 is better than inflation and severe recession. many expected. It shows an show the folly of trying to folannual rate of increase of low monetary aggregates slavishly. On the other hand, the about 2 per cent per annum only slightly below the Treaworldwide inflation of the sury's estimates of trend 1970s and the UK inflationary growth. It remains a good deal shock of the late 1980s are a too low in view of the wide few examples of the folly of gap between actual and poten-tial output. But it is well short pushing money supply aside altogether. A comparison by the Euro-

Moreover, the straws in the wind for 1996 are modestly reassuring. The Confederation of British Industry's Manufacturing Trends Inquiry for February shows an improvement or smaller deterioration in four of the five questions asked. Even the usually gloomy House Builders Federation reports "a positive start to the year" and a rise in site reservations

Looking ahead, even a small spending effect from the cash windfalls en route to British households - for instance from building society capital distributions and redemptions of Tax-Exempt Special Savings Accounts - will sustain consumer demand. Mainstream forecasters expect growth to return to slightly above trend rates of 21's to 3 per cent in the second half of 1996 and in 1997.

This view is held even more emphatically by those analysts who keep an eye on the broad money supply - that is cash plus deposits. Broad money is growing fairly rapidly, not only in the UK but also in the USA and Japan, and recently even Germany. There are special factors which can explain rapid growth in each of them. But the common trend makes one wary. The fear is there will be a bad "re-entry". This means the present slowdown will be succeeded by an excessively rapid expansion spilling over

into inflationary pressure in or two countries now be negatwo or three years' time. tive - but headline inflation is The experience of money quite amazingly low. It is supply targetting does not below 3 per cent in all the suggest that anything more Group of Seven countries with than vigilance is required. the exception of Italy. In Ger-Periods, such as the early many, it is 1.5 per cent while Japan's prices are falling at 0.3

> per cent a year. If we put together slow real growth and very low inflation we see that nominal demand total cash spending - is growing in most countries more slowly than the 5 per cent annual rate which most central bankers believe to be the safe non-inflationary speed. Policymakers have already responded with several cuts in

short-term interest rates. Many bond market watchers would stress the case for caution in further easing, in view of the worldwide increase in bond yields over the last two or three months.

The Bundesbank fears it would be counterproductive to

Background to rising bond yields

pean Commission for Decem-

ber shows the UK slowdown

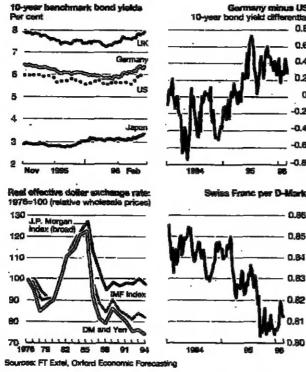
less marked than in other

large European countries.

trial nations - and may in one

Not only has real growth

Only Italy is doing better



push monetary relaxation to the point where it provokes still further increases in long-term yields. It emphasises that most German business and home-purchase borrowing takes place at a medium and long-term rates.

To which one can only respond: "up to a point". The expectations of people operating in the bond market should be taken seriously as they are putting their own fortunes at risk - but they are still only forecasts. If their fears are belied by continuing evidence of low inflation, their expectations will change too.

Without provoking a headlong confrontation with bond markets, central bankers can help to lead short-term and long-term interest rates lower if they quietly persist in relaxation

They can do this so long as nominal demand is increasing too slowly, and they satisfy financial markets they will quickly switch into reverse if and when the evidence changes. This, of course, is easier where central banks are independently accountable.

In a fascinating article in The Times (February 22) Anatole Kaletsky argued that German hand vields are being adversely affected by a specific effect ahead of European economic and monetary union namely fear of being repaid in less valuable euros instead of marks. The accompanying chart shows German bond yields indeed rose above American ones in 1995, but that the peak differential was last June rather than in recent months when the most acute Emu fears were expressed.

Nevertheless, there surely is an Emu effect, which is most clearly visible in a drift of German savings to Switzerland. German bonds have for some time yielded about 2 percentage points more than Swiss ones, but the differential has been extremely volatile. The clearest sign has been the low and falling level of the D-Mark

against the Swiss franc. It is doubtful whether the Swiss economy can absorb the full force of a flight of German funk money. Sooner or later, any persistent and deep-seated weakening of confidence in the German currency is likely to have an effect on the

D-Mark-dollar rate. Some observers have expected a world currency realignment to come from a market realisation that the dollar is undervalued. But this is another belief that needs checking against the evidence. For as the chart shows, the real dollar exchange rate is only low against indices, such as the IMF one, which are based on a handful of industrial countries and leave out nations accounting for some 40 per cent of US trade. More broadly based indices, like the Dallas Federal Reserve Bank, show the real effective rate for the dollar has changed little since the 1987 Louvre Accord. Any shakeout in the D-Mark-dollar rate is thus more likely to start from the side of the D-Mark. Such a loss of confidence in the currency would not be pleasant while i lasted but it still might furnish the shot in the arm the German economy needs and provide a breathing space to get on with more fundamental reform of the labour markets and the regulatory system.

The best way of getting rid of the Emu effect would be if one of the rumours of a secret agreement to merge the D-Mark and the French franc overnight proved correct. A euro starting in this way

would have the best possible send-off. And in any case, the reality would be seen by the markets to be less threatening than the current vague

Alas, any such development remains a wistful dream. The reality is German leaders are not prepared either to jettison Emu or implement it over night, but pledged to travel ploddingly along the Maastricht route. Meanwhile, we will have to muddle through.

BOOK REVIEW · Anders Aslund

SOCIALISM, CAPITALISM, TRANSFORMATION: By Leszek Balcerowicz

Central European University Press, 377pp, £37.50 (£14.99 papertial)

A shock therapist's radical prescription

Six years ago Poland was an eastern European basket case, suffering hyperinflation,

defaulting on its international debts, and seemingly on the brink of starvation. Yet today, the Polish economy is the most dynamic in Europe (apart from Albania's) with a growth rate of 7 per cent a year. How could this economic wonder have happened?

The turning point was the "Balcerowicz programme", launched in January 1990 by Leszek Balcerowicz, minister of finance and deputy prime minister in the country's first nonsocialist post-war government. Its author, a young Warsaw professor of economics, became known as the "father of shock therapy" as a result of the programme's immediate effects on the Polish economy.

In this book, Prof Balcerowicz brings together 17 academic articles that summarise his research on the process of radical economic transformation (as he prefers to describe his programme). It is an impressive volume which makes a convincing case for the postcommunist transition to be as rapid as possible.

One reason for preferring a radical approach was the failure of many attempts to reform socialism. Since the socialist system was all-embracing, minor reforms were invariably reversed. Balcerowicz's early conclusion was that reform must be sufficiently far-reaching to break out of the socialist system.

Another reason was psychological. People find it easier to accept that a change is irreversible if it is radical. Slow reform brings the political danger of losing direction, ending in policy reversal.

When Balcerowicz was catapulted into power, his immediate concern was to control hyperinflation and deal with rampant shortages. He saw no

nearly all prices, make the currency almost convertible. balance the budget and impose a strict monetary policy. Within a couple of weeks, the streets were full of goods; after two months inflation was under control - though it remained too high.

The programme ran into fierce opposition, as the economy contracted and unemployment mounted - but it returned Poland to economic growth in 1992, before other central European countries. Reformers in the former Soviet Union who adopted a more hesitant approach are still waiting for an upturn.

In hindsight, Polish economic performance looks much better. Gross domestic product appears to have fallen by between 5 per cent and 10 per cent in 1990 and 1991, less than anywhere else in the region. In Romania, which opted for grad-ual reform, GDP fell by more than 30 per cent after the collapse of communism.

The author emphasises the connections between elements of his reform package. When domestic prices were liberalised, foreign competition was needed to introduce competition swiftly, and that needed a high degree of currency convertibility early on. Lifting restrictions on private enterprises was also vital to create

new domestic competition. Many argue that privatisa-tion of state enterprises should have been given priority. Balcerowicz agrees, but points out that privatisation takes time and can be accelerated by fast liberalisation and financial stabilisation. When state enterprises ceased to receive government money, they were forced to sell or lease assets - creating new private enterprises. He regrets that Poland's plans for large-scale privatisation have yet to succeed, but other forms of private enterprise have

Balcerowicz believes that

important in reinforcing his programme. The Polish National Bank was independent from the outset and guaranteed monetary restraint Introducing currency convertibility and pegging the exchange rate provided other checks on economic policies. A large private sector now secures the market economy against political reversals.

But one question that troubles Balcerowicz is the rejection of the Polish economic reformers in the 1993 perliamentary and 1995 presidential elections. He believes the main problem was the split in Solidarity, the anti-communist movement, when Lech Walesa insisted on running for presi dent in 1990 against the wishes of the Solidarity government led by Tadeusz Mazowiecki.

Election campaigns during the early years of the transformation to capitalism encouraged demagogic attacks on the reforms. Although the national press largely supported the reform programme, television provided a powerful platform for the demagogues.

The problem was not the economic reforms, but the political process - and Balcerowicz admits that the reformers were poor at propaganda. They were not helped by the steady rise of unemployment during the two first years of reform.

One point that should concern western Europeans, however, is the conspicuous absence of the European Union from the Balcerowicz account it is briefly mentioned twice. Although the EU provided early food aid, it was the US treasury and the International Monetary Fund which promoted the financial aid that underpinned Polish reforms.

of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace in Washington, and an economic adviser to the Ukrainian

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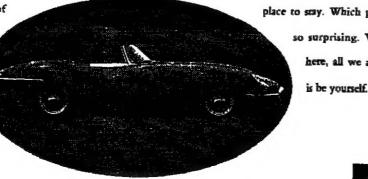
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·LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

We are keen to encourage letters from readers around the world. Letters may be faxed to +44 171-873.5938 (please set fix to 'fine'). e.mail: letters.editor@ft.com Translation may be available for letters written in the main international languages.

Irony of characterisation of failed Fed nominee

From Mr Doug Henwood. Sir, It has been amusing to watch the evolution of Michael Prowse's love affair with America, or at least the Friedrich Hayek and Herbert Spencer-quoting part of this

strange country. In his characterisation of the failed Federal Reserve nominee Mr Felix Rohatyn as "a passionate advocate of higher government spending" who makes the now-retired Alan Blinder look "moderate by comparison" ("Hat trick for Alan", February 26), Prowse

utterly fell for the right-wing interpretation of Felix one justified perhaps by a reading of his long, soporific "essays", but not by his record

Let's review that record. Rohatyn cut his political teeth devising an austerity plan for New York City after its mid-1970s fiscal crisis, and he supervised the city's adherence to that plan for the better part of the next 20 years.

That austerity plan was quite clearly the model for a variety of such schemes

applied around the world, from Mexico in 1982 to Washington DC, our bankrupt capital city, in 1995. He also pioneered the

reorganisation of supposedly democratic governments into entities run by and for their creditors.

As an investment banker, Rohatyn has done nothing but make deals on a grand scale. He sat by Harold Geneen's side in the 1960s as they jointly put together FIT.

He then served as matchmaker for GE and RCA, and countless other giant mergers of the last 20 years. It is a measure of how far to the right American politics have moved that someone like Robatyn - a paragon of Wall Street orthodoxy - should be perceived by both Senators and

visiting British columnists as

divisive and radical Dong Henwood, Left Business Observer, 250 ₩ 85 St,

New York NY 10024-3217.

No maturity in arms sales

From Mr John Otranto. Sir, Your courage in questioning the maturity of Britain's democracy ("A mature democracy", February deserves admiration. Indeed the question could be asked of each democratic government engaged in the \$500bn global arms trade.

Clearly, any answer depends

on the meaning of "mature". "Complete in natural growth; ripe; fully developed in mind and body" is inadequate to deal with the moral and ethical issues here. The philosophical concept behind "mature" involves control over satisfying immediate, base desires, and choosing elevated, more lasting goals over instant gratification. Developing will-control, including the process of discerning moral meaning and opting for higher values, is the essence of "maturation".

How can it be mature to promote weapons sales when the brutality and killing associated with the tools of war are immoral? When "defensive" can turn to "offensive", how can the sale of guns, bombs and war aircraft, for the satisfaction of profit, be considered other than morally bankrupt? Can there be any doubt that, before the world enjoys collective security, there must be global

John Otranto, Dammweg 3, 85655 Grosshelfendorf,

Cost of UK job creation can be modest

From Mr John Edmonds. Sir. Pamela Meadows' Personal View (February 27) about the opportunities of reducing unemployment was encouraging. However, we should not overstate the cost of job creation.

Work by Roger Berry, Michael Kitson and Jonathan Michie for the Full Employment Forum shows 1m

full time, well-paid jobs could be created at a net cost of less than 1.5 per cent of national income. A more modest plan for 500,000 25-hour week jobs in the public services would cost well under £2bn, according to research by Gerald Holtham

Policy Research.

and Ken Mayhew for the think tank, the Institute of Public The cost of job creation is so modest because the cost of keeping people on the dole is so high - close to £10,000 for each unemployed claimant

John Edmonds, general-secretary, GMB Union, president, Full Employment Forum. 22-24 Worple Road. London SW19 4DD. UK

Pretence of Bank interest rate forecasts

that these projections are

From Prof K.F. Wallis. Sir, Mervyn King (Letters, February 27) says that it is not the Bank of England's job to publish an internally consistent forecast of the likely future course of interest rates and inflation, jointly. Rather, the Bank advises the chancellor of the exchequer on the likely consequences of leaving interest rates unchanged, and so only publishes a projection based on this assumption. But its Inflation Report then pretends

comparable with forecasts produced by other forecasters who are predicting both inflation and interest rates This is simply not true. And if the Bank won't produce a joint forecast of interest rates and inflation, maybe the chancellor should. As Sir Terence Burns put it in his South Bank Business School lecture last December, "predictability and stability both make for a higher reading on any 'feel good' index".

Finally, yes, the Bank's openness about the range of uncertainty surrounding its projections and its attempts to quantify this are welcome. All forecasters should publish such information - on how well they've done in the past, as the Treasury does, and how uncertain they are about the

K.F. Wallis, professor of econometrics, University of Warwick Coventry CV4 7AL, UK

Poor alternative to central bank independence

to look after their country's

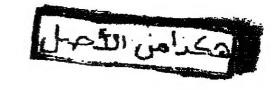
From Mr Walter Grey. Sir, If Dr Bimal Prodhan (Letters, February 17/18) supposed, contrary to the Maastricht treaty, that countries intent on sharing a "common" currency should "jettison the independence of central banks as an objective". then what, may one ask, is his preferred alternative? Are, on the record,

politicians to be better trusted

true economic interest, and in particular keep its currency safe and sound, at all stages of the electoral cycle? And should, by much the same token, the independent judiciary too be given its marching orders? A central bank's independence from political control in the discharge of its statutory duties does not, of

course, exclude proper accountability to parliament for its performance, if its strategy of, say, permanently low inflation as a prerequisite of permanently positive growth is to carry the necessary conviction.

Walter Grey, 12 Arden Road. Finchley. London N3 8AN, UK



Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

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A last chance

for peace

Mr Major, however, has taken

Bruton's view that a new ceasefire

should be the only precondition

for Sinn Féin's entry into all-party

negotiations. If the bombing stope

Mr Gerry Adams, the Sinn Fein

president, is now required to give an unequivocal commitment to

exclusively democratic politics

This is as far as any British gov

ernment could have gone in seek-

ing to bring the Republican move-ment back into a peace process.

Many unionists will argue that it

goes too far. But it does have the

merit of removing once and for all

any pretence on the part of Mr Adams that he is being unfairly

excluded from the political pro-

cess. There can be no more excuses for bombs. Sinn Fein has

been presented with a totally transparent choice between poli-

In that respect, this latest initia-

tive represents what one Irish official termed the two governments'
"best shot" in their efforts to pre-

vent a return to violence, a last

chance for peace. London and

Dublin must be clear, however,

that if the bombing does not stop, negotiations will go ahead without

Sinn Fein. The message to the IRA

is then that while it can exclude

Republicans from the process it

which has about 19 per cent, and

just ahead of Shell's 14.5 per cent.

In the UK commercial market, it

appears the venture would have

just under 12 per cent, slightly

The greatest uncertainty is sim-

ply whether the two partners have the will to overcome the inevitable

strains of such a combination.

ing partnerships in the oil indus-

try, particularly upstream; not

least Aramco, the world's largest

oil producer, which began life in

the 1930s as the Arabian American

Oil Company. The US's Caltex,

itself a joint venture between

Chevron and Texaco, last year

formed Australian Petroleum by

merging its own petroleum

operations with those of Pioneer

However, the changing distribu-

tion of costs and profits within a

longstanding partnership almost

inevitably causes strains. Caltex last year pulled out of its 44-year

joint venture with Nippon Oil

which was only marginally profit-

able even in good years. Caltex

found itself shouldering much of the refining costs, while its part-

ner retained full control over the

Such examples emphasise the

incentive to co-operate in the oil

industry; tough competition is the glue holding partnerships

together. But once the immediate

gains have been achieved, such

combinations may prove an

more lucrative marketing end.

ahead of Shell and Exxon.

THESE WAS INDUSTRIES

International.

tics and terrorism.

Oily mixture

only at the start of negotiations

rather than in advance.

It cannot be predicted with any

confidence that the latest Anglo-

Irish initiative will restore the

recently-broken peace to Northern Ireland. The suspicion of most offi-

cials and ministers is that the IRA

is one again set upon a long and

bloody campaign of violence. But

Mr John Major and Mr John Bru-

ton, the UK and Irish prime minis-

ters, were right to restore momen-tum to political negotiations. In setting a firm date of June 10

for all-party negotiations, London

and Dublin will arouse suspicions

that they have given in to the

terrorists who have twice bombed

London in the last few weeks. It

would have been more damaging, however, to have abandoned in

the face of the IRA campaign the

search for a new political settle-ment in the province. That would

have handed to the IRA an effec-

The road to the proposed negoti-

ations will not be smooth. The

planned intensive talks on the

shape of a new elected forum will

throw up sharp differences not

only between unionists and

nationalists but also between the

two unionist parties. Mr Major might have to decide unilaterally on the form of elections. That

would leave one or other of the

parties nursing serious resent-

ments. Meanwhile the proposal of

the mainly-Catholic SDLP for a

simultaneous referendum has yet

As for Sinn Fein, the two gov-

ernments have indicated that it

will gain entry to the all-party

The motivation behind the new

joint venture which British Petro-

leum and Mobil announce today is

not hard to spot. It offers - in

principle - some respite from the

ferociously competitive conditions

of the fuel market. Yet the deal

does not, on first analysis, appear

to increase market power so much

that competition concerns are

its success lie in implementation.

There are successful precedents,

but experience shows that such

ventures can easily founder when

partners spend too little time

lubricating the inevitable points of

The plan to merge the down-

stream operations of the two

groups appears to be driven

largely by the opportunity for cost cutting. The combination should dramatically streamline distribu-

tion and retailing, allowing trim-

ming of costs along the chain. It is

possible too, that the deal could

give the new venture more power

to raise prices in some regions.

However, it is hard to imagine,

given the vigour of competition,

It also appears, on preliminary

analysis, that overall market share does not arouse competition

concerns. In the European market,

industry estimates suggest the

combination will have 12 per cent

of the fuels market and 18 per cent

of lubricants. In the UK retail

market, estimates indicate it

would have about a 16 per cent share, putting it after Exxon,

for this last phase of British rule.

what happens to Hong Kong after

1997 as it does about engineering a smooth and dignified exit. That

Britain will retain a duty of care

towards Hong Kong after 1997 is written into its original agreement with China. This provided for meetings of the bilateral joint liai-

son group to continue until the

end of the decade. Besides, as UK officials nowadays stress, British

concern for Hong Kong is natural

given its large investments there.

Britain's positive approach by announcing that the UK will grant

visa-free access to holders of the special passports that China will

issue to Hong Kong residents after

1997. The risks are small. The conditions under which the passports will be issued are relatively tight.

so there is little scope for abuse by mainland Chinese. But if the UK

insists on visas, Hong Kong may

find it hard to get the new pass-

port accepted by other countries.

China would almost certainly

impose visa requirements on visit-

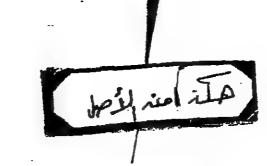
Mr Major could emphasise

that this would be extensive.

friction.

to be seriously debated.

tive veto over democracy.



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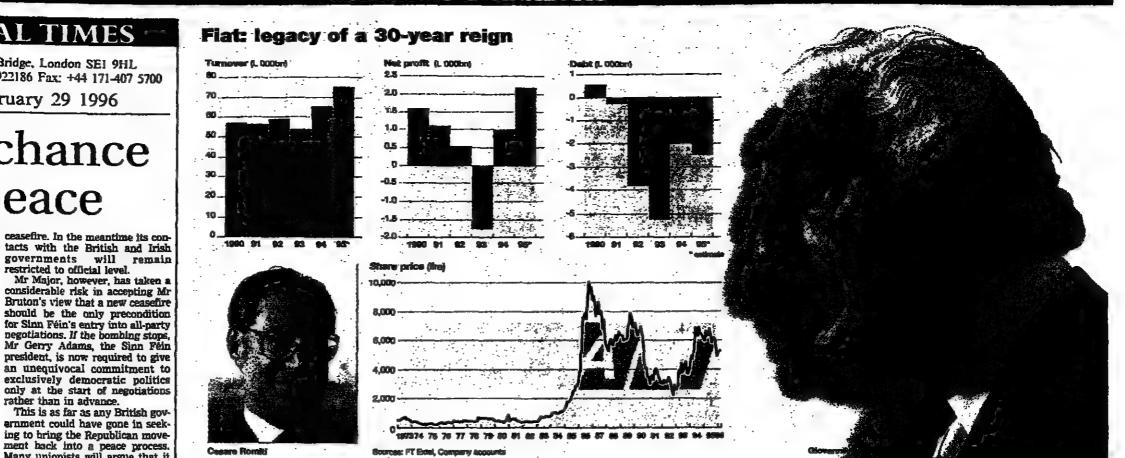
independence

Mr Major in HK

of Britain's willingness to work

He could then permit himself some plain speaking on the consti-tutional issues. The UK is on delicate ground over China's plan to abolish the Legislative Council elected last year under Governor Chris Patten's democratic reforms It must continue to oppose China's plan, but try to avoid a row which

too, wants a successful handover not least to promote its claim to Taiwan. But its hopes will almost certainly be dashed if it begins by unwinding existing legislation on human rights and dismantling LegCo. Britain cannot stop China from taking this course, but it can point to the price it will pay for abolishing an institution which is working effectively and enjoys popular support. Mr Major should make the risks clear, both privately in his meeting with Chinese Prime Minister Li Peng in



A big wheel but not yet global

The departure of Giovanni Agnelli leaves Fiat still short of its ambition to be in the top league of carmakers, writes **Robert Graham**

meeting at Fiat's beadquarters in Turin yesterday, Mr Giovanni Agnelli stepped down from the chairmanship after 30 years at the belm of italy's largest private group.

It is only the fourth change of chairman in the 97 years of the automotive group's existence, a stability that has helped Fiat to survive political upheavals, economic crises and business downturns. The band-over comes with the group back in profit after two tough years and with a 13 per cent share of the European car market on the back of three successful new models.

But the core business of cars and trucks faces ever tougher competition and Fiat has yet to demonstrate it can be one of the global carmakers. In the only farewell interview Mr Agnelli has given to an italian newspaper, he only had one regret. "My greatest disappoint-ment was not to be able to create a big automotive group in Europe."

His links with the company began in 1943 when he served an appren-ticeship at its Turin plant. When he took up the reins as chairman in 1966, he inherited a highly profit-

In the mid-1970s, he began a suc-cessful partnership with Mr Cesare Romiti, who succeeds him as chairman for the next three years. Mr Romiti assumed the role of the tough manager willing to take on the unions and keep line manage-ment in shape. This enabled Mr Agnelli to deal with broader strategy, worry about the world car industry, open international doors and - when necessary - prod the Italian government of the day.

"I have never felt a subordinate to the 'boss' Agnelli but always on the same level," Mr Romiti commented recently. "With L'avvocato [the lawyer, the nickname by which Agnelli is generally known] there has been a perfect equilibrium." Since Mr Agnelli was the senior

member of the family that was the departing Mr Giovanni Agnelli. Mr

main shareholder in Fiat, the part- Fiat. The timing appeared linked to nership was able to act without fearing reversal by the board or other shareholders. This was espe-cially important when worker militancy led to near anarchy in Fiat's Turin factories in the late 1970s; or when in 1993 the group had to raise L6,000bn (\$3.2bn) and trim costs to meet a downturn in the car market.

Mr Agnelli, with his affable style and clear authority, personified Fiat in a way unique in international business. Thirty years at the head of a heavily diversified group with output equivalent to 4 per cent of gross domestic product and 240,000 employees has converted him into he spokesman for Italian business He is widely referred to as "the uncrowned king of italy".

Mr Agnelli has made no secret of his desire to step down, especially after a heart by-pass operation last year. But the timing of his retirechairmanship - caught everyone by man will be an interregnum, with surprise, not least many within obligatory retirement in three tion, defence, insurance, railway

continuing investigations into alleged corruption in the group and its subsidiaries as part of the magistracy's anti-corruption drive since 1992. Fiat, like all major Italian groups, has found itself involved in the corruption scandals that have engulfed Italian industry and politics since 1992.

At first company policy was to deny any involvement, but in 1993 Mr Agnelli publicly admitted that Fiat had paid bribes to politicians over a decade. There was no suggestion he was directly involved and he is one of the few leading businessmen not to have been implicated. Mr Romiti is under investigation for allegedly running a set of parallel accounts and making illicit payments to political parties. Fiat watchers say Mr Agnelli's departure and Mr Romiti's promotion was a way of demonstrating the family's years. During this time, he and the Agnelli family will have to resolve a number of key issues. One is the relationship between the ownership of Fiat and manage-

ment. Fiat has four main shareholders in addition to the Agnelli family: Alcatel, the French industrial group; Mediobanca, the powerful dilan merchant bank; Generali, the insurance group; and Deutsche Bank. For any major decision, the Agnellis must have the backing of two of the four syndicate members which they have always secured. However, the family appears

determined to increase its holdings and is ready to buy the 2 per cent stake which Alcatel wants to sell. Strengthening the family hold on such a large group is unlikely to aupeal to other investors unless it becomes more open in its dealings. A second issue is the shape of Flat and the extent to which it - with Mr Romiti's move to the tor. However, his period as chair- tive business. The group's activities span aviation, chemicals, construc-

rolling stock and publishing. Contrary to a worldwide trend towards focusing on a limited range of products, Fiat still prefers diversity. The sole attempt at rationalisation was last year's plan to hive off its chemical and bio-engineering interests into Super-Gemina, a new group to be formed with Ferruzzi-Montedison. However, this came to grief after shareholder criticism and the revelation of unexpected losses in one of the companies to be merged.

he third issue is that of alliances in the motor business. Fiat has been involved in talks with several carmakers from other countries and there have been persistent rumours about a marriage with Renault, of France, But Mr Romiti appears to favour co-operation with foreign partners on specific projects, such as the new ault, rather than merger or cross shareholdings.

Linked to future alliances is Flat's global presence as a car producer. Flat has traditionally rooted the bulk of its production within Italy and has been slow to locate overseas with the exception of South America. In the past five years it has established a solid presence in Poland with a view to cap-turing a share of the eastern European market and it lays much store on the "global" car, called the palio, to be produced in emerging markets such as Mexico and the Far East. But it is not clear whether Fiat has the resources or the courage to begin thinking of heavy new invest-

ments when it is just recovering from the huge effort of pulling out of the 1993 trough. Ultimately Fiat faces the challenge of being less Italian and more international. But after Mr Agnelli's 30 years at the helm, it remains a

Managers for an interregnum

be key figure in the new Fiat management that chief executive, is likely to retain a took control yesterday is close interest in management. His office is Giovanni Albert Mr Panio Centarella. Having proved himself an effec-tive overlord of Fint's car division, which accounts for half of group turnover, he has been promoted to

chief executive officer.

He will have broad responsibility for the co-ordination of all the group divisions, and will also have a hand in strategy.

The 52-year-old Mr Cantarella is an engineer by training and has always been interested in the technical side of the motor business since joining Fiat in 1977. He will be reporting to Mr Cesare Romiti, whose role as chairman is unlikely to be as detached as that of the

mandate lasts until 1999, giving him time to shape policies for the next century and prepare for the next generation of Agnellia. Fiat indicated yesterday that it

would not be replacing Mr Giorgio Garazzo, who resigned this week as the number three at Fiat. When it came to promotion, he was passed over in favour of Mr

Cantarella and left with some bitterness, feeling that Mr Romiti had been given the credit for much of his own work. In contrast, Mr Cantarella had a

good working relationship with Mr Romiti, who attributes to him the success of the new Bravo and Brava models and a revamping of

Already being groomed for high office is Giovanni Alberto Agnelli, the 31-year-old son of Umberto, Giovanni Agnelli's younger brother. The DS-educated Glovenni Alberto is on the Fiat board but is currently chief executive at Piag-

gio, the motor-cycle producer, where he is reported to have impressed his peers.
In theory, the next three years of Mr Romiti's interregnum would give him time to work himself into Fiat to assume the leadership in 2000. Mr Romiti is only the second

non-family member to be chairman since Fiat was founded. Another important new top manager is Mr Roberto Testore, who

takes over responsibility for the cars division, Fiat Auto.

Turin-based company, recruiting largely from within. If Fiat is to become a global carmaker, the new generation at the top will have to resolve some of these questions.

OBSERVER

No laughing matter

So who said German humour. was an oxymoron? At a lunch hosted by the Deutsche Börse in London yesterday, German financial types were trading jokes like hot stocks.

Frederick Hopson, a board member of Germany's Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen, told the one about the Frenchman, German and Englishman all condemned to die. Asked for their last wishes, the Frenchman wants a meal, the German to make one last speech and the Brit to be executed before the German speaks.

Hopson, who had been invited to extol the virtues of the exchange's electronic derivatives trading system, certainly had the last augh. He not only professed his preference for open-outcry dealing; as practised by such rival Liffe in London, but also predicted that London would become the offshore centre for trading in Europe. He may have upset his hosts - but at least he's backed his judgment by moving in to a four storey house

Short-changed "Senior European financial directors say No to the European . Union and a single currency trumpets a study published

yesterday by a British-based outfit called Hyperion Consultancy. But, before the UK's

Eurosceptics get too excited, they had better read the survey - a few pages into which it emerges that almost half of the finance directors involved were actually neutral about a single currency. Nearly a third thought it would be good for

So was this a typing slip? Notquite, says Hyperion. In fact, most UK respondents had been lukewarm about a single corrency. However, the rest of Europe had been broadly positive - a fact that did not quite come across in the eye catching headline 'Maybe we have not been totally

clear", murmurs Richard Hawksworth, Hyperion's marketing manager. Some European politicians might draw a rather more damning conclusion.

Skulduggery

South African witch doctor, is finally flying home with the long lost skull of his great, great uncle, King Khutsa, which he found in the Scottish Highlands. Is this really the skull of the last Xhosa monarch, or one of the great heaves of the decade?

Ring Bintsa was killed by a British soldier during the colonial wars in the Eastern Cape 160 years ago and his head was said to have been taken back to Britain as a

souvenir by members of the 72nd Regiment, then based at Fort George, Inverness, Gcaleka says he. retrieved the skull from a remore cottage north of Inverness, and the British media has given him a .

sympathetic hearing.

However, back home in South Africa, the chief's trip to Britain has been treated with some suspicion. Amos Philip, chairmen of the Eastern Cape Traditional Medical Practitioners' Association, says that there is "something fishy about all this skull-hunting" "First Gcaleka said that the skull-

was at an army base, then in a forest, and now it has been found in an outbuilding" says Philip. Sounds like Gcaleka might have to take a lie detector test.

Do you read me? South Carolina based Air South has written to Tampa International Airport to say it was "reorienting its structure to meet an updated hub bypass business plan strategy now being implemented." Ending flights to Tampa, in other words.

Chatter boxes

■ The Europe/Asia summit which opens in Bangkok today is excellent news for interpreters. A veritable Tower of Babel is promised, with 17 languages to cater for - far more than even the United Nations is prepared to

tolerate. It is bringing work to 90 The product of their efforts will not, however, be exactly simultaneous. Under tortuously elaborate arrangements, European interpreters will share the load

with their Asian colleagues. Thus when, for example, Vietnam's prime minister Vo Van Kiet is pontificating in Vietnamese, his words will be translated first into English by an Asjan interpreter and only then into European languages like Finnish, and Portuguese. Planty of scope for misunderstandings in that, Even the harassed officials who set up the deal admit there may be a "slight delay" in getting the age across.

Meanwhile, the Thai government, which is hosting the meeting, has had to hire 17 additional interpreters' booths from Brahler, a German company, to equip the interpreters. The cost for just one and a half days is apparently a princely \$20,000. Doubtless Brahler knows in which language to deliver its invoice.

Sensational work ■ There seems no end to the inventiveness of the men in white (lab) coats. Swiss pharma giant Ciba-Geigy and Isis Pharmaceuticals of California are very proud about their new way of discovering drugs. It is called "antisense" technology.

Financial Times

100 years ago The United States and Spain

Washington:- The meeting of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations resulted in more vigorous action concerning Cuba being decided upon than was expected. The Committee determined, after a debate, not to accept the resolution put forward by the House of Representatives' Committee or Foreign Affairs, but to adopt a stronger one in its place: "Resolved, that in the opinion of Congress a condition of war exists between the Government of Spain and the Government proclaimed some time since and maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba, and that the United States of America should maintain neutrality between the contending powers." Delayed cartificates Letter to the Editor: I think the name of Randfontein should be added to your list of companies withholding certificates from shareholders of many months' standing. It appears to me that when there is active dealing in the shares of a company, the

transfer fees must amount to a considerable sum, and the question arises whether the receipt of a transfer fee does not entail an obligation of the company to carry the transaction through to its final stage, namely the issuing of the

THE CLOSE TOR.

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te forecasts

Fank of the part o

ing UK businessmen. That would be a bad start. Mr Major could also take advan- Bangkok tonight and publicly tage of the Asia-Europe summit in when he arrives in Hong Kong.

This weekend's visit to Hong Kong by Mr John Major, UK prime minister, is well-timed. With just triation of boat people. Such a from Vietnam to speed up reap-triation of boat people. Such a pledge would please both China, which is insisting on the problem under 500 days to go, the colony is entering the final stage of prepara-tions for its handover to China. Mr Major's visit should set the tone being dealt with before 1997, and the people of Hong Kong, who want to see the boat people move on. Were he to come with a deal The message he must take is that the UK cares as much about on this as well as on visas, Mr Major would show definite proof

constructively on 1997.

would undermine practical arrangements for the handover. The best approach is to appear to China's self-interest. Beljing



FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday February 29 1996



Tel: 0171 495 5633 Fex: 0171 495 5634

Surprise Arizona victory deals blow to Dole Russia to

Republican race is wide open after Forbes win

The campaign for the Republican party's presidential nomination has been blown wide open by the surprise victory of Mr Steve Forbes, the millionaire publisher, in Tuesday's Arizona primary.

The result dealt a further blow to the campaign of Senator Bob Dole, the Senate majority leader, who ran second to Mr Forbes in Arizona, although he managed wins in lesser primaries in North and South Dakota. Mr Dole said victory in the next state vote, South Carolina on Saturday, was essential for the future of his

candidacy. Mr Forbes, who had made Arizona the centrepiece of his cam-paign, won the winner-takes-all poll with 33 per cent of the vote of registered Republicans. Mr Dole gained 30 per cent and Mr Pat Buchanan, the conservative commentator who drew enthusiastic crowds in the state, polled third with 27 per cent. Mr Lamar Alexander, former Tennessee governor, finished a distant fourth with 7 per cent.

all-party

Continued from Page 1

Exit polls showed Arizona voters preferred Mr Forbes for his proposal to introduce a flat-rate income tax, with many moderates choosing him over Mr Dole. Mr Buchanan's protectionist and isolationist policies were rejected by many voters, who said he was

too extreme to be president. in North Dakota, in Mr Dole's native Midwest, he won with 42 per cent of the vote, well ahead of Mr Forbes, who came second, and Mr Buchanan. In South Dakota, Mr Dole won with 45 per cent of the vote, trailed by Mr Buchanan in second place and Mr Forbes. Mr Alexander polled only single

Mr Dole could scarcely contain his annoyance at Mr Forbes's strong showing in Arizona. "The guy's trying to buy the election," he said.

An obviously deflated Mr Buch-anan, noting that Mr Forbes had spent \$4m on television advertising in the state to win 111,000 votes, complained: "Clearly our momentum is not enough to overcome \$40 a vote The Arizons result has made

ride for Mr Dole, more unpredictable as it enters a period of extraordinary intensity, with 22 states voting before the end of March. Mr Dole, Mr Buchanan, Mr Forbes and Mr Alexander can all credibly claim they have a chance at the nomination.

Voter support, as reflected by opinion polls, has shown high volatility. Mr Forbes shot to prominence before the Iowa caucus, sank to obscurity after it and has now regained his footing. Mr Buchanan soared on the back of a strong Iowa showing to win the primary in New Hampshire, only to sink again on the basis of his third place finish in Arizona.

Mr Alexander, once viewed as the main moderate challenger to Mr Dole, has temporarily faded from view after his poor fourth in

After Arizona, Mr Forbes can again claim first place in terms of campaign momentum. But it is unclear whether he can maintain that momentum in the south.

No star is born, Page 6

Date set for Japanese bankers urged to quit over Ulster talks

recent bombings in London, Mr

David Wilshire, vice-chairman of the Tory backbeach Northern Ireland committee, described the proposals as "another Munich". UK ministers, he said, had gurrendered the principle that para-military arms decommissioning should begin in parallel with the

talks. "I see this as capitulation and appeasement", he said. In parliament Mr Major rejected any suggestion that the gov-ernment was selling out. "It is perfectly true that I could stay in a trench and set up 100 good reasons for doing nothing," he said. "Were I to do that, my successors would still be standing

here in 50 years time in the same There was a sceptical reaction from Mr David Trimble, leader of Northern Ireland's biggest party. the Ulster Unionists. He said he would be unable to sit down in it had accepted the Mitchell recommendations and the IRA

had begun to address the question of decommissioning. The two governments made their commitment to a firm start date for talks following strong representations from Mr John Hume, leader of the SDLP, that

Hume, leader of the SDLP, that such a move would persuade the IRA to renew the ceasefire.

Mr Gerry Adams, Sinn Féin's leader, gave only a cautious welcome to the proposals. "Many will remain sceptical of this commitment in the context of British and fifth and at Miner?" he said. bad faith and stalling," be said.

housing loan groups

The Japanese government yesterday raised the prospect of a mass resignation by top execu-tives at Japan's leading banks when it usual them. when it urged them to take greater responsibility for their role in the collapse of the country's bankrupt housing loan com-

panies or jusen.
At a meeting with the leaders of some of the largest lenders, Mr Tadashi Ogawa, the most senior official at the finance ministry. suggested managements of the banks that had founded the housing loan companies should reflect on their responsibility and act accordingly. Ministry officials confirmed the subtle phraseology usually meant resignation.

But bankers seemed reluctant to comply with the request. Mr Toru Hashimoto, president of Federation of Bankers Associations, said the banks had already done all they could to acknow

edge their responsibility. In Japan, corporate responsibil-ity for publicly shaming inci-dents is usually expiated by resignations of the top management of the company. But in the jusen case such a move would be tricky. More than 100 of the country's banks were involved in founding the *jusen*, including nearly all 21 biggest banks.

The government is anxious to deflect public criticism of its planned bailout of the housing

lapsed under a pile of non-performing loans. It has agreed to spend Y685bn (\$6.4bn) towards their liquidation, a move that is deeply unpopular among the Japanese public. An opinion poll in a national newspaper yesterday suggested 87 per cent of voters were opposed to the plan, which must be approved by parliament

in the next few weeks. Mr Ogawa said he had merely been conveying the views of Mr Wataru Kubo, finance minister, who in the past few days has made a series of attempts to coerce banks to shoulder more of the blame.

On Monday he suggested they should be required to contribute more money to the planned liquidation and on Tuesday he appeared to demand the managements' mass resignations. Yesterday Mr Kubo said he would consider using legal measures to force them to take action.

But the banks, which are required to write off more than Y5,000bn in loans to the jusen, have said they cannot accept any additional contribution.

Although the resignations are usually symbolic, with the executive continuing to serve in an advisory capacity, the prospect of a wave of senior management changes would be unnerving for Japan's financial confidence.

Japanese financial crisis hits Equion, Page 13

FT WEATHER GUIDE

put lower priority on state sell-offs

Privatisation is to have a lower priority in Russia, the government indicated yesterday, raising the possibility there may be no sell-off programme this year. Mr Alexander Kazakov, who

became head of Russia's state property committee late last year, said his chief challenges vere to develop stock market infrastructure, enforce shareholder rights and manage state property more effectively.

"The strategic policy of privatisation has not been abolished but privatisation will no longer be a priority of the committee as it was for my predecessors," he

Mr Kazakov's comments sit oddly with commitments the Russian government made last week to press ahead with privatisation in its agreement with the International Monetary Fund on a \$10.2bn loan. They also raise questions about the govern-ment's ability to finance its budget deficit this year.

Senior western economists in Moscow last night expressed surprise at Mr Kazakov's statements. "I do not know whether his views were for political consumption or whether you should interpret them as a fundamental shift," said one.

In Moscow last week Mr Michel Camdessus, IMF managing director, stressed that continuing

progress on privatising state assets was an important part of the reform programme agreed with Moscow. The programme ruled out any "backtracking in this domain", he said.

Mr Kazakov said the government would learn lessons from its "shares-for-loans" privatisation programme, which provoked a storm of controversy last year, and hinted that some of these deals might even be reversed. He said it was "inexpedient" to

continue privatising companies by transferring state shareholdings to a clique of banks in return for loans. The government would try to sell companies on a more considered case-by-case Mr Kazakov was closely

involved with Russia's original mass privatisation programme, which was spearheaded by the state property committee, and his appointment was viewed as a sop

Financial analysts said it would make tactical sense for the government to delay big major privatisations until after June's presidential election as asset

prices remain depressed.

But the government will remain under pressure to raise money from privatisation sales later this year. The 1996 federal budget includes privatisation receipts of about Rbs12,400bn (\$2.58bn),or almost 4 per cent of total budget revenues

in rationalising their European refi-nery operations. But over-capacity in refining is not the only explanation for depressed "downstream" returns in showed, there is growing competition in selling petrol too. By putting their downstream operations together, BP and Mobil should be able to limit the damage by cutting costs and strengthening brands. They are unlikely to have enough market share to influence prices much. But where the companies are operating parallel distribution networks, the scope for savings should be substantial - comfortably

Of course, the deal is not likely to be snag-free. Putting the operations together under the direction of a single company - BP for petrol stations, refining and fuel sales; Mobil for lubricants - is likely to be a testing management project, especially since the companies' assets will remain legally their own. In the worst scenario, it could all end in tears. Moreover the combined businesses will not have a market share substantially ahead of their biggest competitors - which means the new economies of scale will not, by themselves, give BP or Mobil a competitive edge over their peers.

is not what one expects from a growth business. It is no wonder then that shares in Nokia dropped 7 per cent yesterday after the Finnish mobile phones manufacturer warned of a significant profits shortfall in the first half of this year. The share price has now fallen by more than 50 per cent since September

As it happens, the 1996 results were actually quite good, with a 40 per cent advance in sales producing a 31 per cent jump in earnings. Moreover, Nokla's decision to pull out of its ailing television business is laudable and contrasts with the lingering death Philips is inflicting on its Grundig sub-

sidiary in Germany.

But prospects for the core mobile phone business are worrying. The

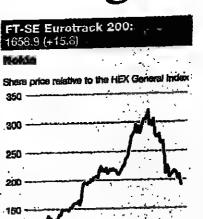
THE LEX COLUMN

Liquid engineering

While others talk, British Petroleum and Mobil are grasping nettles. Unlike most of their competitors, both oil groups have already been aggressive enough to deliver the targeted 10-15 per cent cut in the businesses' operat-

What might is imaginative management. If anything is evidence of that,

Two profits warnings in two months ment proposition.



sets in 1995 as in 1994, but revenues increased only 50 per cent. Even allowing for a currency impact worth 18 percentage points, that suggests handset prices fell substantially. This cannot all be down to fierce competition in the US market for analogue handsets, since these make up less than a tenth of Nokia's sales. Instead, it looks as if price competition is spreading to

digital handsets in Europe. On top of that, the group has encountered production and supply problems. Though the infrastructure business, which makes phone base stations, is performing well, group profits could drop by 5-10 per cent this year. Even on a rating of just 10 times earn-ings, Nokia has little appeal at the

Orange

Orange has had to scale back its optimistic flotation plans. Last month, the UK mobile phone group was shooting for a market capitalisation of £2.8bn (\$4.3bn). The new range of £2.2bn-£2.4bn – equivalent to an "enterprise value" of £2.7bn-£2.9bn once debt is added – is more realistic. But it is still not a compelling invest-

The best way to see this is to com-pare Orange with Vodafone, its only quoted UK rival. At first glance, Vodafone's enterprise value of 17.5bn makes Orange look cheep. But this ignores the fact that Vodefone contains two businesses - a UK business that competes directly with Orange, and an international business. Analysis think about £5km of Vodafone's enterprise value relates to "Vodefone

accounted for by "Vodafone Interne tional". Orange is expensive by comparison with both

Vodafone UK is much more established: it makes nearly £500m in operating profits a year, while Grange may not make a profit until 1998. In the circumstances. Orange's enterprise value should probably not be more than half Vodafone UK's - or 1150. Even Vodafone International is slightly more established than Grange Moreover, given that it covers the same population as Orange but its markets are less competitive than the UK, it would be unreasonable to value Orange at a higher level - again £2.5bn. Of course, it is possible that Vodafone is undervalued. But if investors believe that, they should buy Vodafone not Orange. Oranges are not the only fruit.

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Mr André Lévy-Lang, Paribas' chân man, has a great deal to prove. Yesterday's losses stemmed mainly from provisions of FFr5.5bn (convert) - a clear-out which cannot be criticised. But it is only three years since Paribaswent through a similar exercise. And since Mr Lévy-Lang took over in 1990, the shares have underperformed the market by over 50 per cent.

One of the biggest problems is that Paribas is weighed down by a ragbag of under-performing stakes in businesses like Navigation Mixte, a basketcase holding company. Rather late in the day, Mr Levy-Lang is talking of getting rid of some of these - he plans to raise FFr15bn (\$2.96bn) through dis-

But yesterday's bid for the rest of Navigation suggests Paribas' old empire-building habits may not yet be dead. The charitable interpretation is that it wants to accelerate the process of sorting Navigation out. But since Paribes in effect controls the company anyway, this seems unlikely. More likely, it is trying to stop others getting their hands on Navigation's big holding in Paribas.

Navigation's minority shareholders are likely to take a dim view of all this: Paribas has obtained control without paying a bid premium, and is offering well below most estimates of Navigation's worth. On the other hand, these estimates may be over-optimistic. The fact that Allianz has just sold its big stake certainly suggests so.

Additional Lex comment on Standard Chartered, Page 18

Canary Wharf Limited has completed the Agreement for Sale



142,000 square feet 11 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf

Acquiring Agents



Joint Sale Agents





Canary Wharf Limited, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB

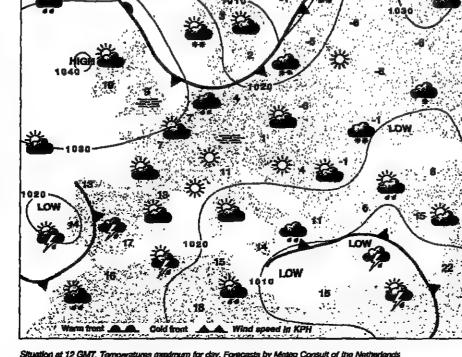
Europe today Snow will cover the Norwegian mountains

Sweden. A high pressure system stretching from the west of Ireland towards the Low Countries will bring sunny conditions to the British Isles and the Benelux. Showers will occur in Scotland and the northern Benefux. France and Spain will be sunny cause rain in Portugal. Showers will develop over south-eastern Italy and southwestern Turkey. Rain will fall in Greece.

and sleet will fall along the west coast of

Five-day forecast

It will rain in Turkey during the next couple of days. Snow will fall over parts of eastern Europe and the Alps. A high pressure conditions in the British Isles but there will



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No other airline flies to more cities in Eastern Europe. Lufthansa

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FINANCIAL TIMES COMPANIES & MARKETS



THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1996

Thursday February 29 1996

IN BRIEF **US funds look** overseas again

After a year in which share prices at home monopolised their interest, US mutual fund investors have turned their attention overseas again in recent weeks, particularly to the emerging markets of south-east Asia and Latin America. Page 16

Paribas posts loss and launches bld Paribas, the French financial holding company, announced losses after provisions of FFr4bn (\$785,4m) for 1995, and launched a full takeover bid for Navigation Mixte, the holding company in which it has a controlling stake. Page 14

Date set for OTE public offering After months of hesitation over the timing of its third attempt to float OTE, the state telecoms monopoly, the Greek government has set March 26 es the launch date for the offering.

EdF blames taxes for profits slip Electricité de France, the state-owned utility, reported an 18.5 per cent drop in profits before government levies to FFr2.7bn (\$541m) last year. It put the profits fall down to higher taxes and a cut in tariffs to customers. Page 15

Rabobank posts 11% advance Rabobank, the big Dutch co-operative bank, posted an 11 per cent increase in 1995 net profits to Fl 1.43bn (\$879m). Page 15

Newsprint mills face price rise resistance North American and Scandinavian newsprint mills may find it hard to make proposed price rises stick in the face of customer resistance. Page 18

Hanson in \$500m US forestry disposal Hanson, the industrial conglomerate, yesterday sold a large portion of its Cavenham Forest Industries subsidiary in the US to Weyerhauser, the forest group, for \$500m. Page 18

Exceptionals push BICC into the red Restructuring costs, difficult trading conditions and a loss on the sale of its housebuilding side pushed BICC, the international cables and construction group, into the red last year. The group reported a pre-tax loss of £87m (\$108m) for 1995. Page 18

Orange to float at up to £2.45bn Orange, the UE mobile communications group, con-firmed that it will be valued at between £2.2bn and £2.45bn (\$3.77bn and \$3.38bn) when it floats at the end of next month. Page 18

Standard Chartered cheered by 30% rise Standard Chartered, the international banking group announced a 30 per cent increase in 1995 pretax profits to 2861m (\$1.02bn). Page 18

Companies	lo	thie	issue

	ABB	14, 13	Kaller		
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Sema Sonee Investimento Standard Chartered

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Nokia warns of 'substantial' fall

By Christopher Brown-Humes in Stockholm

Nokia, the Finnish telecommunications group, yester-day warned first-half profits would be substantially below 1995 levels, but said it was ending a disastrous involvement in television set production.

It yesterday reported a FM4.9bn (\$1bn) pre-tax profit for 1995, below market expectations but 23 per cent above 1994's FM4bn profit.

The report underlines current turbulence in the mobile phone industry after speciacular growth of the past three years. Motorola of the US, Nokia's main rival, reported sharply lower fourth-

quarter 1995 profits, and warned of slower sales, falling prices and a squeeze on margins. Shares in Nokia, the world's second largest supplier of mobile handsets after Motorola, yesterday see-sawed, first surging 7 per cent, then falling to close down 6.9 per cent at FM156. Falling prices, production bot-tlenecks, and unexpectedly diffi-

cult conditions in the US hit Nokia. It said consumer electronics operations had been plagued by losses in the European TV market. Pre-tax profits fell in the final four months from FM1.7bn to FM1.3bn, a bigger fall than analysts had expected despite a profit warning from the group in

Analysts noted annual mobile phone operating profits were vir-tually unchanged at FM1.73bn. even though turnover grew 50 per cent to PM16.0bn. This reflected internal production hic-cups, as it battled to meet strong demand, and sharp price falls in the US where Nokia sells about one in four of its mobile phones.

Mr Jorma Ollila, Nokia chief executive, said: "Prices fell by 30 to 40 per cent in the US market, which is dominated by analogue phones, and by 15 to 25 per cent in Europe and Asia, which are mainly digital phone markets." He said logistical problems would have an impact on the group's first-half figures, and it would not feel the full benefits of

communications unit until the second half. Pricing pre

to continue, but the group hopes to offset these through increased efficiency. Mr Ollila insisted demand for mobile phones in Europe and Asia remained strong, and digital sales were forecast to lead to an improvement in the US next year.

The group's telecommunications unit, which handles infrastructure, posted a strong performance, with a 36 per cent rise in orders and a jump in operating profits from FML7bn to FM2.7bn. The decision to withdraw from TV production follows total losses of more than FM2bn since

1988. The group is making a FM2.3hn charge to cover the move. Mr Ollila said: "The final straw was that our TV businesses again made losses in 1995 after progress in 1994. The European TV market continued to go down. particularly in the second half when consumer confidence sagged, and we could see no sign of an upturn."

The group has begun talks to sell the businesses, which incurred losses of FM352m last

Group sales surged from FM30.2bn to FM36.8bn while operating profits climbed from FM3.6bn to FM5.0bn. The divi-dend rises from FM2.5 to FM3.

David Lascelles analyses the latest move in the European market for oil products

BP and Mobil aim to get in front and stay there

The partnership that British hence the need for further action.

Petroleum and Mobil will The BP-Mobil partnership is an announce today marks another dramatic stage in the rationalisa-tion of the hard pressed European market for oil products. If it succeeds, this unusual alliance should enable the two companies to challenge the dominance of

and Exxon of _ the US. The partnership is Both Notto and being forged Browne have against a background of toughening competibeen described as duplication and making better tion in most accressive and use of the locaaggressive and European countries. Surplus unafraid to capacity has already led to question the refinery closures sacred tenets of asgressively.

"This is all and price cutthe industry

squeeze on com-panies that lack market dominance, Both Mobil and BP have already announced cuts in their European operations. Last month BP said it had decided to close or sell two European refineries. Mobil has pulled out of marketing fuels in Italy and Norway, and last year it shut down its refinery at Worth in Germany.

But with Exxon now putting a further squeeze on prices at the petrol pump in the UK, and Shell in the throes of a hig internal reorganisation to cut costs, the pressure continues to mount:

ambitious plan to pool \$5bn (£3.2bn) of assets in relineries and service stations throughout Europe so the two companies will emerge as market leaders in more than half-a-dozen countries. The deal also contains provisions the long-time market leaders, for the partnership to be Shell, the Anglo-Dutch group, extended into further countries

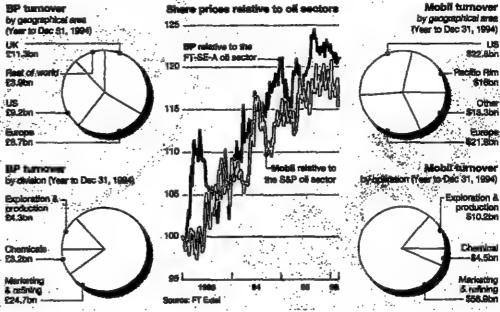
where the two

companies might expand By cutting out tion of their refineries they should be able to cut costs and compete more ture," said one source close to

the negotiations last night.

The partnership, which will have combined sales of \$200n a year, will be in two parts. The first, covering fuels, will have BP as its dominant partner with 70 per cent. The second, covering lubricants, will have Mobil with a majority of 51 per cent. The two companies' 9,000 service stations in Europe will carry BP's green livery, but the design will also incorporate the Mobil logo. From BP's point of view, the deal is another step in the strat-egy developed by its new chief

Qiling the wheels



executive, Mr John Browne, to build on the company's strengths - and get out of areas where it cannot make inflicient raturns. This strategy is focused on improving profits, which are now rising strongly. But the closures BP's size, making it more necessary for the company to find ways of retaining and enlarging

its market share. For Mobil, the US's second largest oil company after Exxon, the partnership offers the opportunity to re-invigorate its position in a region where returns had long been inadequate and one which had slipped behind regions like east Asia in investment priorities. Mr Lou Notto, Mobil's new chairman, has indi-cated that he would not shrink from selling or exchanging assets that were underperforming.

In fact the partnership appears

to reflect a meeting of minds between Mr Browne, and Mr Notto, both of whom are relatively recent arrivals in their jobs. Both have been described as aggressive and unafraid to question the sacred tenets of the industry, and both are keen to build shareholder value.

"These two companies were among the first to rationalise their downstream operations in Europe," said Mr Fergus McLeod, oil industry analyst at NatWest Markets, "But having taken the initiative they are now saying we're not going to sit back and watch others follow suit. We're going to carry it all a stage fur-

The alliance is said by both sides to be a good fit geographi-cally, particularly in the distribution of refineries and service stations. Large economies of scale can be achieved by expanding the

market in the immediate vicinity of a refinery. The choice of a partnership rather than any other arrangement is not surprising in an industry criss-crossed by a multitude of mutual owner-ship and co-operation agree-ments Most of them tend however, to be in the upstream end of the business such as the pariner-ship between Exxon and Shell for North Sea development.

At the downstream end, Chevron and Texaco market their joint production under the Caltex label, and various companies own minority stakes. Mobil for example has a 28 per cent interest in Aral in Germany.

But today's deal is likely to mark the most ambitious pooling of downstream assets, certainly in Europe, which if successful could prompt further alliances as companies face an even tighter squeeze on profits.

Japanese institution files for bankruptcy

By Emiko Terazono in Tokyo

Equion Corp, a leading Japanese non-bank financial institution, yesterday became the latest casualty of the country's (inancial crisis. It filed for liquidation with debts of Y310.6bn (\$2.93bn) - the country's largest bankrupicy since 1991,

Its failure is a further blow to Japan's leading commercial banks, which are set to declare record losses due to bad loan write-offs. Among Equion's largest creditors are Hokkuldo Tekushoku, Dai-Ichi Kangyo and Sumitomo Trust banks, all laden with bad loans.

The company had lent heavily to the property sector and more than 80 per cent of its loans had become non-performing, according to Teikoku Data Bank, a

credit research agency.

Many of the country's nonbank financial institutions provided loans to corporations which also borrowed from jusen, the ailing housing loan companies, at present the subject of a liquidation plan engineered by the government. The squeeze on such borrowers that will be triggered by the jusen liquidations will bit the non-bank institutions and their creditors.

Equion is the seventh-largest bankruptcy in the post-war period, and its collapse follows that of Aichi, another non-bank financial institution which made speculative purchases of impressionist paintings. It went under this month with debts of Y182bn. Samitomo Trust and Hokkaido Takushoku each had Y25.4bu in ontstanding loans to Equion, while DKB, Mitsui Trust & Banking and Yagada Trust & Banking had extended Y16bn each. Nomura Finance, a finance arm of the broker, also lent

Financiai analysts fear a chain reaction will force commercial banks to write off additional losses. "It could potentially create the next stage of a banking crisis," warned Mr Brain Waterhouse, analyst at brokers James Capel in Tokyo.

Meanwhile, Maruto Komuten, a property developer based east of Tokyo, was declared insolvent by a court, becoming the first victim of a fund squeeze caused by the jusen debacle. The company, which according to Teikoku Data Bank had Y36.5m in Habilities is the first turn has Habilities, is the first iusen borrower to be declared bankrupt since the government announced its liquidation scheme for the seven housing loan companies.

ABB advances to \$1.3bn and unveils boardroom reshuffle

By Stefan Wagstyl in Warsow

ABB, the European engineering group, yesterday announced a boardroom reorganisation designed to simplify decisionmaking and strengthen links

with thereholder.

The company, which also posted a 73 per cent increase in net profits for 1995 to \$1.315bn, said the move would reinforce the merger from which ABB was created when the group's two holding companies, Asea of Sweden and Switzerland's Brown Boveri, pooled their operations in

Asea and BBC shares rose 2.2 per cent and 1.9 per cent respec-tively on hopes that the streamlined structure would make the group more attractive to inves-

tors. Mr Percy Barnevik, the chief

executive, announced the changes in Warsaw, where ABB was holding its annual group press conference in order to highlight its commitment to eastern

ABB AG. ABB will also take over the two holding companies' remaining activities, including distributing dividends.

Mr Barnevik said the proposals Europe, where it is making exten-

sive investments.
Under the plan, Mr Barnevik will become chairman as well as chief executive. Instead of a board formed from four Asea and four BBC directors, ABB will have a combined board of 11, including four new non-executive directors. Among these are Mr Peter Sutherland, the former General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade director general, Mr Yotaro Kobayashi, chairman of Fuji Xerox of Japan, and Mr Lodewijk van Wachem, chahman

of Royal Dutch Petroleum. To underline the new sense of unity, Assa is to change its name to ABB AB, and BBC will become

would mean the merger started in 1988 was "virtually complete" He pledged to resolve the remaining merger issue - unification of Asea's and BBC's separately listed shares, which has been delayed by negotiations with Swiss tax authorities on shareholders' tax liabilities arising from a stock merger.

Mr Barnevik also said that

although he would be both chairman and chief executive, the group would eventually appoint a new chief executive. ABB could adopt the UK system of a non-executive chairman supervising the business, and a chief executive in day-to-day charge. ABB surges, Page 14

Trafalgar 'may accept £900m'

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

Trafalgar House executives believe directors are likely to support a bid from Kvaerner of Norway provided it values the UK construction, engineering and shipping conglomerate at no less than £900m (\$1,38bn).

The Norwegian engineering and shipping group is expected to announce by early next week whether it will launch an offer. It has ruled out a hostile bid. Mr Erik Tonseth, Kvaerner's

chief executive, was in London yesterday, but it is thought he did not meet Trafalgar directors. Discussions were handled by the groups' financial advisers, SBC Warburg for Kvaerner and Schroder for Trafalgar House. A bid of £900m would imply an

offer of 50p-55p for each Trafalgar ordinary share, compared with last night's closing price of 45%p. The support of the Keswick family is essential if Kwaerner is to proceed. Hongkong Land, part of the family's Jardine Matheson

empire, has a 26 per cent stake in Trafalgar. Mr Simon Keswick is chairman of the group.

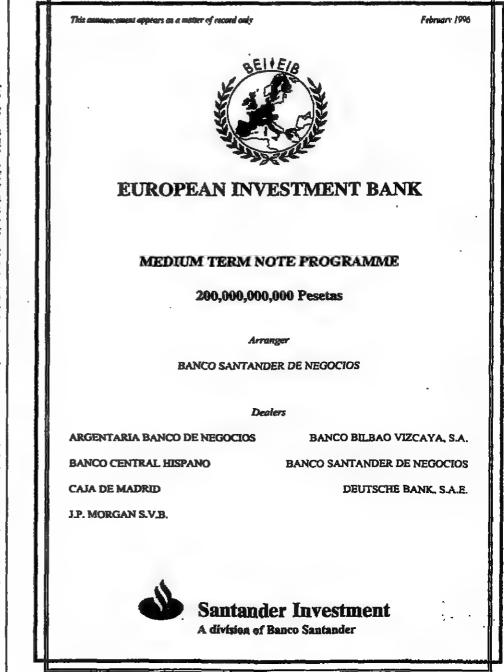
Hongkong Land, which paid
73p a share for the first block of shares, bought in 1992, has become disenchanted with its investment and indicated it

would sell if the price was right. Trafalgar suspended dividend payments after incurring a pretax loss of £320.8m in the year to September. It had net debt of 5229m, representing almost twothirds of shareholder funds. Since then it has raised more

hotel in London and Ideal Homes its UK housebuilding division. to launch a full-scale offer for Trafalgar following the failure last December of a £360m hostile hid for Amec, another UK construction and engineering group. Kvaerner is determined to expand its oil and gas fabrication and process plant manufacturing

business internationally. A marriage of Kvaerner and Trafalgar would create the world's largest offshore oil and gas fabrication business, ahead of present market leaders Brown & Root and McDermott of the UK.

Kvaerner's B shares, which fell NKr5 on Tuesday after the announcement of a possible bid for Trafalgar, slipped NKr10 yesterday to NKr183. than £250m by selling the Ritz



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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

Total share sale nets FFr3.1bn

The French government vesterday opened its 1996 privatisation programme by selling 9.5m of its shares in Total, the oil group, to French and foreign institutional investors for FFr3.1bn (\$621m).

The operation, arranged by Crédit Lyonnais and Lehman Brothers and completed overnight, reduced the state stake in Total from 5 per cent to 1 per cent. The sale, which at FFr326 apiece gave buyers a slight discount, barely affected Total's shares, which closed at FFr332. The government has also withdrawn one of its two nominees to the Total board, and reduced the veto power on appointment of Total presidents that it obtained in an agreement dating back to 1930, and that will lapse entirely in 2000.

Maculan to file for bankruptcy

Maculan Holding, Austria's second largest construction group said yesterday it would file for bankruptcy next Monday. The group suffered heavy losses in eastern Germany and Russia, where it had expanded aggressively after 1989. Last year, Mr Alexander Maculan, the chairman and majority owner, yielded control of the group to a consortium of Austrian and German creditor banks, but had still hoped to salvage the company.

The collapse became inevitable after the Austrian banks which include Creditanstalt, Bank Austria and Raiffeisen Zentralbank, demanded modifications to an earlier financing package in order to limit their future risks.

The banks argued they had extended additional credits to Maculan in recent weeks, while the German banks had decreased their exposure. However, the German creditors with Berliner Bank in the forefront, insisted on an unlimited bank guarantee for future losses. Estimates of the 1995 losses also increased from the original prediction of Sch350m (\$343.3m) by the consulting firm Roland Berger & Partner last November. The deficit is now believed to be about Sch700m.

Mediaset sells further stake

Mediaset, the media interests group of Mr Silvio Berlusconi's Fininvest business empire, vesterday further opened its capital to outside investors with the sale of a 2.3 per cent stake to two mutual funds managed by Capital Research and Management Company, a US investment manager. The sale of the stake, worth L155bn (\$100m), is another step in Fininvest's plans to enable Mediaset, Italy's largest private proadcaster, to compete internationally through injecting cash and freeing it of debt. Mr Berlusconi's stake in Mediaset is intended to fall below 50 per cent, although he is still expected to control Mediaset as its largest investor.

Sonae's 20% rise disappoints

Shares in Sonae Investimentos, the holding company for Portugal's biggest retail and industrial conglomerate, dropped 2.8 per cent yesterday to Es3,560 after the group posted disappointing 1995 earnings. The group reported a 20 per cent increase in net consolidated profit to Es12.9bn (\$85.4m) from Es10.7bn in 1994. But analysts said underlying earnings per share were about 20 per cent lower than expected, falling to Es173 from Es268 in the previous year.

Although the group posted a 69 per cent increase in extraordinary profits from Es4.9bn to Es8.3bn, analysts said underlying net profits fell 35 per cent to Es6.9bn. The extraordinary gains came mainly from the sale of shares in Banco Português do Atlântico. Operating profits climbed 65 per cent to Es19.5bn due to substantial operating improvements in the group's retailing business and the incorporation for the first time of Tailsa, a Spanish hardboard

An increase in Tailsa's net profit to Pta2.4bn, from Pta800m in 1994, helped Sonae Industria, the group's wood products division, achieve a surprising turnround from a net consolidated loss of Es1.2bn in 1984 to a profit of Es270m, after minorities. The industrial division benefited from a net extraordinary gain of Est.9bn, mainly from the sale of two subsidiaries to the group's retail arm, as well as the consolidation of its 45 per cent holding in Tafisa.

Sonae Investimento's sales rose 35 per cent to Es357bn from hypermarket chain and Modelo supermarkets contributed 74 per cent of the total. Underlying profits were hit by a Es3.2bn increase in net financial expenses to Es4.5bn, excluding 1994 dividends from BPA.

Investment rose 60 per cent in 1995 to Es58.4bn, 1.2 times cash flow. Group debt increased from Es52,50n to Es91,3bn. Pre-tax profits were ahead 43 per cent to Es23.7bn.

ABB surges to \$1.315bn

By Stefan Wagstyl in Warsaw

ABB, the international engineering combine, yesterday announced a 73 per cent increase in annual net profits to \$1.315bn, fuelled by strong demand for industrial equipment, cost-cutting and a oneoff \$250m investment gain.

Despite a tough price squeeze in some markets, notably power engineering, operating profits rose 25 per cent to \$3.275bn on a sales increase of 14 per cent to \$33.73bn. The results were boosted by the recent fall in the US dollar, in local currency terms, operating profits rose 18 per cent and turnover 6 per cent.

Mr Percy Barnevik, chief executive, said the performance showed the benefits of the extensive restructuring undergone by ABB since it was formed from the merger of Sweden's Asea and BBC Brown Boveri of Switzerland in 1988.

The group, which employs nearly 210,000 in 120 countries. had cut development times, rationalised suppliers, raised quality levels and increased its ties with customers, said Mr Barnevik. In Stockholm Asea's shares

rose SKr15 to close at SKr697, while in Zurich BBC's shares also increased, up SFr32 at SFr1.475.

The group was benefiting from its widespread invest-

ments in emerging markets, notably in Asia, Latin American and eastern Europe, said Mr Barnevik, Echoing other business leaders, he warned of "a certain dampening of growth of demand" in Europe. particularly in Germany.

But Mr Barnevik forecast an increase in income for 1996, saying there would be "opportunities in the slowdown". such as orders for revamping existing power stations instead of building new ones. Also, the group could look to Asia for more "non-cyclical growth".

"Asia is where the big battle is," he said. The group's long-term target remains increasing average annual sales volume by 6 per cent over a business cycle.

Last year's profits were boosted by the \$250m gains realised from the merger last year of ABB's rail transport business with Daimler Benz's in a 50:50 joint venture called

The group's largest division by turnover, industrial and building systems, which supplies equipment for factories and offices, recorded a 16 per cent increase in sales to \$14.9bn and a 35 per cent rise in operating profits.

In power generation, profits growth was held back by severe international competition. While turnover rose 15.7 per cent to \$10.3bn, operating

\$914m. The picture in power transmission was similar, with a 15.8 per cent sales gain to \$8.1bn producing a mere 2.6 per cent profits increase to \$675m. In transport, profits rose 48

per cent to \$207m despite a slight decline in turnover, as ABB benefited from previous vears' cost-cutting. The small but fast-growing

financial services business. which organises finance for some of the group's large projects, posted a 43 per cent profits increase to \$428m. Regionally, the largest sales gains were seen in Europe,

where turnover rose 18 per cent to \$19.7bm, or nearly 60 per cent of the group total. Sales in the Americas fell slightly to \$5.77bn, while turnover in Asia, the Pacific and Africa rose 15.5 per cent to The order book grew in line

with sales, with a 14 per cent

rise in dollar terms to \$36.22bn.

Among the largest orders

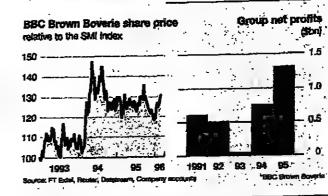
booked was a \$470m contract.

for a gasification power plant in Italy and a \$400m gas turbine contract for South Korea. Earnings per share for Asea shares were SKr49.90, against SKr32.10, and dividends SKr16. against SKr11.50. BBC Brown Boveri is to pay dividends of SFr30 for bearer shares, up from SFr20, and SFr6 for regis-

tered shares, up from SFr4.

COMPANY PROFILE: ABB ASEA Brown Boverie





LICEANIN	Gt bei					_
,		,		\$bn	Change of year (%	n .
dustrial and building over generation over transmission and ansportation pancial services rious	•	on .		14.9 10.3 8.1 2.8 0.4 3.1		6 6 7 9 2
	Rovenu	es b	y regi	Oft		χį
rops a/Australasia/Africa a Americas		.,-		19.7 8.2 5.8	18	

Greece sets March date for OTE sell-off

By Kerin Hope in Athena

After months of hesitation over the timing of its third attempt to float OTE, the state telecoms monopoly, the Greek government has set March 26 s the launch date for the initial public offering. In order to defuse political

objections to the flotation, the issue has been drastically scaled back to just 6 per cent of OTE's equity, though the government may make another 1 per cent or 2 per cent available if it is heavily oversubscribed. Nonetheless, the issue will

still be the biggest to date on the small Athens stock exchange. Brokers say it would offer are being offered for sale

increase the market's total cap-Italisation by about 25 per cent, giving a welcome boost to liquidity.

The government hopes to raise at least Dr90bn (\$377m) to fund new investment by OTE, which plans to set up a a third mobile telephone network in Greece and build strategic alliances with state telecoms operators elsewhere in the Balkans.

Following its failure to float the company in 1993 and 1994, the economy ministry has shown more caution this time in structuring and pricing the issue. In a bid to win broad political support for the listing, one sixth of the 24m shares on

at a discount to OTE employees and pensioners Parliament last week

approved special legislation on the offering, which set a floor price of Dr3,700 per share and requires the underwriters to support the issue price during the first six months of trading. Buyers who keep their shares for 18 months can then participate in a 1-for-10 bonus issue.

Because of OTE's unhappy experience in 1994, when the planned flotation of 25 per cent of the company collapsed at the last moment because overseas investors said it was overpriced, the issue does not include an international

However, National Bank of Greece, lead manager for the issue, is expected to accept an offer by three international investment banks to place about 1 per cent of the company's equity with institutions in the US, Europe and Asia.

James Capel, the investment banking arm of HSBC, together with BZW and Salomon Brothers, is willing to dispose of 4.5m shares, equivalent to 19 per cent of the offering, at a price of just over Dr3,800 apiece, bankers in Athens said. In addition to National Bank,

the principal domestic underwriters to the issue will be Alpha Credit Bank, Greece's largest private bank, and state• France Télécom's mobile operations generated sales of FFr6.5hn (\$1.3hn) in 1995, compared with FFr4.4bn a year earlier. France Télécom Mobiles director Mr Michel Bertinetto said, reports AFX News from

Mr Bertinetto said mobile operations in France accounted. for FFr5.2bn of turnover last year, up 40 per cent, while the radiomessaging service and mobile telephone activities abroad contributed FFr1.2bn.

France Telecom also announced FFr3.6bn of planned investments for 1996. compared with FFr2.6bn invested last year.

Paribas loses FFr4bn and bids for Navigation Mixte

By Andrew Jack

Paribas, the French financial holding company, yesterday announced losses after provisions of FFr4bn (\$802m) for 1995, and launched a full takeover bid for Navigation Mixte, the holding company in which it has a controlling stake.

l'ne group made provision of FFr5.5bn, including a writedown of FFr2.1bn in its holding of Navigation Mixte, and more than FFr3bn to cover a range of property costs as part of a restructuring of its Cogedim and Crédit du Nord subsidiaries.

It also announced plans to

and financial" assets over the next three years, as part of a restructuring to help prepare it for the future. It estimated the value of its assets at FFre0bn before the acquisition of Navigation Mixte. Paribas said yesterday that it

had boosted its control in Navi-Ration Mixte from 30 per cent to more than 50 per cent. after the acquisition of two blocks of shares from other large investors at FFr800 each. It is now offering the same terms to all other shareholders. The group failed to take over

Navigation Mixte in 1989, leaving itself with a 30 per cent

sell FFri5bn of its "industrial stake, balanced by Navigation's 9 per cent in Paribas. When a five-year shareholders' pact expired last summer, Paris acted swiftly to replace the then Navigation chairman, Mr Marc Fournier.

Mr André Lévy-Lang, Parlbas' chairman, said the takeover bid was designed to generate liquidity after its investments in Navigation had been immobilised for five years.

He said Navigation had not provided "value-added" as a conglomerate, and required a stable shareholding, which Paribas believed it could provide through the acquisition.

break-up the group, but the FFr9bn required for the takeover could be funded largely through cash and assets owned by Navigation. Mr Lévy-Lang said the 9 per cent of Paribas shares held

He said there were no plans to

until now by Navigation would be deconsolidated, providing a type of capital "buy-back". He said 1996 had "begun well" in all of the group's divisions and believed the group would return to profits for the

In an expression of confidence, Paribas resolved to maintain its dividend at FFr12 a share despite the losses.

investment banking arm, reported a loss of FFr551m for the year, compared with profits of FF1789m in 1994, which it said was largely the result of poor markets activities

Banque Paribas, the group's

Compagnie Bancaire, its consumer credit arm, reported profits of FFr338m, after FFrigam last time

Crédit du Nord, the retail banking operation, reported a profit of FFr8m, after losses of FFr97m in 1994 led to a estructuring.

Paribas' industrial investments portfolio generated profits of FFr2.2bn, against FFr2.4bn last time.

Carrefour up sharply but hits at government

By Andrew Jack

Carrefour, the French retail group, yesterday unveiled net profits up two-thirds to FFr3.5bn (\$701m) fee 1885 while issuing a sharp criticism of the government's latest "corporatist" moves to claus down on hypermarkets.

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Mr Daniel Bernard, chairman, warned that current legislative proposals would raise prices, impede efforts to boost consumer spending and jobs. and hinder attempts to improve the quality of produce. This seems like a dangerous recourse to administrative controls," he said,

He was referring to two leeislative proposals by the French government. One is designed to protect smaller. shopkeepers and suppliers by increasing their negotiating powers with hypermarkets and toughening penalties for predatory pricing. The other is: intended to freeze large new developments in the country. He argued that Carrefour

had created 2,800 jobs in France last year, and had contributed to supporting France's agricultural sector. and to improving standards. Mr Bernard also rejected

suggestions that hypermarkets sold baguettes for as little as 60 centimes - one of the key charges used by critics of large retailers. Carrefour generated a 6.1

per cent rise in sales after tex to FFT144.6bm in 1995, which it said was equivalent to an 8 per cent increase on a constant exchange rate basis. The chares rose FFr85 to close at FFY3.287.

During the year, the group opened 24 new hypermarkets ground the world, which for the first time gave it more outlets in other countries than in France - a policy which he said would continue in the future, particularly in Latin America and Asia.

It now operates two hypermarkets in China, 10 in Taiwan and one in Malaysia. Mr Bernard said Carrefour's strategy was international expansion, primarily with hypermarkets. He said the group would also focus on tightening "organisational skills" to improve management "synergies" between

countries and regions. Only 45.6 per cent of net operating income came from France, with 22.1 per cent from Spain, 20 per cent from Brazil and 9.7 per cent from Argentina. Some 62 per cent of

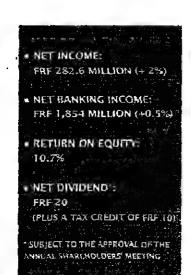
sales still come from France The group reported net income from recurring operations up 24.7 per cent to FFr2.7bn, with a further profit of FFr846m - compared with a loss of FFr33m last time from exceptional items. Hypermarkets produce 94.5 per cent of Carrefour's sales.

SHAREHOLDERS' INFORMATION :



Results

CPR REPORTS CROWTH IN INCOME IN A LACKLUSTER BANKING ENVIRONMENT



CPR's Board of Directors met on February

Consolidated net income after minority Interests was FRF 282.6 million, as compared with FRF 276.0 million in 1994.

New growth was reported in net banking income which totalled FRF 1,854 million, up from FRF 1,844 million in 1994.

Consolidated net equity amounted to FRF 4.09 billion as of December 31. 1995, for a balance sheet total of FRF 190.5 billion.

The bank's BIS ratio

CONTRIBUTION OF CORE BUSINESSES TO GROUP INCOME

consolidated net income before goodwill amortization (FRF 333,3 million)

in this environment, CPR continued the strategic development of its asset mana-

Constantly improving market and credit

risk control and management, CPR

also continues to invest in research,

technical support systems and human

resources in order to maintain the

gement and brokerage activities.

is 15.2%, and 10.3% on tier I capital high level of professionalism which has In 1995, the activities of CPR continued guaranteed its reputation in the linanto develop in a generally difficult banking environment. The interest rate trend was favourable, but investors remained prudent because of the mediocre investment performances of 1994 and the erosion of the spread and the credit standing of certain counterparties. Although client-orientated businesses

were affected by the shift in volume to

products with smaller margins, CPR

reported new growth in market share.

International subsidiaries In 1995, CPR's international subsidiaries made a major contribution to the group's. net income, i.e FRF 51.9 million in proprietary trading and FRF 3.3 million

In particular, Seccombe Marshall & Campion Pic, based in London, had a satisfactory, year and contributed FRF 12.9 million to CPR's 1995 income.

CPR - Corporate Communications - 30 rm Satur-Georges 75312 Paris cedex 09 Tel. 33 (1) 45 96 24 17 - Fax 33 (1) 45 96 23 03 - Minitel : 3617 CPRINTO

21%

Business in the first few weeks of 1996 and current forecasts augur a more favorable environment for. asset management and brokerage activities. CPR is keenly aware of the implications of the implementation of the European Monetary

> Union and of the intensification and globalization of competition. It will continue to develop its market activities and to

lity of the services it offers clients in order to comply even more closely with the highest international

The Board of Directors has scheduled the Annual Shareholders' Meeting for April 24, 1996, at company headquarters. The Shareholders will be asked to approve the payment of a net dividend of FRF 20 per share. As in the previous years, shareholders will be able to convert their dividends into

THE BURTON GROUP PLC

£180,000,000 **Revolving Credit Facility**

Lloyds Bank Capital Markets Group

Provided by:

Den Danske Bank Midland Bank plc

Lloyds Bank Pic National Westminster Bank Plc

Société Générale Finance (Ireland) Limited

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

ABN AMRO Bank N.V.

Citibank N.A.

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale, London Branch Barclays Bank PLC

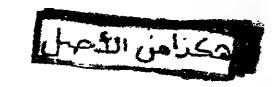
The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

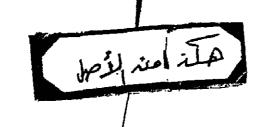
Standard Chartered Bank

The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

Facility Agent







Carrefour up sharph

R VID 2.1 FEBRUARY &

governme

Carrefour, the Preserve Strong, vesterday be profits up trook of the Essening a shape of the government down on hypermate. Mr. Daniel Benev. Hans, warned these control of the government of the government. man. Warned that the sizetive proposels on prices, impede effort, consumer spending a simple difference improve the quality duce. This seem in the Andrew Leconice to 50: the was referring by French government designed to protect shopkeepers and sale coners with hyper end tonghening less predatory pricing his contended to freeze in

He argued that Go France last year, and rence's agricularly M: Bernard also have Cid baguertes for a b o centimes - mede and get used by crime: Carrelour general per cent rise in sales. FFF 44.6bn in 1863. erig was edunatematic cent increase on the

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

for downturn in profits

Electricité de France, the state-owned utility, yesterday reported an 18.5 per cent drop in profits before government levies to FFr2.7bn (\$541m) last

However, it said a 10 per cent rise in power exports had out-paced the 28 per cent increase in overall turbover and that its expansion abroad would con-

tinue this year. EdF, the world's largest electricity generator with FFr188.6bn of sales last year, said the drop in profit was essentially due to higher taxes and a 2 per cent average cut in tariffs to customers.

This was partially offset by an 8.4 per cent decline in finan-cial charges, thanks to a FFr15bn reduction in debt to FFr145.bn and lower French interest rates. The government reduced its levy on EdF's profit from FFr1.9bn in 1994 to

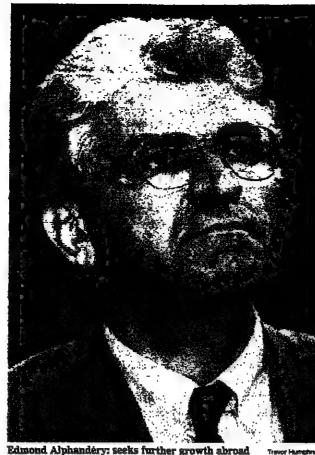
FFri.5bn last year. Mr Edmond Alphandery, the new EdF president and former finance minister, said he would ask the government for "further margin" to invest abroad this year.

Significant investments last year in Italian power produc-tion and Hungarian distribution took EdF's shareholdings to FFr5.5hn in foreign companies, which have a total worth of FFr60bn and serve 4m

EdF. which is also Europe's largest electricity exporter, last year made FFr16bn from its net electricity exports. These increased to all its main European customers except the UK. with which it has a flexible contract that allowed it to cut sales during the strikes in France last December.

Mr Alphandéry indicated that an alternative route for exports to Spain would be found for the trans-Pyrrenean line recently cancelled by the French government on envi-

He said EdF would increase its international presence in order to capitalise on its tech-



nical know-how that last year helped it win the FFr450m con-tract to build the Ling Ao reactor in China. That contract would help provide work until France's current reactors needed renewing in 2010, and to provide financial resources needed for domestic investment after 2010.

The EdF chief saw no contradiction between increased investment abroad and the utility's determination to keep its monopoly of distribution at

He expressed hopes for an early end to the impasse between France and many of its European Union partners on liberalising the electricity market, saying "we would like to finish this [dispute] off".

which took strike action last December against EU liberalisation attempts which they see as a first step to privatisation he cautioned that failure to reach an EU accord "would not mean the end of our troubles", because the European Commission might then ask the European Court of Justice to end EdF's distribution monopoly.

EdF is ready to accept competition to produce new capacity in France, but wants to ensure that such competitors pass all their electricity through its network. Edf argues this is vital for long-term planning of nuclear reactors, which last year generated 81 per cent of EdF's

Injection of new blood gives fillip to Fresenius shares

By William Cochrene

Old bands at the takeover game have been marvelling at the share price performance of Fresenius, the German pharmaceutical and medical systems products group.

Its preferred shares have leapt 86 per cent since Febru-ary 4, when Fresenius and W.R. Grace of the US agreed to merge their dialysis treatment. products and technology busisses to form Fresenius Medical Care.

Before that, the more liquid preference shares had more than doubled in two years. They were the second-best performer in the FAZ index of 100 German stocks during 1995. after SAP, the computer soft-

ware group.
Grace said at the end of last November that it was in talks with interested parties over the sale of National Medical Centers, the world's biggest chain

of dialysis centres.
On February 2, Baxter International, the US healthcare group which was the inventor of dialysis treatment for kidney patients and is the largest supplier in the world, bid \$3.8bn in cash and shares, publicly, for NMC.

Grace was not amused. Fresenius was smaller than the two US groups. A couple of decades ago, when the finan-cial engineering conventions of the time would have suggested a "reverse bid" for Grace, and much clearing up afterwards, the German company might have found itself unable to

sustain its premium rating. However, according to a recent note from Paribas Capital Markets, the German company was no tyro. It had embarked on an international expansion programme in the 1980s which led to penetration of the US, and numerous other growth markets such as India and China, where joint ventures were entered into in 1994.

· Fresenius preference shares were the second-best performer in the FAZ index of 100 German stocks

during 1995, after SAP, the computer software group

And financial engineering has moved on. Two days after the Baxter move, Fresenius and Grace announced the combination of the NMC and Fre-senius world-wide dialysis businesses in a deal which would be preceded by a \$2.3bn cash distribution to Grace, allowing the latter to buy back up to 20 per cent of its equity; Grace shareholders could also get 44.8 per cent of a new, US and Frankfurt-quoted company to be named Fresenius Medical Care, and preferred (profit-sharing) stock in FMC. Baxter pulled out last weekend. Along with other refine-

advantages to Grace and its shareholders. For Fresenius, the affects were not immediately calculable, but Ms Jadwiga Bobrowska, an analyst at Merck Finck in Düsseldorf, wrote after the deal that Fresenius's earnings, calculated under DVFA German accounting rules, could rise from DM3.95 a share in 1994, through DM5.42 and DM7.54 in 1996 and 1996, to DM13.80 in

When Ms Bobrowska penned this note, the preference shares were at DM160.10 and the price earnings ratio coming back from a 1994 historic of 40.5, to 29.5 on results which should be announced next month, and finally 11.6 on her 1997 estimates. Now, even the 1997 price earnings ratio is over 20 on that hasis

German equity investors love phantasie, a word which combines a good story with an appreciative, not too sceptical audience. The corollary, of course, is that when the story becomes fact, after a Fresenius EGM on April 11, speculators might be expected to sell. However, Mr Roderick Hin-

kel, the German strategist at Paribas, is still hopeful. A current update to a mid-February note from the broker, which contained an earnings sequence broadly in line with the Merck Finck estimates, reckons that the Fresenius preference shares were still 25 per cent undervalued a couple of days ago. The price then was DM237, indicating a 12-month ments, the deal offered tax potential in the area of DM300.

Notice to the Holders of Warrants

Keihin Electric Express Railway Co., Ltd.

(the "Company") issued in conjunction with U.S.\$250,000,000 1 % per cent. Notes 1997

u.s.s250,000,000 3 ¼ per cent. Notes 1999 Pursuant to Clause 4 of each of the Instruments respectively dated 19th August, 1993 and 9th November, 1995 and Condition 11 of the Terms and Conditions of the Warrants thereof, you are hereby notified as follows:

1. Pursuant to the resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company dated 28th February, 1996, the Company will make a stock split (free share distribution) at the ratio of 1.03 for 1 to the shareholders and the beneficial shareholders of record as at March 31, 1996.

 Such stock split will result in an adjustment to the respective Subscription Price of the captioned Warrants as follows effective as from 1st April, 1996 (Japan time): (1) Warrants issued in conjunction with U.S.\$250,000,000 1 % per cent. Notes 1997: Subscription Price before adjustment: Subscription Price after adjustment: Yen 742.60 Yen 721.00

(2) Warrants issued in conjunction with U.S.\$250,000,000 3 ¼ per cent. Notes 1999:
Subscription Price before adjustment:
Subscription Price after adjustment:
Yen 587.00
Yen 569.90 Subscription Price after adjustment:

29th February, 1996

Keihin Electric Express Railway Co., Ltd. By: The Fuji Bank and Trust Company As Disbursement Agent

EdF blames higher taxes | Rabobank posts 11% advance for year

Rabobank, the big Dutch co-operative bank, posted an 11 per cent increase in 1995 net profits to Fl 1.43bn (\$879m), marking an acceleration from the 7.3 per cent rise achieved in the first half of the year.

expanded by 7.6 per cent to Fl 193.5bn, while risks provisioning was left unchanged at

Although the bank said it farmers and horticulturists was satisfied with 1995 results

The 1995 net profits figure repprofits had increased by 14.3

The bank's loan portfolio

it also noted that growth had been held back slightly by narrower interest-rate margins and lower commission income. resents a slowdown in growth compared with 1994, when net

Rabobank, which specialises in lending to the international agri-business sector, said it expected further growth at me and abroad in 1996. Difficulties facing Dutch

meant there was little credit

demand from this sector. The domestic loan portfolio for the agricultural sector rose by less than 1 per cent. However, lending to house-

holds and consumers showed a 12.9 per cent rise, fuelled by low interest rate levels and buoyant mortgage lending. Rabobank is the biggest mort-gage lender in the Netherlands.

Lending to industry, trading companies and the services sector was up 3.7 per cent, though this was less than half the 1994 rate of 7.6 per cent. "These companies remain cau-

of ongoing economic recovery," the bank said.

Total revenue rose by 5.7 per cent to Fl 8.61bn, but operating costs grew even faster, climbing by 6.4 per cent to F15.69hn.

The increase in labour costs, which make up about two thirds of total operating costs, was due partly to Rabohank's continued international expansion. In 1995, new offices included Taipei, Melbourne, Rabobank's network to 77

rear before. The decline in commission income, from Fl 1.1bn to Fl 1.07bn, was linked partly to Rabobank's abolition of retail bank charges and a cut in charges for European payment transfers, the bank said.

Rabobank's interest margin contracted from 2.39 per cent to 2.27 per cent, though overall interest income showed modest growth from Fl 6.24bn to Fl 6.39bn, thanks to higher

Tabacalera ahead despite declining demand

cent of the Spanish market.

where Tabacalera has an effec-

By David White in Madrid

Tabacalera, Spain's statecontrolled tobacco concern, lifted consolidated net profits by 24.3 per cent last year to Ptal3.71bn (\$112m) in spite of declining demand from Span-

The group, now 52 per cent government-owned and a can-didate for further privatisation after next month's general election, attributed the earnings rise to the success of a cost-cutting programme under

way since 1993 and a reorganisation of its activities last year. Mr Pedro Pérez, chairman, said the improvement, which raised group profits to almost three times their level two years ago, was achieved in a particularly difficult year" in which cigarette sales volumes

fell by almost 6 per cent. Sales of higher-priced brands fell by 9.5 per cent - a trend which he said showed that little progress was being made in the fight against contraband. Smuggled cigarettes are

tive distribution monopoly in the legal part of the business. Gross revenues from sales of tobacco products increased, however, by 4 per cent to Pta658.7bn, reflecting a rise in prices as a result of higher tobacco excise taxes.

The group's move out of the food sector brought a 0.5 per cent reduction in overall group sales, net of value-added tax, to

troubled dairy arm La Lactaria Española to another Spanish dairy company for Pta4bn. It also reached agreement with BAT of the UK to sell its 50 per cent stake in a joint subsidiary for Ptal.1bn.

At parent company level, net profit was 8.4 per cent up at Pta10.79bn. This was after extraordinary losses of Pta5.57bn, reflecting the group's loss on its dairy divestment and the cost of a staffcutting programme.

dollar against the peseta contributed to a 35.8 per cent rise in operating earnings to Pta16.96bn. Meanwhile, a reduction in the company's debt burden brought a 41 per cent cut in financial costs to Ptal.46bn.

In spite of Tabacalera's improved performance Mr Pérez, a Socialist political appointee, is expected to be replaced at the head of the group if the centre-right Popular Party wins the election.



Repsol, S.A.

Ptas 143.06 billion

Global Offering 33,000,000 Shares of Capital Stock



SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES

Sociedad Estatai de Participaciones industriales

Globel Coordinators

Goldman Sachs International

Banco Bilbao Vizcaya

Spanish Retail and Employee Offerings 16,500,000 Shares of Capital Stock

Argentaria Boiss, S.V.B. Caje Madrid

Confederación Española de Cajas de Ahorro

Banco Bilibeo Vizoave, S.A.

Banco Central Hispano

Banco Santander de Negocios

Banco Urgulio

Parithum Capital Markota

SBC Warburg

Banco Español de Crédito, 8.A.

Caja de Ahorros y Pensiones de Barcelona, "La CAIXA"

Banco Populer Español, S.A.

Marcovalor, Sociedad de Valorse y Bolse, S.A.

Benito & Monjerdin, S.V.B., Ş.A.

Betz Capital, S.V.B., S.A. Deutsche Bank, S.A.

Continental Europe

International and Spanish Institutional Offerings 9,504,000 Shares of Capital Stock

Crédit Lyonnais Securities España, S.V.B., S.A.

Argentaria Boisa, S.V.S. BBV interactives, S.V.B. Banco Santander de Negocios Cala de Ahorros y Pensiones de Barcelona, "La CAIXA"

PG Valores y Boles, S.A., S.V.S.

CIBC Wood Gundy Securities inc.

BNR Esperie, S.A.

Ahorro y Corporación Financiera, S.V.B., S.A. NORBOLSA, S.V.B

Rest of World CS First Boston

Dalwa Europe Limited

Caja Medrid

Central Hispano Bolsa, S.V.B.

Argenteria Boise, S.V.B. BBV Interactives, S.V.B.

Goldman Secres Interne

Deutsche Morgan Grentell UBS Limited Credit Lyonnula Securities

Banco Santander de Negocios Orendoer Bank - Kleimvort Banson

United Kinadom

BBV Interactivos, S.V.B. Goldman Sachs International

Drasdner Bank - Kleinwort Benson Merrill Lynch International Limited Сазалоче & Со.

Barciays de Zoete Wedd Limited Credit Lyonnals Securities

United States Offering 6,996,000 American Depositary Shares

CS First Boston

Merrili Lynch & Co.

J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.

Morgan Stanley III Co.

Santander Investment Securities Inc

Howard, Weil, Labouisse, Friedrichs

February 1996

Deutsche Morgan Granfall

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenretts

ECU 2,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note

Euro Depositary Receipt Programme

Lavoro Bank Oversees N.V. Banca Nazionale del Lavoro S.p.A.

Series N° 5 Banca Nazionale del Lavoro S.p.A. US\$ 200,000,000 Floating Rate Depositary Receipts due 1999

In accordance with the terms of the Series Nº 5 Depositary Receipts (the "Receipts") described in the Pricing Supplement dated as of August 22, 1994, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from February 29, 1996 to May 31, 1996 the Receipts will carry

an Interest Rate of 5.55 % per annum. The Interest Amount payable on the relevant Interest Payment

Date, May 31, 1996 will be US\$ 14.18 per Receint of US\$ 1,000, US\$ 141.83 per Recept of US\$ 10,000 and US\$ 1,418.33 per Receipt

Kredietbank

MERCURY SELECTED TRUST (SICAV) Registered Office: 6D, route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg, Luxembourg R.C. Luxembourg: B.6.317

Shareholders are informed that the Extraordinary General Meeting of shareholders held in Luxembourg on 14th February, 1996 has approved the amendments to the Articles of Association in the form proposed to the meeting. A revised Prospectus to be dated 29th February. 1996 reflecting the changes to the Articles of Association. certain other changes to the operation of the company including the introduction of the Eastern European Fund, Global Opportunities Fund and Asian Opportunities Fund will be available on request from the registered office of the Company and from the Paying Agents.

Bearer shareholders of the former Hong Kong Fund (now the Asian Opportunities Fund) are requested to submit their certificates to any of the Company's Paying Agents from 1st March 1996 for renaming by stamping. After 31st March 1996 only renamed certificates will constitute good delivery on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Paying Agent: S.C. Warburg & Co Ltd 2 Finsbury Avenue London EC2M 2PP

29th February 1996

The Board of Directors

NATIONAL BANK OF CANADA US\$ 150,000,000

Floating Rate Subordinated Debentures due 2087

In accordance with the provisions of the Debentures, notice is hereby given that for the six month interest period from February 29, 1996 to August 30, 1996 the Debentures will carry an Interest Rate of 3.090625% per annum, adjusted in accordance with a notice published on December 22, 1995

The interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date. August 30, 1996 will amount to US\$ 157.11

for Debentures of US\$ 10,000 Debentures of USS 100,000



CITICORP

U.S. \$250,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rata Subordinated Capital Notes

Due July 10, 1997

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.375% and that the interest payable on the refevant Interest Payment Date, March 29, 1996 against Caupon No. 51 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$43.30.

February 29, 1996, Landon By: Citibank, N.A. (Issuer Services), Agent Bank CITIBANG

The Chase Manhattan Corporation U.S.\$175,000,000 Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1997

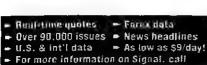
Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.5625% and find the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date May 31, 1996 against Caupon No. 42 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$142,15.

February 29, 1996, Landon By: Citibank, N.A. (Issuer Services), Agent Bank CITIBANCO

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BANK OF BOSTON CORPORATION

Subordinated Notes Due 1998

Interest Rate

5.3625% per annum

Interest Period

29th February 1996

Interest Amount per U.S. \$50,000 Note due 31st May 1996

31st May 1996 U.S. \$685.21



CS FIRST BOSTON

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

AMERICAS NEWS DIGEST

Shares in Internet providers tumble

Shares of US Internet access service providers fell sharply early yesterday following AT&T's announcement on Tuesday that it would offer 13 months free Internet services to its telephone customers. Analysts downgraded several Internet stocks yesterday, citing prospects for an escalating price battle among companies that link home computer users to the global computer network.

Netcom On-line Communications, the leading provider of Internet access to US home computer users, was off \$2 at \$20% in mid-session. This followed a \$5 drop on Tuesday. Since the AT&T announcement, Netcom is down more than 25 per cent. UUNet, another large Internet access service, saw its shares plans. PSINet was also hit hard, down \$1% yesterday at \$2%

America Online, the leading online information service, Netscape Communications, which will provide software to

Wells Fargo, the US bank, has reached agreement with the US Department of Justice and the Office of the Attorney General for California over divestitures connected with its proposed merger with First Interstate Bancorp. The sales involve 61 branches in California with about \$2.5bn in deposits and \$1.3bn in loans. Although widely expected, the divestiture was among the largest the Justice Department's antitrust unit has ever required. The Justice Department said the divestiture was needed to resolve concerns that the acquisition would reduce competition for banking services for small and medium-sized businesses in almost 30 separate markets. Wells Fargo said the sales were unlikely to have a material impact on the net income of the combined company. It added that talks between Wells Fargo and potential purchasers were under way. The merger is expected to be completed on April 1.

Otis Elevator shows growth

Otis Elevator, a unit of United Technologies of the US, said yesterday its 1995 worldwide revenues increased to \$5.29bn from \$4.64bn in 1994 and its operating income rose 21 per cent, to \$511m from \$431m in 1994. About 85 per cent of the company's revenues were generated outside the US while the Asia-Pacific region generated the most sales of new equipment. Otis said 1995 was its "most successful year ever". Mr Jean-Pierre van Rooy, president, said that for the immediate future it "expects continuing dramatic growth of our business in Asia-Pacific, strong profitability from our European operations and continuing recovery in North and South America". In North America, where business has been hurt by a construction industry downturn, Otis said it saw exceptionally strong gains in 1995.

Columbia Gas System of the US is selling its Columbia Gas Development offshoot to Hunt Petroleum, a privately-beld exploration and production concern. Columbia Gas Development is the company's Houston-based oil and gas exploration and production unit. Columbia said it would receive about \$200m cash, plus an overriding royalty interest in certain oil and gas leases.

■ Canadian Pacific's Marathon Realty Co plans to sell its stakes in nine of the shopping centres that were transferred earlier this month to CP. The stakes will be sold to a third party. Marathon said it would also sell six office buildings. The moves are part of an asset sales programme because of the need to pay down debt.

Coastal Corp, the US energy group, is seeking buyers for its

Resistance to newsprint price rises

By Bernard Simon in Toronto

North American and

the vear.

fall by \$2% to \$29%, a 16 per cent drop since AT&T revealed its and down 21 per cent since Monday's close.

which also provides access to the Internet for home computer users, was trading at \$46 yesterday, down \$3%. It has dropped almost 15 per cent on the prospect of competition from AT&T. AT&T's new Internet customers, was trading at \$51%, down \$2% at its lowest level since a two-for-one stock split earlier Louise Kehoe, San Francisco

Wells Fargo deal cleared

coal operations, which had 1995 operating revenues of \$459.6m and operating profits of \$98.7m. Lehman Brothers has been retained as financial adviser on the sale.

Scandinavian newsprint mills have encountered strong resistance among customers to urice rises which are due to

increases that were put in place by some Scandinavian producers at the beginning of Newsprint prices have

almost doubled since late 1993 and, until recently, they were largely unaffected by the slump that has hit other paper grades since last summer. But Mr Bruce Kirk, analyst at SBC Warburg in New York, said: "I will put a bet that the pean newspaper group added that "the word is going around that the market is softening".

North American mills are due to raise their list prices from US\$825 to \$875 on April L take effect in April.

European publishers are also understood to be challenging is also trying to persuade customers. tomers to accept an increase following rises of between 4 per cent and 13 per cent by its European rivals in January. Newsprint has so far been

cushioned from the downturn in other paper markets by an absence of new capacity in North America, and by buoyant demand in east Asia and Europe. Most recently, the market has been supported by fears of a strike at Stone-Con-

price increase will largely not solidated, one of the biggest happen." A buyer at one Eurounions have chosen as their primary target in labour con-

tract talks. But a growing number of newspapers have responded to the price spiral in 1994-95 by trimming newsprint consumption. For instance, they have reduced the web size of printing presses and turned to lighter paper grades. North American demand has been further deuted in recent weeks by disappointing advertising lineage, reflecting the weak overall

economy. Mills as well as newspapers are offering surplus tonnage to brokers for disposal. Mr Leo Schenker, senior executive vice-president at Central National, a large US broker said that "we can get more tonnage than our contracts, but not at bargain prices".

As a result, rising quantities of North American newsprint are finding their way abroad According to Pulp and Paper Week, an industry publication spot prices in Asia have tan-bled by about 20 per cent stope

The duration and extent of depend largely on economic conditions, especially in the pics in Atlanta will revive

US mutual funds again investing overseas

By Richard Waters New York

Small US investors have rediscovered their appetite for

foreign equities. After a year in which share prices at home monopolised their interest. US mutual fund investors have turned their attention overseas again in recent weeks, particularly to the emerging markets of south-east Asia and Latin America. The result has been a jump in the capital being exported by US fund managers, accord-

ing to figures compiled by the Investment Company Insti-tute, the mutual funds' trade Net sales of shares in international equity funds to US investors jumped to \$6.4bn during January - a level not seen since January 1994, and almost

as much as the amount

invested abroad during the

To judge by the experience of some of the country's biggest fund groups, the demand for international shares has remained strong in February, though sales have not matched Jamuary's sudden explosion of international equity funds Mr David Hale, an economist

at Zurich Kemper Investments in Chicago, said mutual funds had proved the most fickle element in US international portfolio investment: the country's pension funds, by contrast, have invested a steady \$35bn or so a year overseas in recent years. Their return to foreign investing, if sustained, could help to underpin the rebound in emerging markets this year. Fidelity Investments, the biggest US mutual fund concern, said its international equity

funds attracted \$1bn of new money during January. During 1995, by contrast, a net \$1.2bn had flowed out of the funds. Much of that new money is headed for south-east Asian markets, Pidelity added. February has brought a slowdown, probably to around \$270m of new money, Fidelity

among small US investors than Scudder Stevens, another funds group, also reported con-

said - though that still repre-

sents a far greater interest in

international diversification

Not new sales (\$5n)"

tinuing interest in international funds during February. There had also been an increase in interest in European equities, it added.

The rebound in demand for

foreign stocks among small investors suggests the sudden popularity of international investment in the second half of 1993 was more than a one-off

From a level of \$5bn in 1992, the money pouring into inter-national mutual funds soured to \$26bn in 1993 and \$27bn in

large industry that has developed in the US around foreign investment suggests that, whatever the short-term swings in demand, this will remain a long-term factor in mutual fonds investment. "We never had this infrastructure for exporting capital before," he said. The Investment Company Institute currently tracks 378 mutual funds which invest exclusively in international equities, compared with only

24 a decade ago. Despite signs that US investors have turned back to international diversification, money flooding into domestic equity funds also hit a new record during January. The funds made net new sales of \$20.9bn, almost four times the level of January 1995, according to the

The new cash, and the concompared with \$2,203bn a year

Coca-Cola Femsa lifts Argentine stake

By David PWing In Buence Aires

Coca-Cola Femsa, the Mexican bottler, has injected \$121m into its Buenos Aires operations, Coca-Cola Femsa de Buenos Aires (Kofba), raising its stake from 51 per cent to 75 per cent. The deal will help to finance

the recent \$56.5m purchase by Kofba of San Isidro Refrescos, the Coca-Cola franchisee for one of the Argentine capital's wealthiest suburbs. It also includes a \$22.1m share pur-

US West/Time Warner

chase from The Coca-Cola year's recession which saw control of the bottling Export Company, which holds

in September 1994 when it paid \$94.5m for 51 per cent of the Buenos Aires bottler, retains a two-year option to buy the reaming quarter of Kofba, Analysts expect it to exercise this option next year.

The move demonstrates Coca-Cola Femsa's commitment to Argentina despite last

mated 12 per cent. Although sales are only expected to bounce back by about 4 per cent this year, analysis believe-Argentina remains an attractive market. Argentina's 33m people are among the world's highest per capita consumers

analyst at Kleinwort Benson. said the deal should enable costs to be reduced as Coca-Cola Femsa consolidated its

congiomerate, has taken a 40 per cent stake in Argentine mineral water company Villa del Sur. The price was not dis-

US West brings new guest to the Time Warner party

\$11bn takeover of Continental Cable enhances telecoms group's potential, reports Christopher Parkes

S West has changed its tune since last year when it blew the whistle on the proposed merger of the US entertainment and media giants Time Warner and Turner Broadcasting System.

The Colorado-based Baby Bell telephone company paid \$2.5bn for a 25.5 per cent stake in Time Warner's TWE cable TV division in 1993. Fearing that it might lose management influence as a result of the pro-

posed TBS merger deal, US West issued a legal challenge. But everything is different now, following US West's \$11bn move this week to take over Continental Cablevision the third biggest US cable company - and so bring rather more to the TWE party than just its know-how in running a

telephone business. On Tuesday morning, even before US West and Continental executives had a chance to air their expectations, Mr Ger-ald Levine, president and chief executive of Time Warner, no less, was on the line faxing his unequivocally sunny forecast. "The strategies of US West... Continental Cablevi-

sion and Time Warner cable

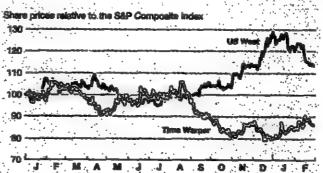
are virtually identical, thus

creating the potential for further affiliating these wellpositioned [cable and telecoms] systems in future," he said. As Continental and US West Media executives made plain at their celebratory press conference, the newly-configured partners now had more fruitful ways of spending their time as a ménage a trois than swapping

Deregulation in the telecoms sector and relaxed controls over the cable industry have recently transformed the landscape of the US electronic communications market Broadcasting, cable, long-distance and regional telephone companies may now operate freely in one another's markets.

There are obvious mutual advantages in the US West-Continental strategy. The principal benefits for both sides include access to management expertise and proven, branded products in service sectors which - despite the similarity in delivery meth-

ods - are by temperament as different as Tom and Jerry. But underlying all the dis-cussions of the potential for within one another's markets



are two common, untested

The first is that there is sufficient potential in the sector as a whole to ensure continued profits growth, not only for established players but also for emerging direct broadcast satellite and so-called "wireless cable" providers, which are making rapid inroads into television programme distribution. They are threatening to do the same in telephony and other

digital services.

The second is that the level playing field provided by the regulators is a benefit only if the players are of comparable As Mr Amos Hostetter,

co-founder of Continental, said

last year, his company was only a tenth the size of the average regional Bell operating company. While Continental's cabled areas were counted among the most efficiently grouped or "clustered" in the US, in one of its main markets
- New England - it was dwarfed by Nynez, the dominant telephony carrier by a factor of 50 to one, he said.

the market was headed. The "communications revolution" simply was not going to happen if, in economic terms, it amounted merely to redistributing the volume of business currently available, he said. Telephone companies could

needed to win a share of a cable TV sector worth some \$20bn in annual sales. "You have to think in terms of a whole range of services not being bought today," he said. Speaking from the relatively comfortable position of one with extensive, high-capacity fibre-optic and coaxial cable connections, he claimed phone companies would need to add between \$50bn and \$100bn of

not justify the investment

make the "revolution" pay. ther recent connections in the sector -including AT&T's stake in the DirecTV satellite broadcasting concern, and the link between MCI Communications and News Corporation for a joint venture - have been made on the assumption that

new video and broadband ser-

vices to the existing mix to

swept along by certain filling up to 400 channels with euphoric assessments of where saleable services will not pres-

ent any problems. Many have set up joint ventures with creative services experts such as talent agencies and with software companies which are leading the search for ways of broadening the appeal of the Internet and developing interactive prod-ucts to sell both to consumers

and business. Scepticism is certainly rife among the hard-heads of the television business that there is much scope for new-fangled interactive consumer offerings.

Mr Stanley S. Hubbard, a TV veteran and DBS pioneer proclaimed two weeks ago that the telephone companies were being made the willing dupes of "silicon snake-oil" salesmen. "People have no interest in interactivity. They interact all day and they don't want to do

it at home," he said.

For US West, which now seems increasingly likely to stay hitched with Time Warner - the world's biggest media and entertainment group - the creativity gap suddenly seems a far less pressing concern than for others in the plain old telephony business.

U.S. \$125,000,000



Floating Rate

U.S. \$300,000,000

Scotiabank THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

Floating Rate Subordinated Capital Debentures Due 2085

per U.S. \$ 10,000 Debenture U.S. \$ 273.23

per U.S. \$100,000 Debenture U.S. \$2,732.30

Interect Rate Interest Period

Interest Amount due

29th February 1996 30th August 1996

CS FIRST BOSTON

U.S. \$250,000,000



BANK OF BOSTON CORPORATION

31st May 1996

U.S. \$50,000 Note due

5.4375% per annum 29th February 1996 31st May 1996

U.S. \$694.79

CS FIRST BOSTON

Mr Hostetter also demon-

strated some reluctance to be



Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due 2001

Interest Pariod Interest Amount per

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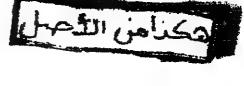
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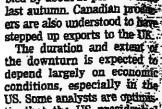
R.C. Luxembourg B32640 DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT al Union Privilege Pontfelio amounce a dividend distribution payable 29th February 1996 for the following funds:

cree 0.170390 Coupon no (0 Coupon no 9 Sierling Reserve US Dollar Reserve YEN 0.028799 Coupon no II 0.265390

in Luxembourg: CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, Luxembourg S.A.

5 rate Plastia, L-2338 LUXEMBOURG BANK VAN BREDA & CO Seace Plantin en Moretgalel, 295, B-2140 ANTWERPEN The Board of Directors Commercial Union Privilege Portfolio SICAV





stepped up exports to the UK the downturn is expected to US. Some analysts are optimis-tic that the US presidential election and the summer Olym-

demand in coming months

1994 before drying up again in According to Mr Hale, the

tinning rise of the US stock market, pushed the total value of all US mutual funds up to \$2.924bn at the end of January,

the remaining 25 per cent of Coca-Cola Femsa, which entered the Argentine-market

soft-drink sales drop an estiof cols.

Mr Enrique Klix, beverage

operations. Coca-Cola Femsa was seeking to break its depen-dence on the Mexican market and was banking on the medium-term strength of Argentina's soft-drinks market, he Danone, the French food

closed. Villa del Sur controls 38 per cent of the \$250m mineral water market.

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Fletcher Challenge to split in three Japanese

By Terry Hall in Wellington

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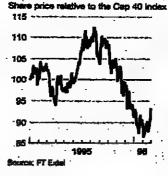
Atlanta will we

Fletcher Challenge, the New Zealand forestry and resources group, is to split itself into three new companies, each with stock exchange listings in New Zealand, Australia and New York. Existing shareholders will receive free shares in Fletcher Challenge Paper, Fletcher Challenge Building, and Fletcher Challenge

Energy.

The company said the move was designed to allow portfolio investors to focus investments on specific parts of Fletcher Challenge's worldwide operations. It follows the successful float of a specialist forestry division two years ago. Under the capital restructure

the present Fletcher Challenge Ordinary Division share will cease to be traded on March 22, although the existing parent holding company will continue Fletcher Challenge



to manage the various companies. Mr Hugh Fletcher, chief executive, said the decision fol-

lowed soul searching by directors who had become dismayed at the poor performance of the Ordinary share price, which has been trading well below Net profits (NZ\$m)

the valuation placed by analysts on its component parts, Yesterday the shares were trading at NZ\$3.38, compared with analysts' valuation of NZ\$4.15.

92-3 94-5

Mr Fletcher said the changes involved no cash demands or tax liabilities, and would lead

to lower borrowing costs because lenders would retain access to diversified cash flows. The dividend policies would see 30 per cent of earnings flow to the paper division, 60 per cent to building division and 10 per cent to the energy

the day Fletcher Challenge announced consolidated earnings of NZ\$360m (US\$243m) for the six months to December 31 compared with NZ\$176m for the year-ago period. There were no abnormal items. The Ordinary division dou-

bled net earnings from NZ\$141m to NZ\$283m, while Fletcher Challenge Forests advanced from NZ\$22m to NZ\$48m. The Ordinary shares divi-

dend is raised from 6.25 cents to 8.5 cents, and the Forests dividend is unchanged at 3

Israeli telecoms group at record

By Av! Machile in Jerusalem

Bezeq, Israel's state-owned telecommunications group, yesterday reported record annual net profits up 80 per cent from Shk314.1m last time to Shk566m (\$182m).

The improved results came as government officials said six consortia had registered to bid for a tender which closed yesterday to compete against Bezeq in providing longdistance telephone services. Bezeq said net profits in the fourth quarter to December 31

Shk163.9m - compared with the same quarter a year ago. Revenues declined slightly in the quarter, from Shk2bn to Shkl.Sbn, but annual revenue rose 9.7 per cent from Shk6.5bn in 1994 to Shk7.2bn in 1995. Bezeq said the sharp increase in profits was a result

of the rapid expansion in Israel's cellular telephone market Reduced rates for telephone calls imposed on the company

by government were offset by growth in the scope of local

tional telephone sector to competition. A sixth consortium, including US operator Bell South, the Brazil-based Safra banking group, Israel's Discount Investment Corporation and Teleglobe of Canada yes-

and international activity.

However, Bezeg's revenues

are likely to be hit in 1996 by

the opening of the interna-

A government committee will review the bid over the next nine months and award two licences to compete with

in the tender.

several substantial contracts to participate in India's ongoing

terday registered to participate

Bezeg in international phone Bezeg, however, has won

telecommunications expansion The Israeli group is slated for privatisation but a planned global public offering of 25 per cent of the company was can-celled last year after Cable and Wireless of the UK quietly brought up 10 per cent of the company on the Tel Aviv stock exchange. Bezeq shares closed up 2 per cent in Tel Aviv yes-

Thai bank shares shake off doubts

By Ted Bardacke in Bangkok

Shares in two of Thailand's largest commercial banks. Bangkok Bank and Thai Farmers Bank, steadied after a three-day slide as investors warmed to the details of their surprise announcements of

capital increases. Last week, Thai Farmers Bank announced it would raise its registered capital by Bt2.2bn to Bt10bn (\$397m) through an issue of new shares and warrants.

Indosat forecasts

Some 20m new shares will be

By Manuela Saragosa In Jakarra

per cent increase.

Indosat, Indonesia's state-controlled satellite telecommu-

nications company, expects net profit to rise by between 8 per

cent and 10 per cent this year, compared with last year's 59

its announcement yesterday to

Indonesia's parliament, implied

the slowdown in profit would

be caused by slower growth in international telephone traffic which it saw increasing by

between 13 per cent and 15 per

cent this year. International

telephone traffic increased 19 per cent last year. The slowdown in growth had

been predicted by analysts who

expect Satelindo, a rival inter-

national telecoms services pro-vider in which Indosat has a

minority stake, to increase its

The company, which made

price, while current shareholders will be eligible to purchase warrants for Bt25 in a ratio of one warrant for every eight shares held, for which 100m new shares would be reserved. The bank is also planning to issue debentures worth Bt5.5bn. The total capital increase would amount to about Bt11.6bn, or just over 20

per cent of total equity.

At the same time, Bangkok Bank announced it would launch subordinated convertible debentures, or Tier 2 capi-Some 20m new shares will be tal, worth up to \$400m with sold to the public at market maturities not exceeding 10

expected to slow as Indosat's

net interest income declines.

Indosat said yesterday it aimed

to spend Rp560bn (\$244m) on international telecommunica-

tion facilities, participation in

joint operating schemes and

other projects supporting its

core business.

would be allocated for potential conversion of debentures. As these two banks have some of the largest capital adequacy ratios in the industry, shareholders and analysts were surprised by the announcements. Concern about the dilutive effect on earnings was paramount and apparently the market had failed to discount that a mar-

ket recovery in Thalland would bring with it a slew of capital raining schemes.
But initial calculations have shown that dilution will be

the capital-raising exercise could be anti-dilutive as the Bt200 exercise price of the new warrant is at a premium to the current market price, according to brokers H.G. Asia.

The attractiveness of the

new warrants is so strong that the price of outstanding warrants, which have an exercise price of Bt188, has tumbled 13 per cent since last Wednesday. Thai Farmers' shares closed Bt4 lower at Bt228 and Bangkok Bank was off Bt3 at Bt186. This follows besvier falls over the past three trading days.

banks detail write-off

By Emiko Terazono in Tokyo

forecasts

Two Japanese banks yesterday released details of the losses they expect to announce for the current full-year as a result of writing off bad loans.

Many of Japan's banks are expected to post losses in the current business year, largely as a result of bailing out the country's bankrupt housing

loan companies.

Fuji Bank, a leading commercial bank, said it would post recurring losses - before extraordinary items and tax --of Y440bn (\$4.21bn) and net losses of Y400bn in the year to March. However, it hoped to raise Y50bn by realising profits on its property holdings. The bank said it would sell its Osaka branch building and other assets to Nihonbashi Kogyo, an affiliate, which would then lease the buildings back to Fuji Bank.

Tokai Bank, another commercial bank, said it would incur a recurring loss of Y340bn for the year to March, its first deficit since 1946. The bank said it would write off Y800bn in loans to the financially ailing housing loan companies - which are likely to be liquidated - and non-bank financial institutions during the 1995-96 year.

Tokai said its net loss would total Y350hn, and added that it would cut the appeal dividend by Y2 per share to Y6.5. The bank planned to forgo bonus payments to executives and to implement a restructuring programme which would include a pay freeze and

The bank plans to issue preferred shares in April to increase its capital which will be depleted by the write-offs. • Standard and Poor's, the US credit rating agency, yesterday mnounced that it had placed Industrial Bank of Japan's long term debts, currently rated at A plus, on credit watch for a possible downgrade. The agency said the move refected its heightened concern over the bank's asset quality in light of the very large expected write-offs of its exposure to the housing loan

ASIA-PACIFIC NEWS DIGEST

Giordano shares suspended in HK

Shares in Giordano International were suspended yesterday as the Hong Kong Stock Exchange sought clarification concerning the sale of shares in the company by Mr Jimmy Lai, the founder of the fast-growing clothing retailer. A placement of Mr Lai's remaining 27 per cent stake in the company, with an estimated value of about US\$180m, was

launched on Tuesday in London and New York. Placements are also due in Tokyo, Hong Kong and Singapore.

The stock exchange said the suspension followed an earlier statement by Giordano indicating the local placement was not under way. The suspension would last until the company had issued a statement clarifying the situation. Mr Lai, who had cut his stake in the clothing company from 36.4 per cent last October, appears to be raising funds to buttress his media interests, which face a price war in the Chinese-language newspaper and magazine market. John Ridding, Hong Kong

Optus announces first profit

Optus, the Australian telecommunications group which plans to float its shares this year, yesterday announced its first profit – a pre-tax surplus of A\$7.1m (US\$5.4m) in the six months to end-December, compared with a A\$26.4m loss in the same period of 1994-95. The company, established four years ago, said its earnings before interest payments and depreciation rose to A\$189.5m, compared with A\$57.9m last time. Revenues were up 42 per cent, to A\$906m.

However, the figures do not incorporate results from Optus' nterest in Optus Vision, the cable operator, which is now laying its network, over which Optus hopes to eventually deliver local telephony services. Optus said that under an equity accounting system, its share of associated companies operating losses would be A\$16.5m. Its total investment in Optus Vision is put at A\$222.3m.

The company remained vague about the timing of its stock market float. It is looking for a new chief executive after the departure of Mr Bob Mansfield to the Fairfax newspaper group an appointment which is a pre-requisite to the launch. Optus is owned by a mixture of Australian institutions and foreign and domestic corporate investors - including Cable and Wireless of the UK.

Bridgestone makes solid advance

Bridgestone, the Japanese tyremaker, posted a 28 per cent rise in consolidated profits last year, helped mainly by strong demand in overseas markets. The company, which owns
Firestone of the US, enjoyed brisk sales in Europe, Asia and the Middle East, which boosted overall sales nearly 6 per cent from Y1,595.1bn to Y1,686.6bn (\$16.14bn) in 1995.

The strength of overseas demand lifted production to a record 520,000 tonnes. The higher production level meant that capacity use improved, which in turn helped to increase recurring profits – before extraordinary items and tax – by 28 per cent from Y76.6bn to Y96.2bn, the company said. Net profits surged from Y40.9bn to Y68.2bn.

Next year, Bridgestone expects recurring profit of Y120bn on sales of Y1,750bn, largely because of the yen's weakening against the US dollar. Bridgestone depends on exports for almost 50 per cent of its sales by volume. Net profits are forecast at Y70bn. Michiyo Nakamoto, Tokyo

Wing Lung Bank ahead 19%

Wing Lung Bank, a Hong Kong retail bank, yesterday reported a 19 per cent rise in after-tax profits, from HK\$611.4m in 1994 to HK\$729.5m (US\$94.4m) last year, and revealed a revaluation of its investment properties which added a surplus of

The bank made no transfers to either general reserves or inner reserves in 1995, both of which were topped up the previous year. Inner reserves at January 1 1995 were HK\$470m. The results are in line with the trend for banks in the colony. which have managed better than expected growth in the face of increased competition, narrowing interest spreads and an economic downturn. Last year the bank's total deposits grew by 17 per cent to HK\$32.4bn and total advances increased by 20 Louise Lucas, Hong Kong

Samsung Heavy Industries falls

Samsung Heavy Industries, South Korea's third largest shipbuilder, reported that 1995 net earnings fell by 43 per cent to Won41.2bn (\$55.9m) because of high depreciation and financing costs associated with the construction of a new 1m gross tonne dry dock. Foreign exchange losses resulting from the high yan also contributed to the profit decline. Sales rose by 45 per cent to Won2,900hn. John Burton, Seoul

Ampolex snubs Mobil move

Ampoles, the Australian energy group which the subject of a hostile A\$1.24bn (US\$941m) bid from Mobil of the US, said yesterday it had received a formal offer document and still viewed the takeover as "clearly inadequate". Ampolex said it was asking Morgan Stanley and Macquarie Benk to consider "strategic alternatives to maximise shareholder value".

Goldfields in black at halfway

Goldfields, the newly-incorporated Australian company which took over the goldmining assets of Renison Gold Fields and Pancontinental Mining, yesterday announced an after-tax profit of 4\$4.31m (US\$3.27m), on revenues of A\$110.5m for the six months to December 27. Pancontinental's gold operations were consolidated from June 5. Nikki Tait

Wells Fargo & Company US\$200,000,000 Floating rate subordinated

potes due 2000 In accordance with the provisions of the notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period 29 February 1996 to 29 March 1996 the notes will carry an interest rate of 5.4375% per annum. Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 29 March 1996 will amount to US\$43.80 per US\$10,000 note and US\$219.00 per US\$50,000

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company **JPMorgan**

First Bank System, Inc. US\$200,000,000

Subordinated floating rate notes due 2010

Notice is hereby given that for the interest period 29 February 1996 to 31 May 1996 the notes will carry an interest rate of 5.4375% per annum and that the interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 31 May 1996 will amount to US\$138.96 per US\$10,000 note and US\$3,473.96 per US\$250,000 note.

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

JPMorgan

Morgan Grenfell Group plc

floating rate notes

US\$200,000,000 Undated primary capital

For the interest period 29 February 1996 to 30 August 1996 the rate of Interest will be 5,625% per annun.

The interest payable on 30 August 1996 will be US\$285.94 per US\$10,000 note and US\$7,148.44 per US\$250,000 note.

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

JPMorgan

Republic of Ecuador PDI Bonds due 2015

For the six months Pebruary 28, 1996 to August 28, 1996, the Bonds will bear interest at 6.0625% per annum. August 28, 1996 will be a Reduced interest Payment Date. On journ date, U.S. 515.75 of Interest per U.S. 81,041.27 face will be payable and U.S. 215.12 of interest per U.S. 81,041.27 tace amount will be capitalized. The sum of at capitalized emounts to and including August 28, 1996 is U.S. 87.39 per U.S. 81,041.27 face U.S. 87.39 per U.S. 81,041.27 face mount of Bonds.

By: The Choice Manhattan Bank, N.A. on Floral Agent February 29, 1998

U.S. \$200,000,000 Bergen Bank A/S Perpetual Floating Rate Notes (with the right to subordinate)

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months interest Period from Fabruary 29, 1966 to August 30, 1996, the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 5.575%. The interest psychie on the relevant interest period on the relevant interest period of the Committee of the Period of the Committee of the Com

By: The Chase Manhatten Bank, ILA. 0 Landon, Agent Back Patruary 29, 1996

U.S. \$1,434,690,000 Republic of Ecuador

For the six months February 29, 1996 to August 28, 1996 the Bonds will bear interest at 6,0625% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, August 28, 1996 will be U.S. \$30,65 per U.S. \$1,000 Bond.

By: The Chose Manhetian Batth, ILA. as Piseti Agent February 29, 1996

CITICORPO

U.S.\$350,000,000

C.S. \$350,000,000

C.S. \$350,000,000

C.S. \$350,000,000

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.6% in respect of the Original Notes and 5.6875% in respect of the Enhancement Notes, and that the interest poyable on the relevant interest Poyment Date March 29, 1996 against Caupon No. 124 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$45.11 in respect of the Original Notes and US\$45.82 in respect of the Enhancement Notes. U.S.\$500,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due October 25, 2005
Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.4125% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date March 29, 1996 against Coupon No. 125 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$43.60. U.S.\$500,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due Jamuary 30, 1998
Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5,3875% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date March 29, 1996 against Coupan No. 122 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$43.40.

U.S.\$350,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due Angust 14, 2011.

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.4375% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Poyment Date May 31, 1996 against Caupon No. 39 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$138.96, and in respect of US\$250,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$3,473.96.

U.S.\$500,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due May 29, 1898
Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.4375% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date May 31, 1996 against Coupan No. 40 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$138.96, and in respect of US\$250,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$3,473.96.

February 29, 1996 By: Calbonk, N.A. (Issuer Services), Agent Bank CITIBANG

PLDT blames flat result on slowdown this year labour and currency costs expenses up faster than profits.

By Edward Luce in Manila

Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company (PLDT), the privatised national carrier and the most traded Philippine ADR in New York, yesterday reported almost flat profits in 1995, blaming labour costs and

LEGAL

NOTICES

MOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN the a moting of

RETISCE IS HEREEN'S GIVEN this a money of creditors in the above matter is to be held as The Most House Hotel, Higher Bedge Stock, Bolton on the 29th day of February 1996 at 12:00 poort. To consider any proposals under a.23(1) of the Insolvency Act 1986 and to consider establishing a Creditors committee.

to order to be solitled to vote at the meeting you must give to me densis in wraing of your claim, including any calculation for the purposes of Rules 2.24 to 2.27 of the Insulvency Rules

Rules 2.24 to 2.27 of the insorvency Runs 1986, or a proxy has been lodged with me which you intend to be used as your behalf, not later than 12.00 moon on the business day before the they fixed for the meaning. Daied 27th February 1996

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Cash for these investments currency problems. will come from funds the com-The disappointing 2.6 per pany raised in 1994 when it cent net profit rise to 4.9bn was partially listed in New (\$187m) pesos was partly dis-guised by an 18 per cent growth in non-recurring profits York and Jakarta. At that time, Indosat placed a large slice of the money raised in after the dilution of PLDT's time deposits, which helped stake in Piltel, its mobile phone subsidiary, at the cellu-lar operator's IPO last year. The IPO netted PLDT 1.3bn bolster its net income figure last year to Rp459.4bn. Separately, PTT Netherlands

was named a front runner to PLDT said a 25 per cent across-the-board pay rise for its replace a Malaysian company in a consortium to set up a new telephone network in employees, plus the rising Indonesia's Kalimantan island. costs of the company's Zero If successful, the deal would mark PTT's second venture into the Indonesian telecoms Backlog expansion programme (a government mandate to install 2.63m new telephone market share this year. Into the Indonesian telect Growth in net income is also market in the past month. lines before 2000), had pushed

Operating costs rose 18.4 per cant to 16.8bn pesos while operating revenues grew 13.5 per cent to 25.2bn pesos. Earnings per share before unusual items fell 9 per cent to 69.6 pesos. Yesterday's results were already discounted, and the

company's shares closed 25 pesos higher at 1,575 pesos. "These are poor results but they were not unexpected," said Mr Alex Pomento, an analyst at Barings Philippines in

"Apart from the currency problems PLDT also suffered

the depreciation of the peso which ate into the company's dollar earnings.
Analysis, however, were bullish on PLDT's medium term prospects, citing the expected benefits of the rapid fixed-line expansion plan and

improvements on labour pro-

from moving to international accounting standards last year which affected tax payments. We expect earnings growth this year to be more like 20 per

The company said the poor growth resulted from a rise of only 9 per cent rise in international telephone revenues, which make up 60 per cent of

PLDT posted a non-recurring loss of 520m pesos last year in redundancy payments to 960 employees. The programme of job cuts is expected to continue.

Analysts said the replacement of the 3 per cent fran-chise tax with a 10 per cent value added tax last month would also widen margins because PLDT can pass the new charges directly on to the consumer. At a p/s of 19, PLDT's shares are in line with the composite average but considered a good medium term investment.

To the holders of A shares in Tele Danmark A/S

Notice of the redemption of A shares

Pursuant to Sections 8 and 8a of the Act No 501 of 22 June 1995 to Regulate Certain Aspects of the Telecommunications Sector, the right to redeem all privately held A shares in Tele Danmark A/S will be exercised with effect from 1 March 1997.

In that connection notice is hereby given concerning the redemption of all privately held A shares in Tele Danmark A/S with effect from 1 March 1997. The A shares will be redeemed at a price of DKK 125 per share, free of charge for the shareholders.

The private holders of A shares will receive dividend for 1996 and proportional dividend for two months of 1997 in accordance with the resolutions passed at the Annual General meetings of Tele Danmark A/S to be held in 1997 and 1998.

Copenhagen, 29 February 1996

Ministry of Research and Information Technology

This formal notice is issued in compliance with the requirements of and has been approved by the London Stock Exchange. Application has been made to the London Stock Exchange for all the "C" Shares of The Scottish Asian investment Company Limited ("the Company") now being issued to be admitted to the Official List. A prospectus relating to the Company in accordance with the listing rules made under Section 142 of the Financial Services Act 1886 ("the FSA") ("the Prospectus") which has been published on 28 February 1996 contains full details of the business of the Company.

The Company is offering up to 50,000,000 °C' Shares by way of a Placing and Open Offer at 100p per Share, payable in full on application. Neither the Placing nor the Open Offer have been underwritten and both are conditional on at least 15,000,000 °C' Shares being subscribed, the pessing of Special Resolutions of the Company, an Extraordinary Resolution of Warrantholders, on the giving of consent by the holders of Management Shares and on the listing of the 'C' Shares on the London Stock

THE SCOTTISH ASIAN INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED (Incorporated under the laws of Jersey, No. 46480. Registered address: PO Box 83, Ordnance House, 31 Pier Road, St. Heller, Jersey JE4 8PW.)

The Scottlish Asian Investment Company Limited is an investment trust which invests in equity or equity-related securities in Asia (excluding Japan and Australia).

Placing and Open Offer sponsored by

> SBC Warburg of up to 50,000,000 'C' shares of £1 each

at 100p per 'C' Share payable in full on application

Sech "C" Share will convent into New Shares on the Conversion Date which will not be later then 30 June 1996 Copies of the Prospectus will be available during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and bank holidays excepted) from the date of this notice up to 12 noon on 25 March 1996 from the registered office of the Company and:

Murray Johnstone Limited

SBC Warburg

7 West Me Street Glasgow G1 2PX 1 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PP Copies of the Listing Particulars may be obtained during normal business hours by collection only from the Company Announcements Office of the London Stock Exchange, London Stock Exchange Tower, Capel Court Entrance, oil Bertholomew Lane, London EC2 up to and including 4 Merch 1996.

Standard Chartered's mete-

oric share price rise last year

had much to do with take-

company yesterday delivered

more than enough earnings

growth to justify its re-rat-

ing. It revealed an appealing

combination of higher reve-

nues, tight cost control and

a 28 per cent return on

assets. And with costs fore-

cast to remain flat this year,

against a background of fur-

ther loan growth, the out-

look is positive. Standard's

management is gradually

eroding its reputation for

loose control of a geographi-

evidence of greater risk.

Standard Chartered

1990 91 92 93

LEX COMMENT

StanChart

over speculation, but the FT-SE-A Al-Shere index

cally sprawling business and it has substantially reduced

finance businesses. Investment banking remains a problem but ambitions have been scaled back and losses will follow Exposure to Hong Kong's volatile property market is increasing, but the mortgaged assets are worth double the

the risk profile. Standard has no outstanding commi property loans and is instead focusing on consumer and trade

value of the loans, and property prices there are rising.

On a forecast of 2810m profits for 1996, the shares are trading on a price-earnings multiple of 11.6. This is a premium

to the banking sector, but a premium is deserved. With its exposure to fast growing Asia Pacific markets, revenue growth

and returns on capital will outstrip UK rivals, and there is no

Hong Kong's banks trade at a substantial premium to Standard, despite the lower rating of the Hong Kong stock market.

Standard's re-rating should have further to go.

COMPANY NEWS: UK

Banana skins of 1980s left behind in 30% rise to £661m

New strategy helps StanChart

By George Graham, **Banking Correspondent**

Standard Chartered, the international banking group, yesterday demonstrated that it had left behind the banana skins of the 1980s by announcing a 30 per cent increase in 1995 pre-tax profits to £661m (\$1.02hn).

Since the installation of new management three years ago, Standard has dramatically scaled back its aspirations in investment and commercial banking in the OECD countries, concentrating instead on its traditional franchise in

cific region

That paid off in 1995. Hong Kong and Asia-Pacific each contributed a third of group profits. With retail banking markets now opening up in countries such as Indonesia, India and Taiwan, the group believes it has substantial growth prospects.

"The prospects are just gigantic," said Mr Patrick Gillam, chairman,

Standard's position contrasts sharply with that of the main British banks, which have reported 1995 results recently. The UK banks have delivered between 10 and 16 per cent earnings growth, with returns on equity in excess of 18 per cent, but they are operating in a competitive market with difficult prospects for

Standard Chartered's profits exceeded analysts' forecasts. but some still expressed disappointment at the the 11p dividend - a mere 38 per cent increase, whereas some investors had hoped for 50 per cent. Costs edged up by 8 per cent

but revenues increased by 8 per cent to £1.79hn Mr Peter Wood, finance

to £1.06bn after dipping in 1994,

costs was "not the beginning of a trend, and we can see clearly how costs will be held flat

Return on equity climbed to 28 per cent, compared with 24 per cent in 1994 and 21 per cent Profits were helped by a drop in net new provisions for bad

1994 and £233m in 1983. Investment banking provided one gloomy spot, with losses increasing from £17m to £20m, but Standard has now agreed in principle to sell its Hong Kong securities business.



Patrick Gillan: Asia-Pacific growth prospects are gigantic

Sceptical market waits for a deal to be delivered

Trafalgar House, it is clear the market is sceptical. Kvaerner's A shares dropped 5.6 per cent yesterday to NKr202. One analyst said market

wariness was understandable after the group's failed £360m hostile approach to Amec last year. "There is a general scepticism about Kyaerner's management. They have to prove they can deliver deals, not just make attempts," said one Oslo-

this, as is shown by the heavy fall in Kvaerner's share price since its mid-1994 peak of

By Kenneth Gooding,

his behalf yesterday.

Mining Correspondent

Mr Tiny Rowland continued

his bizarre tradition of not

speaking at annual meetings of

Lonrho, the conglomerate he

founded, by having two other

shareholders ask questions on

Even more bizarrely, only

one of these spokesmen joined

Mr Rowland in voting against the re-election of Mr Dieter

Bock. Lonrho's chief executive

and Mr Rowland's arch rival.

They were the only two,

among more than 1,000 share-

holders present, who voted

against Mr Bock's reappoint-

The feud between Mr Row-

land and Mr Bock resulted in

Mr Rowland being fired from

Through his spokesman, Mr

Rowland once again raised his most recent criticism - that Mr

Bock had little time for his

duties at Lonrho because of

other commitments. He asked

how many hours a week Mr

Bock spent on Lonrho busi-

the Lonrho board last March.

failure to meet profit forecasts and its inability to generate a profits momentum outside shipbuilding, where it is the European leader. The group has had to issue profits warnings for both its oil and gas after being over-optimistic about prospects. Even ship-

Markets have also been

diplomat who is now Lonrho's

chairman, put all his experi-

ence and training to work dur-

ing the 1%-hour meeting but

showed a little impatience with

this line of questioning and snapped back: "If you think I am going to clock Mr Bock in

and out of his office, you are

He pointed out to some

applause that, since Mr Bock

became Lonrho's chief execu-

tive, profits had risen from

£59m to £151m and the share

price had gone up from 75p to 1921/sp - "not bad for a man Mr

Rowland calls our busy chief

Mr Rowland's "fan club",

who used to pack the annual

meetings and show their adora-

tion, has certainly shrunk in

size. One shareholder said yes-

terday: "Mr Rowland deserves

great credit for building up

Last November came the Amec bid. Last week it bought Tampella Power of Finland and a big stake in its parent, Tampella Corp. This week it turned its sights on Trafalgar House. Uncertainty has been increased because it seems Trafalgar was Kvaerner's second choice, after Amec, and because it is not clear what the

its big shipbuilding operations, and gaining increased muscle in its core activitles are generally applauded. The group aims to be dominant in areas where

The Tampella purchase shows this strategy in action. It will make Kvaerner the world's leading supplier of chemical recovery plants, evaporators and power generation boilers for the pulp industry.
In the past, Kvaerner has proved actute at buying lossfor NKr700m in 1991, after the bankruptcy of its former owner, and has made it highly profitable. It acquired the East German yard at Warnow on very attractive terms. Even Kvaemer Govan, the least successful of the group's big ship-

building purchases, is making

profits. Others argue that the easy money has been made at Masa Yards and with orders now easing and the Finnish markka strengthening, harder times are ahead. This will test Kvaerner's ability to maintain ship-

from Japanese and South Korean yards.

Analysts say uncertainty was a key reason for the fall in Kvaerner's share price yesterday. The group has not said which bits of Trafalgar it wants to buy, nor how it will fund any purchase. Most assume the group wants Trafalgar's offshore and engineering businesses, housed within Davy and John Brown, and that it is not interested in the Cunard cruise shipping operation. Whatever happens Kvaerner can Ill afford a sec ond successive rebuff if its ambitions to expand internationally via the UK are to

price for these, which are Cavenham's

least attractive properties, and should

beat its target of £1.5bn for the whole sale," said Mr Paul Beaufrere, analyst at

The City was unmoved by the sale, as it ell in line with expectations.

Hanson's shares, which have fallen 9

per cent since the demerger was

amounced, were unchanged yesterday at 186p. A 75 per cent stake in Suburban Propene, the US gas company, is expected to be floated within the next two weeks,

bringing about \$500m. Hanson wants to

reduce its heavy borrowings of £4.7bm to

23bn in the demerged company.

the UK stockbrokers, James Capel.

Sema up 25% on outsourcing rise

Strong growth in the systems integration and outsourcing business, particularly in the defence, finance and nunications sectors, helped Sema, the Anglo-French computing services group, raise pre-tax profits by 25 per cent

Mr Pierre Boneili, chief executive, said the year was marked by "an excellent trading performance" and by a number of strategic investments which are expected to contributs significantly to growth and profitability.

While the core systems integration and consultancy business grew by 5.8 per cent, its outsourcing operations, buoyed by the recent acquisition of a 40 per cent stake in TS FM in France, grew by 29 per cent.

Glaxo Italian sale

The Italian subsidiary of Glaxo Wellcome, the drug company, has completed its restructuring by announcing a management buy-out at one of its three manufacturing plants. Following Glaxo's takeover of Wellcome last year the Italian offshoot needed to rationalise production and cut 450 jobs by 1997, as part of the worldwide loss of 9,000 jobs:

Mr Gian Pietro Leoni, chairman of Glazo Wellcome, Italy, seid it decided to retain the former Glaxo plants at Verona and Parma, both in northern Italy, and to dispose of the former Wellcome concern at Pomezia, south-west of Rome, valued at John Simkins in Milan

Videologic to raise £4.8m

Videologic, the specialist multimedia hardware group, is raising about \$4.8m (\$7.39m) not through a placing of 6.94m new ordinary shares by SBC Warburg at 70p. In December, when the group announced interim pre-tax losses of £3.59m (£3.75m) it said it might need to raise about £5m to help sales of its GraffxStar and PowerVR products.

Alliance Resources \$2.4m loss

Alliance Resources, the US oil and gas group, reported an increase in its pre-tax loss from \$196,000 to \$2.39m for the six months to October 31, but said that since December progress had been made on several fronts. Turnover in the period advanced to \$1.55m (\$647,000) from 540 barrels of oil equivalent per day, reflecting the acquisitions of Source Petroleum and Nagit

Operating costs of \$4,17m (\$997,000) included \$499,000 for professional fees in connection to the action against Mr John O'Brisn, its former chief executive.

Scottish Asian raising £50m

Scottish Asian Investment Company has launched a C share issue to raise up to £50m. Up to 11.4m C shares are available at 100p each by way of an open offer on the basis of one C share for every two participating shares and five C shares for every two warrants. A further 38.6m C shares will be placed at the same price by SBC Warburg.

Kvaerner shares fall on bid doubts, writes Christopher Brown-Humes The company's credibility speed at which Kvaerner is trythem round. It bought Masa broader objectives of expand-Yards, the Finnish shipbuilder. has been undermined by its ing internationally, balancing

and pulp and paper busines

building is causing concern. despite its very strong performance in 1995, because the The worries go deeper than group's order book is falling and margins are under pres-

Lonrho tradition

ing to expand since Mr Erik Tonseth, chief executive, indicated last autumn that the company had the financial muscle to double its size by

group might buy. Ironically, Kvaerner's

By Deborah Hargreaves

divisions.

RESULTS

Hanson, the industrial conglomerate, yesterday sold a large portion of its Cav-

enham Forest Industries subsidiary in the

US to Weyerhauser, the forest group, for

This marks the company's first disposal since it revealed plans last month to

break itself up into four separate

Hanson said last December that it

would sell all Cavenham's US forest and

saw mill assets, as well as float its US

Suburban Propene company, in order to

raise £1.5bn and reduce debt.

it is active - a position already achieved in shipbuilding, hydropower and fibre pulping.

Tiny maintains his Hanson in \$500m US forestry disposal

We now believe total proceeds will comfortably exceed our initial estimates,"

Mr William Landnyt, chief executive of

Hanson industries, said yesterday's sale put the company ahead of schedule for its

The sale consists of 661,200 acres of pine forests in Louisiana and Mississippi and four saw mills. It leaves the company with about 750,000 acres of valuable hemlock and fir forests in the north western US, one independent saw mill and a further 300,000 acres of south eastern US

forest to sell. "Hanson seems to be getting a good

									- Dividends -		
	Ternor	er (Em)		e-tex t (Gre)		64	Corrent payment (s)	Date of physical	Corresponding (b) (dett)	Total No.	Total las
Allegang Res III 6 inths to Oct 31	1.55	(0.647.)	2.39L	(0.1961)	0.51.	(0.1L)					•
Assoc Brit Ports Yr to Dec 31	235.9	(228.3]	BB.4	(80.3]	17.5	(16.4	3.5	Apr 25	3.5	8.5	5.5
NCC Yr to Dec 31	4,382	(3.973)	67LA	(131)	37.1L	(19.6)	8.5	July 1	8.6	12.5	14.8
Capital Shepping	103.7	(66.6)	48.4	(28.1)	10.7	(6.3)		May S	2.5	7.5	5.26
Corporate Services	133.2	683.2 j	8.37	(3.26)	10f	(6.1)	25	Mary 24	2	3.5	2
lest (SR) 6 miles to Dec 31	73.6	(73.9)	2.8	(2.73)	4.7	(4.7)	1	May 10	3	-	3.5
riveresk Yr to Dec 2	130	(101.2)	8.294	(8.13)	11.1	(10.9	3.86	Apr 30	3.66	5.79	5.52
metric Wine Yr to Nov 30	66.6	(60.2)	1.046	(2.92)	2.96	(5.56	2.5	Apr 23	25	4.25	4.25
Typeck Calcinocommus	85.1	(41)	90.31	(96.11,)	7.8	(7.11,	di		-	-	
eros	577.7	(596.1)	36.94	(29.54)	24,85	(21.26]	3.1	July 1	25		4.1
Residend Chartered		(-)	001	(510)	45.9	(32.7)	7.75	May 51	5.76	11	8
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Sir John Leahy, the former at one another."

Lonrho but Mr Bock has shown the real value of the company. The biggest round of applause came for the share-holder who said he felt "great sadness about two major figures in this company sniping

Nywer Calciacommus Yr to Dec 31 Sect Yr to Dec 31 Standard Chartered Yr to Dec 31 Zathers 9 mits to Dec 31	85.1 677.7	(41) (596.1) (-)	90.3L 36.94 001 0.659	(95.1) (29.5¢) (510)	7,84. 24,85 45.9	(7.1L) (21.26) (32.7)	nfi 3.1 7.75	July 1 May 51	25 5.75	## 6 11	4.1
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This announcement appears as a matter of record only. Sale of BETONSON VAN NIEUWPOORT Greenfield Capital Partners Janivo Holding Nederlandse Participatie Maatschappij Alpinvest Holding Brabantse Ontwikkelings Maatschappij P & L Participaties Farex Beleggingen Tarros Vendors advised by EKELMANS DEN HOLLANDER Price Waterhouse D. OC. TER. NOTAPISSES Purchaser advised by **NAUTA DUTILH**

Price Waterhouse, Atrium Building, Strawinskylaan 3127, 1077 ZX Amsterdam

Orange worth up to £2.45bn The shares will be on offer world-wide. A

Orange, the UK mobile communications group, confirmed yesterday that it will be valued at between £2.3bn and £2.45bn (\$3.8bn) when it floats at the end of next month.

The flotation is generating widespread interest as the company's brokers begin the task of setting the offer price, expected to be between 175p and 205p a share.

Analysts had projected a range of prices some 20 per cent higher.

public offering in the UK, subject to a minimum investment of £1,000 will be launched on March 12, and priced on March 37.

Some 325m shares, representing 26.5 per cent of the enlarged share capital of the company, are to be floated, raising between £590.6m and 2623.5m net. The majority of the proceeds will be used to repay loans made by the existing shareholders to finance the early growth of the

Exceptionals put BICC in the red

Restructuring costs, difficult trading conditions and a loss on the sale of its bousebuilding business pushed BICC, the international cables and construction group, into the red last vear.

After swallowing £176m of exceptional items the group reported a pre-tax loss of £67m (\$103m) for 1995, against a £131m profit the year before. Turnover was up almost 10 per cent at £4.36bn.

Losses per share were 37.1p (19.6p earnings) and a final dividend of 8.5p makes a total of 12.5p (14.6p).

Mr Alan Jones, who joined the group as chief executive from GKN last year, said the positive impact of the "radical" restructuring would start to feed through to the bottom line this year. With all of the changes either already announced or completed, he said the group would be cash

generative this year. In the past year poorty per-forming housebuilding and low voltage cable operations have either been sold or restructured, and investment profits falling by half to 29m.

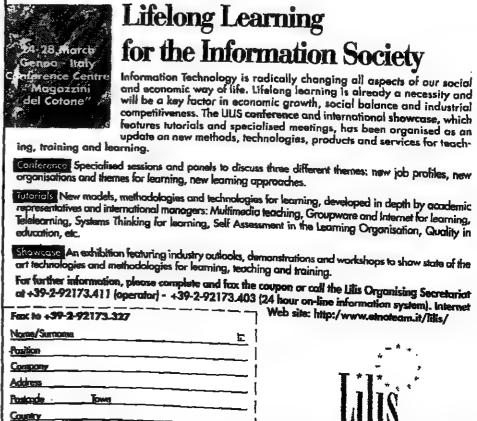
gin fibre-optic and data cabling

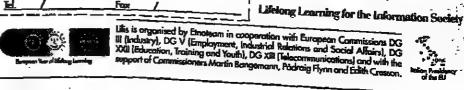
Mr Jones said: "We've taken the right action very quickly and vigorously in cables and will see a return to the form of better profits in the second half of 1996. And we have sustained investment in growing products and the Asia Pacific markets, which will show through in profits in 1997." The brighter outlook and an

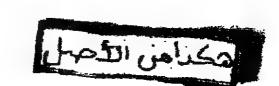
unexpected improvement in cash generation - operating cash flow rose from 521m to £162m - helped BICC's shares climb 5p to 295p. The largest single excep-

tional item was the £82m cost of rationalising the cables operations, which involved plant closures in Germany, the US and Canada. Other items included a £78m loss on the sale of Clarke Hornes to Westbury in December, a £10m provision on property revaluations, and a £5m charge to cover the cost of the collapsed tunnel in the Heathrow Express project.

The North America Cables division performed badly, with







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Statement by the Chairman Patrick Gillam

66 Standard Chartered's position as a high performing banking group, concentrating on fast growing Asian and African markets, improved significantly during 1995.77

Results

Annual dividend

For the third year in succession, I am delighted to report excellent results:-

Pre-tax profits	up 30 per cent from £510 million to £661 million
Cost income ratio	reduced from 62 per cent to 59 per cent
Headline earnings per share	up 44 per cent from 31.2p to 45.0p
Return on shareholder equity	up from 24 per cent to 28 per cent
Tier 1 capital	7.9 per cent

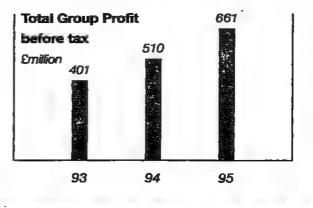
Strategies and the economic environment

up 38 per cent from

8.0p to 11.0p

We will grow and develop our strong franchises in Asia, the Middle East and Africa using our operations in Europe and North America to provide our customers with a bridge between these markets. We will focus on personal, corporate and institutional banking, on consumer finance and in the provision of treasury, custody and investment banking services, all areas where we have strength and expertise.

In Asia, we operate in dynamic economies where real growth rates of five per cent per annum and above are the norm. Hong Kong continues to be of major importance to the Group and produced a profit increase of 10 per cent over 1994 and 35 per cent of the total Group profit. A total of 68 per cent of our pre-tax profit comes from Asia Pacific Region. Africa and the Middle East contribute 10 per cent and the more established economies, mainly the United Kingdom and the United States, 22 per cent.



Business performance

The growth, development, and profitability of our strategic businesses was excellent:-

- Personal Banking grew significantly and now contributes about 30 per cent of total profits.
- Corporate Banking is being realigned to provide better products and improved customer service.
- Institutional Banking continued to expand rapidly and aims to be the 'banker's bank' in Asia, the Middle East, Africa, and increasingly in Latin America.
- Treasury has particular strengths in exotic currencies and reinforced its position as a leader in Hong Kong and other Asian markets.
- · Custody, under the Equitor banner, has established itself as a leading Asian regional sub-custodian.
- Consumer Finance, through Chartered Trust, had a very good year in the United Kingdom.

Standard Chartered

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COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

Gencor's smelter plans | Small farms blamed for southern African poverty ease capacity worries

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

Gencor's suggestion that it might build two big smelters in southern Africa, one to produce aluminium and the other zinc, was greeted with enthusiasm by analysts yesterday who said the extra capacity would be needed in the next 10

The South African mining and metals group said it was evaluating the feasibility of using surplus energy from the Cabora Bassa hydro-electric complex in Mozambique to power an aluminium smelter with an expected annual capacity of 245,000 tonnes. The company said capacity could rise to 490,000 tonnes, making it one of the world's biggest aluminium smelters. Capital expenditure of the first phase was estimated at R4bn (\$1bn). Gencor also said it was con-

sidering another power-intensive project, a zinc smelter possibly located in the eastern Cape with annual capacity of 200,000 tonnes. This might also be expanded to a capacity of 400,000 tonnes. The first-phase

capital expenditure for this project would be about R1.5bn. The South African government's Industrial Development Corporation would be involved in the planned projects. Mr Graham Dellar, analyst

at the Resource Strategies consultancy, said the zinc venture had been suggested some months ago by Escom, the South African power supplier, because it has excess capacity. The timing was good because there was at present "a window of opportunity" as the world would need two new zinc smelters before long. Although there was a considerable increase in zinc mine capacity planned for the coming five

years, virtually no new smelting capacity had been

announced. Mr David Moison, another Resource Strategies analyst, said the aluminium industry also needed new smelting capacity in the next five to 10 years - but the requirement for "green field" smelters was much less than some other analysts had suggested. For example, between 25 and 50 per cent of expected extra demand for aluminium in the next five to 10 years could be met by enhancing existing production facilities. "This is a very attractive route with very low capital requirements," Mr

Several aluminium smelters were planning to add new production lines, he added, which would be more expensive than upgrading existing "pots", but cheaper than building a new

Agriculture ministers are calling for more effective investment, John Madeley reports

outhern African coun- Swaziland, Tanzania, Zambia tries "will not prosper" without rapid growth in the small-scale agricultural sector, according to an international workshop on poverty alleviation strategies held in Cape Town last week.

Small-scale farmers in the region have fared "very badly" said a statement issued at the workshop, which was organised by the 12-country Southern African Development Community (SADC), the World Bank and the United Nation's International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD). The event was attended by agriculture ministers and officials from SADC member states.

The "extremely low level" of productivity and development of small-scale agriculture in southern Africa is the root cause of the rural poverty in the region, the statement said. Many farmers in the smallscale sector have only limited access to land and water, and lack "adequate and stable offfarm employment".

Many rural areas in the region "have suffered profound neglect and discrimination", Mr Fawzi Al-Sultan, IFAD president; told the workshop. The rural poor have been the main victims: "The origins of poverty lie in small-scale agriculture and this is where the search for answers must start." The 12 SADC countries are Angola, Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa,

and Zimbabwe.

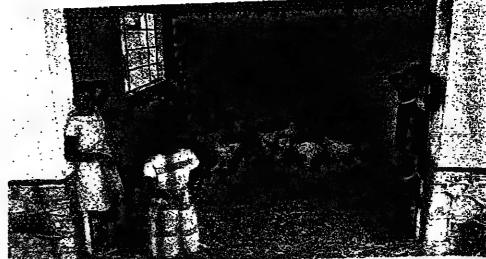
Part of the problem stems from the inadequate agricultural resource base of many areas in the region "particularly the areas where the poor are concentrated", said the statement. "The situation is worsening as a result of the pressure of population, erosion and land degradation, as well as climate change triggering the incidence of drought.

It adds that difficulties have been caused by the way resources have been distributed, and by the absence of links between the rural poor and the "engines of economic growth and development". The workshop's participants

said that the role of SADC goverrments "is first and foremos to promote the general policy conditions for increased private sector investment and activity in the poor rural areas". They added that reforms should seek to eliminate policies that have distorted the rural sector and placed the poorer farmer at a disadvantage, and said there was a need "for public investments in services and infrastructure to overcome bottlenecks to private investment".

They also urged closer co-operation between governments and non-governmental organisations, with spending targeted at those who need it

Access to land, security of tenure, greater availability of



Growth hopes: a 26-acre Zimbabwean farm, formed when a white Rhodesian holding was split to

credit and improved storage and marketing facilities were considered vital for raising productivity in the small-farmer sector. The problem of inadequate access to land is particularly acute in the region.

Ms Katherine Marshall, director of the World Bank's southern Africa department, told the meeting that the gap between rich and poor may be wider in the region "than in any other part of the world". But budgetary allocations and investment in the region's rural areas were at "low levels", she said.

This was denied by Mr Katre Mbuende, SADC executive sec-retary, who said that SADC countries were allocating up to

40 per cent of their budgets to self-sufficient smallholders. agriculture and rural development. "It's rather a question of how we make spending more effective. To do that we have to involve small farmers more, putting them at the centre of our policies."

n South Africa, land tenure reform is under way, said Ms Thoko Didiza, the country's deputy minister for agriculture, and farmers who were previously disadvantaged now have access to credit. But she cautioned that many farmers cannot afford to take loans because of interest and capital repayments. Some farmers are being financially assisted, she said, to help them become

Mrs Freda Luhila, director of Programme Against Makontrition, a Zambian NGO, believed that one of the workshop's chief benefits was its emphasis on the need for forums where governments, NGOs and the private sector can - come together to plan and make sure that policy formation is not only done at the top level but that it includes the beneficiaries themselves".

Higher priority for smallholder agriculture was seen by Mr Al-Sultan as a likely outcome of the workshop. We now have more awareness of the issues than before and a much bigger commitment from governments," he said.

Gold and zinc ventures to start in Spain and Ireland

By Kenneth Gooding

Western Europe might be out of favour with big international mining operators but two "junior" companies with substantial projects - one for gold in Spain and the other for zinc and lead in Ireland - said yesterday they were close to starting production. Larger companies have been deterred from the region because it is too crowded, presents prob-lems with permitting and has an active environmental move-

Rio Narcea Gold Mines has aiready found enough gold in the northern Spanish province of Asturias to support an openpit mine producing about 100,000 troy ounces of gold for 10 years, which would make it Europe's biggest gold producer.

Mr Chris von Christierson, Rio Narcea chairman, said yes-terday that a feasibility study for the US\$40m project should be completed by the middle of the year and a decision about production would be made soon after. Production could start at the end of next year.

Rio Narcea this week hired SBC Warburg, the investment bank, to help find finance for the project and steer the company, at present quoted in Toronto, to a listing on the Madrid stock exchange and possibly one or two other European exchanges. Most of Rio Narcea's shareholders are based in Europe.

Spain is a particularly promining country and the Asturian government will provide 15 per cent of the project costs in subsidies. Up to a further 20 provided by the European Commission under its assisted areas programme.

Meanwhile Arcon International Resources, the Irish company majority owned by Mr Tony O'Reilly, the international businessman, said its Galmoy zinc-lead project in County Kilkenny was on track to start production in the second half of the year. The I£53m (\$33m) mine is

scheduled to produce 74,000 tonnes of zinc and 6,000 tonnes of lead a year. Some US\$60m of bank finance has already been raised for the project. Arcon also reported "excellent" results from its IE1.5m.

two-year exploration pro-

gramme on the extensive

licence area surrounding the

Mr Vladimir Kadannikov, Russia's first deputy prime minister, triggered a sharp fall in the price of palladium yesterday when he was quoted by the Itar-Tass news agency as saying that the federation might sell precious metals and diamonds to cover an expected shortfall in its budget. Russia apparently Rbs10,000bn (\$2.07bn) short of its

Palladium's price in London fell by US\$3.50 a troy ounce to

Rbs32,000bn budgetary require-

Russia accounts for 65 per

Russian problems hit palladium

cent of world production of palladium, used mainly in automotive anti-pollution catalysts, and the market was already nervous following comments from Mr Barry Davison, chairman of Anglo American Platinum Corporation. On Monday he suggested that the market remained overshadowed by stockpiled Russian metal. "The fundamentals are not condu-

cive to a short- or medium-

group metal prices," he

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday nickel suffered another substantial fall to close \$270 a tonne, or 3.4 per cent. down at \$7.765. Since the close on Friday nickel's price has dropped by

Traders said the sharp reversal was caused by selling by on technical indicators such as charts. The funds are apparently intent on driving the nickel price down to between \$7.550 and \$7,600 a tonne.

Other factors supported lower prices, analysts suggested. Demand from the stainless steel industry, accounting for two-thirds of nickel demand, has slumped. "The clear slowing in the rate

JOTTER PAD

of decline of LMB nickel stocks is due to cuts in stainless steel production, combined with weak physical markets and better availability of both scrap and virgin nickel," Brandeis, the metals group, said in a special report.

Cocoa's price in London was pushed down to a fresh contract low at the opening of trading yesterday by bearish production scenarios.

The price of cocca fell to £904 a tunne but recovered later to £911. The coffee futures price alipped \$28 a tonne to \$1,970 a

COMMODITIES PRICES

BASE METALS LONDON METAL EXCHANGE (Prices from Amelgemeted Metal Trading)

E. ALLINGNUM, 86.7 PURITY (C. per issue)

High/fow	1579/1576	101121903
AM Official	1679-80	1610-10.5
Kerb close Open int.	209.247	1003-04
Total daily turnover	40,324	
M ALUMANUM ALLO		h
Cione	1345-55	1380-85
Previous	1343-46	1378 82
High/low		1380/1375
AM Official Kerb close	1342-47	1378-80 1377-80
Open int.	4,848	13/7-60
Total delly tumover	813	
LEAD & per torre	•	
Close	752-63	757.5-58
Previous	789.5-70.8	765-66
High/low	773/766	789/782
AM Official Kerti cicen	772-73	766-86 754-766
Open int.	35,678	194-199
Total daily turnover	8,476	
M NICKEL & per ton	ma)	
Close	7650-60	7780-70
Previous	7920-30	8000-40
High/low	7910	8085/7750
AM Official Kerb close	7906-10	9010-15 7830-40
Open int.	39,985	7030-10
Total daily tumover	13,482	
TIN (\$ per tonne)		
Close	6105-15	8175-80
President	6145-66	6215-20
High/low AM Official	6120-26	6220/6160 6185-90
Kerb close	0120-20	8190-70
Open int.	16,748	0.44
Total daily turnover	3,319	
ZING, special high	grade (S per	tonne)
Close	1003-24	1044-45
Province	1023-24	1042-48
High/low AM Official	1039-29.6	1050/1044
Kerb close	1000-000	1046-47
Open Int.	76.215	
Total delily turnover	22,425	
Et	All arrangement	

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High/low AM Official

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PRECIOUS METALS (Prices supplied by N M Rothschild \$ price E equiv SFT equit 397.40-397.80 397.30-397.70 397.50 397.55 397.55 398.40-398.80 396.80-397.20 Previous class 399.00-399.50

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Precious Metals continued

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-0.73 56.80 55.50

GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS WHEAT LCE (£ per tonne) 117.90 -0.00 116.00 117.90 120.26 -0.80 120.36 120.25 120.25 -0.80 120.36 120.25 122.30 -0.75 122.55 122.30 110.65 -0.15 112.20 -0.35 112.25 112.30 10

WHEAT CBT (5,000bu min; cents/60fb bushel) Nier May Jul Bop Doo MAZZE CST (5,000 bu mirt; cents/56to bushel) 391.75 +3.75 382.25 388.50 32,192 82,006 389.25 +2.25 389.50 385.26 81,374.201,285 382.50 +2.25 383.00 378.00 22,836.119,085 X33.25 - 333.25 331.50 3,028 34,206 317.75 -0.50 318.50 316.50 10,920 85,198 322.75 -0.25 323.25 321.50 768 8,988 BARLEY LCE (£ per torme) 108.80 -0.70 108.90 108.90 110.25 -0.80 110.16 110.15 - 106.50 106.50 - 108.50 108.25 106 254 1 66 118 1,216

- 742.00 738.50 7.315 49.379 79,407 282,239 # SOYABEAN OIL CET (80,000lbs: cents/lb) Ang Sop Oct Total 4,383 22,218 2,092 5,905 1,145 3,463 III SOYABEAN MEAL CBY (100 tors; \$/ton) Mar May Miles Sep Oct Tytul +1.9 234.7 230.5 6.423 11,808 +1.9 239.1 235.3 10,803 38,735 +1.6 242.5 239.0 7.172 23,310 +1.3 242.7 239.3 856 5,063 +1.4 341.7 239.3 634 3,048 +1.1 236.5 234.3 139 2,139

739.75 +2.76 741.00 733.00 21.636 21.713

POTATOES LOS (CADANA) 200.0 183.0 193.5 225,0 105.0 1410 1410 1295 1335 Close 1379

FUTURES DATA

Nuts and Seeds
Prices from Kenkto Group: USS a torme, Iranian pistactios 28/30 raw (in shell returnly opened (round): 1995 crop 3,400 CFR/FOT MEP, 26/28 3,500 CFR/FOT MEP - roested and saled 28/30 at 3,900 ex-temburg, vacuum pack. US aimonds (shelted) — mertest unstable, prices rising. US waimuts LHP 20% - steady at 5,840 FAS California. Indian ceshiews raw: 1995 crop, W-320, 5,850 spot Europe; 5,850 CFR MEP March-Aprit — prices stabilising. Turkish hazelnut kernels, 13/15 standard 1s, 1995 crop at 2,400 CFR MEP lafling, with little business done. Puselan snow writte pumpkin seeds: 1995 crop, long, grade A, at 1,950 FOB MEP; nund, 2,350 FOB MEP. US suniflower seeds 20/84 long at \$840 CFF. WS sufflower seeds 20/84 long at \$840 CIF MEP. Chinese grade A pine lurnels, 1995 crop at 5,300, spot UK or 4,500 CFR from origin,

880 1,609 4,186 904 3,452 28,943 930 1,431 14,108 953 1,403 37,239 971 2,421 17,086 990 987 33,576 B DOODA CSCE (10 tormes S/lormes 1265 1257 1263 1269 6 1305 1262 3 1257 79 485 1269 8,387 42,459 1262 3,149 17,533 1360 1375 E COODA (CCO) (SDR's/loring 2020 1887 1825 1795 1778 1753 1985 1,305 5,899 1829 2,499 13,226 1773 664 4,335 1780 41 2,918 1787 21 1,282 -25 -23 -22 -16 -14 -24 2,918 1,282 275 F COPPEE 'C' CSCE (37,500lbs; cente/be) 114.80 -1.70 117.20 114.25 818 1.670 11E.05 -1.90 118.20 112.80 6,363 18,264 11T.05 -1.65 114.90 111.80 1,310 4,117 111.50 -1.40 113.90 111.50 100.70 -1.85 113.00 109.50 109.75 -1.50 112.00 112.00 PM 20 II Not Present RAW SUGAR LCE (certa/fort LONDON SPOT MARKETS 5 10 67S 0 11 506 2,496 29,461 M SUGAR "11" CSCE (112,000fbs; cents/lbs) 13 16 +0.13 13.25 12.90 14.701 13.403 11.99 +0.15 12.00 11.75 10.438 63.430 11.05 +0.05 11.08 10.90 4.325 33.534 10.82 +0.02 10.51 10.23 887 13.837 10.22 +0.01 10.23 10.16 64 3.260 10.24 10.25 887 13.837 10.22 +0.01 10.23 10.16 64 3.260 E COTTON NYCE (50,000ms, carry and 82.60 +0.17 82.70 82.10 433 83.73 +4.18 83.90 83.11 3.718 27.611 84.27 +0.07 84.55 83.90 13.03 11,772 11.30 -0.10 11.30 81.00 512 2.484 79.99 +0.21 80.05 79.65 2.157 15.808

IN ORANGE JUICE NYCE (15,000lbs; cents/lbs)

128.40 +0.80 126.70 125.80 1,879 126.10 +0.80 126.30 175.75 177

126.50 +1.05 126.60 125.60 1,128 3.020

124.95 #4.70 125.00 124.50 132 121.50 -0.05 121.50 121.50 177 121.25 -0.20 122.00 121.25 66 Open interest and Volume data shown for contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CET, NYCE, CME and CSCE are one day in arrears. **INDICES** REUTERS (Base: 18/9/31=100) Feb 28 Feb 27 month ago year ago 2137.3 2138.9 2175.5 2327.1 CRIS Potteres (Base: 1987=100) Feb 27 Feb 28 month age 249.07 245.45 ■ GSCI Spot (Base: 1970=100)

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK 84.850 -0.375 88.125 84.875 8.396 33.867 83.400 -0.050 82.750 83.200 4.163 21.347 82.575 +0.025 82.825 82.500 1.831 10.830 83.225 -0.050 83.500 63.176 792 8,916 752 9,916 409 5,418 175 2,697 82 275 - 62,450 62,150 # LIVE HOOS CHE (40,000/bs; cents/lbs) 48.050 +0.575 48.125 47.200 2.880 12.311 53.075 +0.180 53.175 52.575 1,019 10,476 51.600 +0.225 51.675 51.100 482 2,912 III PORK BELLIER CME 40 000the carriedon \$1.500 -0.375 \$2.800 \$1.400 \$2.200 -0.625 \$3.500 \$2.025 \$0.625 -0.425 \$1.150 \$0.150 211 33 57,200 ~0.400 57,900 57,200 65,600 ~1,300 65,850 64,900

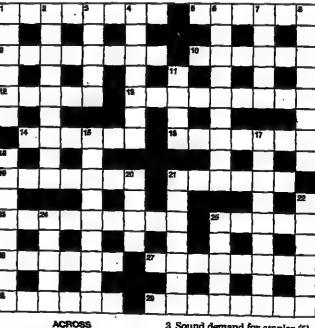
LONDON TRADED OPTIONS Strike price \$ tonne --- Galle ---17 54 120 143 84 44 iii oorgaar (Grade A) LME 193 72 40 60 118 182 Jul 123 153 187 COCOA LCE 81 64 50

\$16.18-6.19w III OIL PRODUCTS NW \$189-191 Gas Off Heavy Fuel Oil Naphtha Jet fuel Diacel Patolium Argus, 7 \$100-102 \$171-173 \$210-212 \$192-194 Ø171) 358 8786 OTHER Gold (per troy oz) \$
Silver (per troy oz) \$
Platinum (per troy oz.)
Paliadium (per troy oz.) \$408.00 \$197.50 122.Dc

Lead (US prod.) 41.75c 15.69m Tin (Kusta Lumpur) Tin (New York) 291.50c Cattle (live weight)† Sheep (live weight)†@ Pigs (live weight)† 178,61 132,39 103,21 \$320.6 Lon. day sugar (raw) Lon. day sugar (wte \$404.0 113.5 Wheat (US Dark North) Ung. Rubber (Mar)♥ Rubber (Apr)♥ Rubber (KL RSS No1) 110.50p 110.50p Coconst Oil (Phili)§ Palm Oil (Maley.)§ Copra (Phil)§ \$730,0v +2.5 -20.0 \$502.5 465.0y 203.0y 82.85 hipeland (Ng) Hipeland (Ng) High filmius

CROSSWORD

No.9,006 Set by VIXEN



ACROSS

Carol has got left inside for playing about (8)
Providing the school-head

9 Beat a municipality's acquisi-10 Falsetto song rendered by a Appealing for reform, see

about involving university (9) 14 Artist in a bistro showing bot-16 Some won't rest lest they lose roundings are fit (7)

21 Breathe heavily when holding a note, as is quite obvious (6) 23 Place of entertainment offering various things to have a 25 Is back with first wife, though to separate (5)

26 How marching men proceed on foot (6) 27 Needing a change of venue for sking (8) 28 Small coins will procure Greek cereal (6) 29 Sid's deep maybe, but cer-

tainly not admired (8) Cali out a comedian (6) Where youngsters alone are

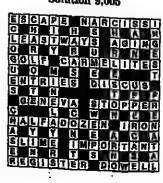
3 Sound demand for staples (5) 4 Unskilled, but that's excep-

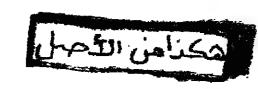
tional (7) 6 A grant giving rise to growing concern (9)
7 Muse, but get too disheartened after a time (5)
8 Fliers making childish complaint over quarters (8)
11 Go on a strict diet without

wavering (4)
15 Some people stuff at home (9)
17 Skin-specialists work here work in earnest (9) 18 Taking advantage of others' generosity and cleaning up

support (7)
20 See some ladies' pyjamas (4)
21 Authority to turn in certain currency (7) 22 Conned again! (6) 24 Gout's bad for the appetite (5)

25 Capital cover, naturally (5) Solution 9,005





PARTIAN FEBRUARY SE

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SSWORD

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INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Prices recover despite US data

By Richard Lapper and Samer Iskandar in London and Lisa Bransten in New York

Government bonds enjoyed a generally better day yesterday with markets recovering some ground after their losses of recent weeks. The improvement occurred despite higher than expected January consumer price inflation figures from the US.

A number of analysts hinted that yesterday's bounce in prices could foreshadow a return to more bullish conditions. Mr Mark Fox, European strategist at Lehman Brothers in London, said: "Investors have got too bearish and everyone felt bond market yields were going to rise for ever. Some investors are still worried about a repeat of 1994 but that school of thought is diminishing fast."

Mr Michael Burke, senior economist at Citibank, however, is expecting further rises in bond yields over the course of the year. He said yesterday's events were "characteristic of a market being driven by flows. The market was oversold. People who have gone short have bought back".

■ In morning trading in the US, the long end of the Treasury curve largely shrugged off the January CPI data, which showed a higher than expected 0.4 per cent month-on-month increase.

Near midday, the benchmark 30-year Treasury bond had gained if to 94%, yielding 6.430 per cent. However, two-year notes, which had been flat, lost some ground after the figures

were published.

Several economists said they did not believe the figures indicated a sharp rise in inflationary pressures, but the data was seen as another element working against the probability of the Fed further loosening monetary policy in the near term.

ing against the probability of the Fed further loosening monetary policy in the near term. Mr Elliot Platt, an economist at Donaldson Lufkin & Jenrette, said monetary policy decisions remained contingent on next week's employment

WORLD BOND PRICES

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

report, but: "We don't think the economic data for the entire year are severely impacted to a negative degree ... but they do represent a defi-

nite short-run problem."
Also weighing on the market was the new supply to be issued at the Treasury Department's afternoon auction of \$12.5 hp in five year notes

\$12.5bn in five-year notes.

Weakness at the short end of the curve that maps the spread between yields on the two-year note and the long bond caused it to flatten by 11 basis points to 110 points. A flatter curve usually indicates that market participants do not expect strong growth in the economy.

GOVERNMENT BONDS

■ German government bonds closed higher again, prompting a shift in traders' short-term positions. The March bund contract closed at 97.28, up 0.38.

tract closed at 97.26, up 0.36.

The markets were supported by data indicating weaker demand in the engineering sector, a 1 per cent year-on-year decline in import prices, and reports that unemployment could soon hit the 4.5m mark. Some investors were active buyers, sensing this could be the last opportunity to lock-in relatively high yields after the

"European bonds still look attractive." said Ms Cathy Jones, an analyst at Prudential Securities in Chicago, but she warned of currency risk for dollar-based and other non-EU

However, other traders said yesterday's trading was largely technical and did not reflect a change in sentiment. One French futures trader said "activity was mostly timing-driven, with large hedging positions being rolled-over from April into May and June maturities, in order to cover [next month's European] Inter-Governmental Conference".

Other analysts also expect rising volatility in coming weeks, as the IGC draws nearer and the agenda remains unclear. This could induce a steepening of continental European yield curves, "particularly in Germany", said Ms Jones, as investors start seeking a higher risk premium for longer-term bond holdings,

■ UK government bonds rose in line with the international trend. On Liffe, the March 10year futures contract closed at 107%, up ½ on Tuesday's close but off the day's high of 107%. In the cash market the yield on the benchmark 10-year gilt fell by 1 basis point. Yields on shorter-dated paper rose mar-

Deutsche Börse opens access point in London

By Conner Middelmann

Deutsche Börse, the German stock exchange organisation, has opened an access point in Loudon to allow participants there entry into IBIS, its electronic cash securities trading system, and DTB, its acreenbased derivatives market.

While five UK-based institutions - Commerzbank, the London branch of Landesbank Hessen Thüringen, and futures brokers FCT Europe, Saratoga, and Spear Leeds & Kellogg - already have direct links to the DTB system, the new access point will make it easier and cheaper for UKbased dealers to hook into it, said Mr Jörg Franke, a board member of Dentsche Rörse. He expects 10 to 15 institutions to trade on the access point within four to six months.

BUND FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) DM250,000 points of 100%

From March 15 the DTB will also start trading long-term stank options on the DAX stock index, extending maturities itoga, from one to nine months to up to 24 months, he said.

Although the auction of 8 per cent gilts due 2021 was comfortably covered (1.48 times), analysts said the yield tail - the gap between the yield of the average and the lowest bids - of 5 basis points was high and indicated uncertain investor demand.

"Although it was never expected to be a stunning success, the auction proved more difficult than some had thought," said Mr Nigel Richardson at Yamaichi International (Europe).

French bonds took heart from the positive mood in the US and German markets following the release of US data. The March contract of Matif's "notional" 10-year future closed at 120.94, up 0.52. It broke the 121 barrier and was still climbing in late trading on Globex and traders believe there is scope for further gains now a German rate cut is back on the agenda. The 10-year yield spread over Germany narrowed by 6 basis points to

■ The Spanish and Italian high-yield markets outperformed Germany, mainly reflecting D-Mark weakness and dollar strength. Both also benefited from perceptions of improved prospects for political stability.

In Spain, Meff's March 10year Bono future closed at 96.40, up 0.76. In the cash market, the yield curve flattened, reducing the spread of 10-year Bonos over bunds by 10 basis

points to 325 points.
On Liffe the March 10-year
Italian BTP futures contract
settled at 110.62, up 1.12, rising
to 110.83 in APT trading. In the
cash market the 10-year yield
spread over Germany fell from
426 to 413 basis points.

• According to a monthly survey by Lehman Brothers, which covered 30 investors holding \$120bn in fixed income funds, investors have increased the amount of money they hold in cash from 6 per cent in January to 12 per cent in February.

Canadian Pacific seeks approval for railway bond restructuring

By Peter John

A Canadian court will meet today to consider moves to restructure a Canadian Pacific railway bond which was originally issued more than 100

years ago.

The general division of the Ontario Court in Toronto will set a date for a court hearing that will decide both the size of the bondholder quorum and the majority needed to approve changes to the terms of the bond, which were originally set out in a Canadian Act of Parliament.

Canadian Pacific raised C\$184m by issuing tranches of a 4 per cent redeemable bond between 1889 and 1930. The bonds offered investors a cast-iron guarantee in the form of a charge on its physical assets in the event of default

default.

However, as part of the restructuring move, Canadian Pacific wants to make repayments on the bond the responsibility of a new railway division, one of six operating units created in a broader reorganisation of the company, in effect watering down the guar-

Canadian Pacific wrote to investors about its plans at the end of January, saying it would raise the coupon on the bond to 5 per cent.

However, many of the 2,000 to 3,000 UK investors who hold the bonds say the increase is insufficient.

increase is insufficient.

Mr Michael Dyson of BZW, the UK investment bank, who is leading the investors' lobby, says: "You are tending money until infinity and that is a long time for a railway. If you wish to undertake such a radical restructuring, logic suggests you would seek to redeem the bond and refinance." he said.

Tightly priced \$200m deal for RTZ Canadian unit

By Conner Middelmann in London and Raymond Collitt in Caracas

RTZ, the world's largest metals and minerals producer, yesterday issued its first dollar bond, \$200m of five-year bonds for its

Canadian subsidiary.

While the bonds' rarity appeal and Aa3/AA rating were attractive features, some dealers said the 33 basis point launch spread over Treasuries was too tight, slowing placement. However, book-runner JP Morgan reported good demand from UK, Swiss and

The Dutch guilder sector was active, with three new deals worth F1950m. The municipal financing institute BNG issued F1500m of four-year bonds via SBC Warburg, targeted primarily at Swies investors.

offshore US institutions.

ily at Swiss investors.

Belgium's Kredietbank
issued Fl 200m of perpetual,
subordinated, callable step-up

bonds met strong demand.
mainly from Dutch institutions, and the spread over government bonds narrowed from
95 basis points at launch to 85
points, said lead manager ABN
Amp Hagre Govett.

Amro Hoare Govett.

Last, De Nationale Investeringsbank issued Fl 250m of sixyear bonds, also via ABN,

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

aimed primarily at Benelux retail investors.

Elsewhere, the Venezuelan government will resume overdue payments in excess of \$800m on its domestic and foreign debt, the finance ministry said. Payments will be financed by two sovereign bond issues worth a total of \$891m, for which Mr Matos Azocar, the finance minister, signed agreements with under-

writers on Tuesday.

A seven-year DM750m issue yielding around 850 besis points over German government bonds will be placed by Westdeutsche Landesbank and Y40bn of three-year bonds will be placed on the Japanese market by Nikko Securities.

the by Nikko Securities.

The mandates come only days after Standard & Poor's downgraded Venezuela's Eurobond rating to single-B with a negative outlook. Yet finance ministry officials are confident the issues will find buyers. They said the maturity on the D-Mark bonds indicated confidence by German investors in

Venezuelan government borgis.

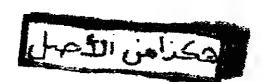
Analysts in Caracas said they would "wait-and-see" before judging whether the issues, which are subject to approval by congress and the central bank, can be successfully placed. By paying overdue debt and keeping up with its 1996 payments, Venezuela. hopes to improve its rating.

	NEW I	TER	OITAN	NAL B	OND	ISSUES	1.41
Borrower	Amount.	Coupes	Price	interunity	Fees %	Spread bp	Book-runner
US DOLLARS Benk of Nova Sconed(s) RTZ Canada Holdings(I)	300 200	(h) 6.00	100.00 99.729R	Sep 1997 Mai 2001	0.075 0.30R	(a)	JP Morgan
YEN SocGen+(st/ij) SocGen+(s)	10bn 6bn	3.00 1.00	100.00	Mar 2001 Mar 2001	1,25 1,25	-	(B.)
BWiss PRANCS Koreen Development Bink GECCibys	200 100	4.25 3.25	103.375 101.95	Mar 2001 Mar 1989	2.00 1.25	:	Credit Suisse Mentil Lynch
GUILDERS ING De NIB Kredetbank Inti Fin(d)	500 250 200	5,00 6,00 7,25	99,20R 100.05R 99,45R	Mar 2000 Apr 2002 undated	0.23P 0.30R 0.75R	Fint(i) +19(i) (c1)	SSC Wartney ABN Armo Hoare Govett ABN some Hoare Govett
AUSTRALIAN DOLLARS Barciays Australia Inti Po EIS	100 67.5	8.00 7.25	100.67 100.00	Apr 1989 Mar 2001	1.50 1.30	-	BZW Bank of Tokyo Cap Mikts
CANADIAN DOLLARS Province of Manitoba	150	6.25	99,36R	Apr 1999	0.225R	(d)	CIBC Wood Gundy
PORTUGUESE RECUDOS EIST	20bn	(g)	100/17R	Mar 2001	0.10R	-	(g1)
LUXEMBOURG FRANCS Gentinance (Lux(e)	2bn	500	102.40	Apr 2005	2.00		BGL
TALIAN LIRIE EIB(N)	160	9.80	102.368	Jan 2001	1.75	-	JP Morgan
Final birms, non-callable unle Floating-rate note. #Semi-am freasury. To be set today, by thereafism. If not called, coup. #21(8%-98), e) Coupon 5% for and traly, g) Navigator bond. 3) 3% for 1st 2yrs, thereafism	ual coupon. R: Fungible with non steps-up to 1st Syrs, 7% f -mth Lisbor -18	fixed re-c SFr200m. a 250bp o or yra 4-8, bbb, a1)Ba	Affer price; Flus 21 de over 10 yr 0 theresiter s noo Pinto 8	fees shown ays accrued DSL after 10 7%. () Plus 6 . Sotto Mayo	at re-offer interest. cl yrs. c1) +1 1 days acc r/Brico Snt	level. a) Spre Callable at p 25(Jan060SL), rued Interest. (ndr de Nocs (f	ad:+33bp. Girl bond: W1 5 ar from 2006 and every 10y d)Priced at +11(5%95-99) senioral ErB selling restriction Portugal), by 3-mith Libor -5b

FT-ACTUAR(E	8 FIXED	INTERE	IT INDI	CES											
Price Indices JK (IRIS)	Wed Feb 28	Day's change %	Tue Feb 27	Accrued Interest	xd ack ytd		Low d	Feb 27	yield · Yr. ago	≃ Medium Feb 28_ F					
Up to 5 years (23)		+0.08	122.05	2.01	1.55	ii ym	7.28	7.32	8.60	7.32		B.62	7.41	7.48	8/7
5-18 years (20)	147,04	+0.27	147.08	2.74	1_21	15 yrs	8.17	8.15	8.52			8.63	8.25	8.27	8.8
Over 15 years (6)	160,49	+0.25	180.09	2.27	2.41	20 yrs	5.21	8.24	8.47	5.21	8,24	8.63	8.31	8.33	8.74
fredeemobles (5) Ali stocks (57)	184.23 142.07	÷0.17 ÷0.20	183.91 141.98	3.61 2.42	0.00 1.55	irred.†	8.28	8.29	8.52						
WI MACKS (BL)	142.07	-0.20	141,36	2.42	1,00										
rdex-linked									90 5% 27 - Yr. s		Feb 2		a 10% — 27 Yr. (J. 7.
Up to 6 years (1)	196.85	-0.08	196.96	8.05	0.00	Uo to б y	ns 2.74	2	71 3.6	9	1.45		41 2.		
Over 5 years (11)	184.70	-0.13	184,94	1.04	0.63	Over 6 yr	3.73	3.	.72 3.E	9	3.62	3.	51 3.	70	
All stocks (12)	184.84		185.05												
		~0.13 m above. Coup		1.09 m; 091-7494;	0.82 Medium 81	6-10K94; Higi	= 11% and ev	er. † Ri	ni yinid, yild	Year to date					
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n Dev Bank 8 ¹ 4 06 780 na 8 ¹ 2 00 400	100	100	4444	6.55	SHIES FRANC STRAIGHTS	_				Halifax 10 ¹ g 97 £ 100 Harson 10 ¹ g 97 £ 300	100	1054		
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	No 182	9.000	09/05	95.9780	-0.240	3.42 5.15		Mi	-		9.92	110.		+1.12	110		109.86	47776	
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E NOTION	AL FRENC	н вомо и	urune	AMATIE E	Fr600.000			E	D1										
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Mer	120.56	120,94	+0.52	_			149,646			_	peri	Selt p	_			_	1	Est. voi	O Ind
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Seo	119.48	119.82	+0.50		119,4		2,411	-	•			64.4	-	TUAK	OB.	34	00.34	2,210	7,610
III LONG TE	RM FRE	CH DOWN	OPTION	S (MATIF)															
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Price	Mean		П	Sep	Mar	Jun	Sep		US TRI	LASUF	TY BO	ND FU	TURE	(CST)	\$100,0	00 32n	ds of 10	0%	
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135 Est. vol. 100sil, 1	C-01 18 00	0.6 0 Ban 97.6	_	-		- • 217.005 Puts		Sep	P	713	1-29	114-	15	+0-16	114-	-17	113-29	A,NOS	12,009
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	Open	See -	Channe		LOW	Est. vol	145926	Ma	,		1.62			- mage	118.			1243	Open inc
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tun	96.02 TS PF	97.28	+0.34 +0.37	97.43 96.85	\$6.00 maek	40650		* Lil	PPE fisha	red alac	52 w	eck	7. Al O	pen irla	rest figs.	are to	117,08 previous	3974 day	52 wteek
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UK GIL	Motes Motes T S P : Motes T S Pro Ya	97.28 97.28 11CES 14 Ref 15.00 6.90 73.05 5.97	+0.34 +0.37 Price £ +	97.43 96.85 106.2	Sec.00	40850 40850 as 8 ¹ 2pc 2005#1	Hoden Int	* L11 Vield	Pries £ +	er ainc	52 w	tow ,	des Li 2pc '96 45epc '	98##	Hotes (N) (135.8)	(i)	17.08 provious	3974 day	52 wheek High Low
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UK GIL thorte" (Lives a yeas 15-apc 199 arch 13-apc 199 inversion 10pc yeas 13-apc 199	# Notes Notes	97.26 97.26 97.26 97.26 97.26 97.26 97.26 97.4 97.4 97.4 97.4 97.3 97.4 97.3 97.4 97.3 97.4 97.3 97.4 97.3 97.4 97.3 97.4 97.3 97.3 97.3 97.3 97.3 97.3 97.3 97.3	+0.34 +0.37 +0.37 +0.37 +0.37 +0.31 +0.31 +0.31 +0.31 +0.31 +0.31	97.43 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	Sec. 00 Tree Total Tree 10141 Tree 10241 Tree 1044 Tree 9745 Tree	40850 as 8 ½pc 2005‡‡. as 7½pc 2006‡‡. as 7½pc 2006‡±. as 11½pc 2007±‡. as 11½pc 2007±‡.	Notice Int	7.88 7.91 7.95 8.00 7.75 8.00	Price E + 104,3 97,4 981,281 991,3 1201,2 10393			97% 1 9433 921e 8346 11323 9713	2pc '96 45pc '1 22pc '1 22pc '1 45pc '15 22pc '15	98# 91 93	Highs (A) (135.9) (135.9) (135.9) (135.9) (135.9) (135.9)	(f)	117.08 previous (2) Hi 0.86 : 2.74 3.53 : 3.60 : 3.82 : 3.83 : 3.83 : 3.83 :	3974 day	52 wheek High Low
DK GIL chorts" (Lives a ress 15-upc 196 sch 13-upc 199 sch 13-upc 199 sch 13-upc 199 sch 13-upc 199 ress Cav 7 pc 19 ress 8-upc 1907 sch 150c 1997 -	96.02 TS PR Motan Motan 1996 1996 77+ 77+ 77+ 77+ 77+ 77+ 77+	97.26 51.45 11 C 55 12 Red 15.00 5.00 15.00 5.00 12.47 6.05 10.08 6.07 10.08 6.07 10.08 6.03 10.24 6.30 10.24 6.30	+0.34 +0.37 Price £ + 1012 1012 1051 1044 101 1031 1031 1132	97.43 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85 96.85	99.00 Total Tree 1015 Tree 1025 Tree 1045 Tree 1045 Tree 1045 Tree 1045 Tree	40850 as 8 ½pc 2005‡± as 7½pc 2006‡± as 7½pc 2006‡± as 7½pc 2006‡± as 9pc 2002–6‡ as 17¾pc 2005 ± as 13½pc 2007 ± as 13½pc 2004–6	Hotes Int	7.88 7.91 7.95 8.00 7.75 8.00 7.82	Price E : 104,2 97;2 991;3 120;2 10393 123;3	#####################################	52 w High 108(1, 1013), 103), 104); 108(5, 108); 138);	97% 1 97% 1 9433 924; 834; 11333 9733 1283	der-Li 2pc '96 4 ⁵ apc '1 2 ¹ apc '1 4 ³ acc '1	98# 97 98 98	1000s (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A)	(f) 1.46 3.01 3.25 3.35 3.45 3.50	117.08 previous (2) Pri 0.86 : 2.74 : 3.53 :	3974 day 21613	52 wheek High Low
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as 7½pc 2006‡; as 7½pc 2006‡; as 7½pc 2006‡; as 11½pc 2007 ‡; as 11½pc 2004‡; as 19½pc 2004‡; as 60 2008 ; as 61½pc 2010— FReed 2010— FReed 2011 ‡;	Motos let	* Lin **Red** 7.86 7.81 7.95 8.00 7.75 8.00 8.03 8.08 8.16	Price E : 104.2 9912 12012 12032 12033 1107.3 99.4 6372	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		97% 9433 9244 11333 9733 1283 1773 9434 1773 1773 1773 1773 1773 1773 1773 1	aden - Li Zec '96 4-gec '1 2-gec '1 2-gec '1 2-gec '1 2-gec '1 2-gec '1 2-gec '1 2-gec '1 2-gec '1 4-gec '1 4-gec '1 4-gec '1 4-gec '1	98#	illustra (h) 	(f) 1.46 3.01 3.25 3.35 3.46 3.50 3.55 3.56 3.56 3.62 3.63 sption (gures prior to be 10) 50 100	117.08 previous (2) Phi (2) Phi (2) Phi (3.53) 3.60) 3.62 3.63) 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.7	3974 day 21643	- 52 week High Ln 216,4 204 113,6 207 116,6 166 1176,6 166 1176,6 166 1176,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116,6 167 116
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MARKETS REPORT

Expectations of further cuts in

German interest rates pushed

the D-Mark lower against the

yen, dollar and other European

currencies on the foreign

D-mark but remained stable

versus the yen with no sign of

the heavy central bank inter-

vention in support of the US currency which had marked

The Italian lira and Swedish

krona again made substantial

gains against the D-Mark but

the dollar's revival also

dragged sterling higher against

emerging markets alight when

it announced that it was wid-

ening the currency bands

within which the koruna

Sterling finished stronger

against the D-Mark at DM2.2433, from DM2.2359 at the

previous close. Against the dol-

(Dr) 367.737 (E) 0.9719 (L) 2375.03

1.5082 2.1131

IBANT/ATTON
(AS) 2.0128
INS 11.8686
(Fis) 53.9801
(Shik) 4.7650
(Y) 160.244
(MS) 3.9066
(V23) 2.2220
(Peeo) 40.1646
(ST) 8.7572
(88) 2.1578
(YO) 1200.95
(TIS) 42.2066
(CIS) 38.66678
(CIS) 42.2066

CROSS RATES AND DERIVATIVES

Hong Kong

Feb 28

Canada US Japan Esc

The Czech central bank set

the German unit.

sessions earlier this week.

The dollar gained against the

By Graham Bowley

exchanges yesterday.

STATE FRUARY 2919

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IN THREE MONTH STERLING PUTURES (LIFFE) \$500,000 points of 100% Open Set price Charge 93.87 # SHORT STEELING OFTIONS (LIFTE) 2500,000 points of 100%

BASE LENDING RATES

Adam & Company ... 6.25
Alle of Trust Bank ... 6.25
Alle Bank ... 6.25
Bank of Banda ... 6.25
Bank of Banda ... 6.25
Bank of Banda ... 6.25
Bank of Dyrus ... 6.25
Bank of Oprus ... 6.25
Bank of Dyrus ... 6.25
Bank of Dyrus ... 6.25
Bank of Dyrus ... 6.25
Bank of Scotland ... 6.25
Western Trust ... 6.25
West

D-Mark falls on expectations of interest rate cut lar, it closed at \$1.5351, from The dollar finished in Europe at Y104.39, from Y104.5050, and

at DM1.4614 from DM1.4528.

MA reported comment by Mr Rudolf Scharping, the former SPD leader, that German unemployment was set to rise sharply this month raised expectations that German interest rates could fall again soon, undermining the D-Mark. However, few analysts expected the Bundesbank to cut

interest rates at its council meeting today.
The D-Mark weakened most against the lira, Swedish krona and the French franc. But it lost little ground against the peseta, which remained stable ahead of weekend elections.

Penni le New York								
ii) 2\$	Latest	Prev. close						
900	1.5330	1 5415						
	1.5319	1.5464						
त्राप्तिः	1.5298	1.5383						
77	1.5198	1 5272						

1.5408 1.5543 1.5339 0.9 1.5317 0.9 1.521 0.9

11.8602 1,1 11.8488 0.8 11.8008

3.970 2.172 2.109 1.154 2.377 1.300 0.815 0.446 1.881 1.029 0.077 0.042 0.729 0.389 1.986 1.022 0.705 0.429 0.966 0.529 1.778 0.972 1 0.887 1.826 1 1 0.885 0.473 1.191 0.681 1.141 0.824 1.508 0.826

1.771 1.978 0.084 1.579 0.065 0.612 1.569 0.609

Low

% +/- from % spread ben, rate v weakest

5.55 5.13 4.82 4.51 4.47 3.12 3.12 2.14 0.00

-2.37 8.53 -3.64

Apr 0.33 0.44 0.71 1.06 1.53 2.11

May 0.87 0.94 1.27 1.85 2.17 2.68

But you Open int.

880 1,125

- PUTS ·

0.19 0.35 0.55

0.05 0.14 0.30

Aor

0.11

-2.04

-1.86 -1.36 -1.05 -1.02 0.27 0.27 1.23

5.91

0.07 0.13 0.28 0.43 0.86 1.38

Low

+0.138

+0.00294 +0.0037 +0.019 +0.00286 +0.00788

+0.08

310.174 -0.821 2008.60 -14.78 0.843206 +0.023684 or Commission. Currenties

1.30 3.66 2.90 2.44 1.93 1.49

High

95.23 95.32 95.34

Marie

0.02 0.11 0.34

0.06 0.22 0.48

0,30 0.13 0.05

Est. vol. Open int.

56,330 5,812 868

Div.

+0.0009 115 - 126 1.2140 1.2100 1.2108 1.4 1.2001

-0.004 343 - 363 -0.0047 085 - 086 -0.0014 121 - 141

-0.0183 786 - 990 11.8138 11.5788 -0.0039 346 - 355 1.5408 1.5343

-0.015 115 - 140 2.0298 2.0115 -0.0302 643 - 728 11.9115 11.6635 -0.7237 724 - 376 54.7540 53.7784

5.8547 -0,0312 491 - 602 5.8778 5.8508 1200.95 +1.76 (30 - 153 1206.14 1193.24 42.2086 -0,1579 395 - 232 42.3615 42.1002 88.6679 -0.0841 412 - 948 38.7570 38.0412

18.70 4.871
8.874 2.568
10 2.917
3.429 1
7.912 2.308
0.324 0.094
3.065 0.894
7.858 2.292
3.302 0.963
4.071 1.187
7.473 2.190
4.207 1.227
7.690 1.240
3.508 1.062
5.010 1.401
4.800 1.400
6.345 1.851

High 0.6869 0.6901 0.6931

614 - 616 613 - 616 613 - 613 613 - 613 614 - 616 6 - 518 614 - 616 614 - 616

0.6855 0.6886 0.6831

4.988 8.422 4.741 8.669 4.101 5.648 5.409 7.190

Change makes

D-MARK PUTTERED (MAN) DIJ 125,000 per DM

IN SOUTH PRANC PUTTINGS (IMM) 57: 125,000 per 57:

Over- 7 days night notice

64 - 54 - 64 - 64

UK deering bank base lending rate 64 per cent from January 16, 1996
Up to 1 1-3 3-6 6-8 month month months months

+0.03 +0.04 +0.03

CALLS

Jun

were to the Lee Copp. (2100,000) 2½; 5½; 5½ 5 5 4¾; Carra of Tex dop, under \$100,000 is 2½pp. Deposts webstewn for cash 1½pp.
Ave. tender rate of discount 5.520pp. ECQD than the Stg. Export Finance. Make up day Feb 29, 1986. Agreed rate for period Mar 25, 1985 to Apr 22, 1995, Schemes 8 & 8 7.48pp. Reference case for period Feb 1, 1996 to Feb 29, 1996, Schemes IV & V & C.28pp. Firence House Bose Rate 6.5pc hose February 1, 1996

High

93.83 94.03 93.91 93.86 93.33

93.90 93.97 93.85 93.60 93.26

0.03 0.13 0.34

UK INTEREST RATES

LONDON MONEY RATES

2.111 1.122 1.284 0.433 1 0.367 0.903 0.417 0.518 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.948 0.94

Est. vol Open int. 17,414 65,369 279 8,454 23 1,465

Est. vol. Open Int.

0.10

Strike Price 1.500 1.510 1.520 1.530 1.540 1.550

9650 9675 9700

Sylfide Price

34,916 2,778 239

9,420 291 3

6,448 2,865 1,119 2,561 0,106 1,077 1,205 2,438 1,973 2,609 1,187 1,595 1,595

506.8 268.8 302.9 103.8 238.6 8.806 92.83 238.0 100. 1223 724.3 127.4 232.9 110.2 151.7 145.4

21.25 11.39 12.73 1.253 10.07 0.412 3.900 10 4.202 8.181 9.510 5.353 9.796 8.375 6.130 8.074

410.2 218.0 245.6 84.2 194.3 7.954 75.29 193.0 193.0 100.3 188.9 69.40 117.9 155.9

Open 0.0018

B STEELING FUTURES (MM) 582,500 per \$

162,483

162,465 2,15214 39,3960 10,4350 1,91007 7,26500 195,782 6,40608 0,792214

292,867

2108.15 0.788652

3.87 2.02 2.09 1.35

0.76 0.37

Орел

0.19 0.03 0.01

0.01

ster set by the European Counties hanges are for Ecs; is positive che i two apreads: the percentage diffi y, and the maximum permitted per

Apr 4.06 8.24 2.51

1.91 1.37

Letters Change

ELINOMARK OPTIONS (LIFTE) DM/Im points of 1009

0.26 0.09 0.02

- CALLS -

May 0.28 0.12 0.03

Est. vol. spoi, Cals 5484 Pats 8293. Provious day's open Mr. Calle 38960' P III EURO SWISS FRANC OPTIONS (LIFFE) SFr 1m points of 10076

CATTE

NON ERM MEMBERS

22.36 11,87

12.38 4.568 10.59 0.433 4.101 10.52 4.418 5.447 10.29 10.29 1.670 6.704 6.433 8.490

M JAPANESE YES FETURES (MA) Yes 12.5 per Yes 100

0.9590 -0.0020 0.9698 -0.0022 0.9628 -

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

159,180 2.11678 36.8609 13.2957 1.8900 7.30572 196.329 6.46503 0.818145

1,5358 -0.0040 1,5400 1,5326 -0.0040 1,5360 1,5380 - -

Mr Mark Fox, market strategist at Lehman Brothers in London, said the lira's continned appreciation has surprised many domestic Italian investors who remain much more bearish on the lira than foreign

investors. the poorer showing by Mr Pat Buchanan, one of the candidates for the Republican nomi-nation in the US presidential race, in the Arizona primary. Mr Buchanan's high-spending and protectionist campaign pledges had been unnerving investors, analysts said.

Comments by Mr Newt Gingrich, the Republican speaker in the House of Representatives, that there might be an agree ment struck soon on the budget surpised the market and provided further support for the dollar.

Cross materials Three strenths. One year Bank. Rose 16PA Rate 16PA Rate 16PA Eng. In

Over recent sessions, the currency markets have been focussing on the extent to which the Japanese economy might be recovering. Bond

Against the dollar (Kcz. per S) 26.0 26.2 26.4

27.2

markets have weakened on the prospect of a rise in Japanese interest rates, which weakness has in turn hit the dollar.

Oct 1995 96 Feb

But data yesterday pointed to continued subdued activity in Japan. Figures on industrial production showed weaker growth than expected and official forecasts suggested that production might drop sharply in March. "This shows that Japan is not in any rush to raise rates," said Mr Mark Cliffe, economist at HSBC Mar-

CURRENCIES AND MONEY

■ The Czech National Bank said it was widening the fluctu-ation bands within which the Czech koruna is fixed each day to plus or minus 7.5 per cent from plus or minus 0.5 per

The move, which was widely expected, is aimed at discouraging inflows of "hot money from overseas investors which has boosted the money supply and caused problems in the country's fight against infla-

The koruna weakened on the announcement after some sell-"The market took the initial announcement of the widening badly," said Mr David Sim-monds, an emerging markets economist at Citibank in London. He said the Czech authorities were likely to use the daily

fixing mechanism as well as

substantial foreign exchange reserves to smooth the koruna's fluctuations WORLD INTEREST RATES

week ago Japan week ago

MD Dodge COp

Week ago SCU LINKED DE

week ago BDM Linhad Ds

S LIBOR Interback 6.

Formsh Franc. Portuguese Esc. Spanish Peneta

Starting Swee Franc Can. Dollar

Mer Jun Sep Dec

Mer Jun Sup Dec

15.23

90.30

90.78 91.10 91.18

LIFFE MILES also expel on APT

95.29

90.30 90.84 91.18 91.23

95,33 95,40 95,32

95.10

0.79 0.61 0.44

Sett price Change 90.50 +0.01 98.22

II THREE MONTH BOU PUTURES (LIFFE) Equim points of 100% Sett price

+0.05 +0.05 +0.07

Feb 28

EURO CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

High

96.69 96.75 96.61 96.33

90.85 90.91 91,15 91,23

MONTH EURO SWINS FRANC PUTURED (LIFFE) 571m police of 100%

High

98.22

90.25

90.76 91.10 91.15

98.30 98.21

Low

95.27

+0.09 +0.09

+O.D6

+0.10 +0.14 +0.14 +0.13

EE MONTH SUROLINA PUTURES (LIFFE)" L1000m points of 100%

BIORTH BURIOMANK FUTURES (LIFFE) DM1m points of 100%

Est. voi Open int.

Est. vol. Open int.

Est. vol Open int

12962

0.31 0.38 0.48

12.276

24377

2308 4181

Set. vol

1128 558 213

PUTS

0.20

10,075

M S LEOR FT LANSING

within the new bands. But despite the immediate negative reaction, analysts said the currency was likely to strengthen in future sessions. Mr Jonathan Hoffman, at CSFB, said: "We now see the krona as being very undervalued on a purchasing power parity basis. There is some upside there."

Although expected, the size of the move surprised many analysts. They also questioned the timing of the decision since the koruna has weakened in recent sessions after poor inflation data and as conditions in emerging markets generally

E OTH	MOTHER CURRENCIES										
Feb 28	2	S									
Capach Sp	41.5447 - 41.5844	7 (1721 - 27 4									
Mangary	216 471 - 216 574	141.00 - 14U.1									
STREET, STREET	4606.50 - 4603.80	3000100 - 30001									
(Compile	0.4375 - 0.4343	0.50 - 0.5									
Pobod	39/00 - 39/78	2540 = 250									
Ressie	7401.11 - 7404.44	ADD D - ADD									
HAF	5,000 - 5,640	36725 - L673									

		on day	spreed	high	low	Flate	%PA	Rate	%PA	Rate	%PA	index
(ScH)	10,2774		745 - 801		10.2150		1.9	10.2299	1.8	10.1074		105.2
(BFr)	30.0000		800 - 200		29.8470	29.855	1,8	29.863	1.0	29.53		708.2
												108.6
(FM)	4.5160									-		83.7
(FFr)	5.0056	+0.0195	090 - 105									109,1
(DHQ	1.4614											110.2
(Dr)												65.6
												73.1
												108.2
(19)		+0.0078	342 - 195									108.1
(NIKO)	6.3751	+0.0343	713 - 796	8.3793	6,3270	6.3728	0.4					55.6
(Es)	151.755	+0.64	710 - 900	151.980	150.980	157.13						95,4
(Pts)	123.075	+0.705	960 - 100			123.47	-3.9	124.205	-3.7			81.9
(SIG)	6,7056	+0.0216	000 + 103	6.7749	6.0484	6.7226	-3.1	6.7521	-2.8			96.8
(SFr)	1,1910	+0.005	005 - 915	1.1915	1,1810	7.7874	3.5		3.0	1.1507	2.0	113.5
(2)	1.5351	-0.0039	348 - 366	1.5408	1.5343	1.5339	0.9		0.9	1.521	0.9	B2.7
-	1,2664	-0.0042	000 - 567	1.2723	1,2647	1.2967	-0.3	1.2671	-02	1,2877	-0.1	
-	0.67750	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Posoi	0.9988	-	998 - 999	1.0000	0.9999	-	-	-	-		•	-
(P6)	0.9632	-0,0005	830 - 533	D.9670	0.9831	-	-	-	-	•	9	-
(CS)	1.3766	+0.0026	763 - 765	1,3768	1.3740	1.3766	-0.1	1,3769	-0.1	1,3819	-0.4	B2.5
Pesol	7.5475	+0.0075	450 - 500	7,5500	7.5400	7.5498	-0.4	7,555	-0.3	7,5578	-0,1	
(5)	-						-		-		•	85.0
	Atrica											
(44)	1.3111	-0.0064	108 - 116	1.3117	1,3172	1,3131	-1.8	1.3186	-1.7	1,3330	-1.8	89.1
0.000	7.7317	+0.0002	312 - 322	7.7322	7.7312	7.7334	-0.1	7.7340	-0.1	7.7612	-0.4	-
(Paul	35.1650	-0.38	400 - 000	35,5800	95,0400	35.315	-5.1	35.62	-52	37.09	-5.6	-
(Elvid	3.1067	+0.0021	049 - 085	3,1085	3,0919	-	-	-	-	-	-	
M	104,390	-0.115	360 - 420	104,600	103,890	103,955	5.0	103,155	4.7	100,085	4.1	198.9
	2.5482	-0.0011	457 - 467	2.5486	2.5428	2.5471	-0.4	2,5582	-1.1	2.5757	-1.2	
		+0.0087	825 - 937	1.4937	1.4886	1,4981	-2.5	1,5019	-24	1,5265	-2.2	
						-	-	-		-		
						3,751	-0.1	3.7517	-0.1	B.753	-0.1	
										1.3771	2.5	
												united to 0
												,
		(FM) 4.5160 (FF) 5.0000 (DN) 1.8814 (DN) 238.560 (E) 1.5795 (L) 1547.20 (FF) 30.0000 (FR) 1.8347 (FR) 15.795 (FR) 15.795 (FR) 1.9347 (FR) 1.9348 (FR)	(FM) 4.5160 +0.0097 (FFF) 5.0036 +0.0097 (FFF) 5.0036 +0.0091 (DM) 259.560 +0.091 (EQ) 1.5795 -0.0064 (EQ) 1.5795 -0.0064 (EQ) 1.5795 +0.0343 (E9) 1547.20 +0.343 (E9) 157.755 +0.0343 (E9) 157.755 +0.0343 (E9) 1.5705 +0.0343 (E9) 1.5705 +0.0343 (E9) 1.5705 +0.0036 (E9) 1.5705 +0.0036 (E9) 1.5951 -0.0039 (FM) 0.9632 -0.0039 (FM) 0.9636 -0.0039 (F	(FM) 4.5160 +0.0087 122 - 197 (FF) 5.0000 +0.0185 090 - 105 (DM) 1.814 +0.0086 615 - 105 (DM) 238.560 +0.0086 615 - 107 (DM) 238.560 +0.0086 615 - 107 (DM) 238.560 +0.0064 715 - 208 (L) 1547.20 -1.8 700 - 740 (FF) 30.0000 +0.125 800 - 200 (FF) 1.8347 +0.0078 342 - 125 (FM) 123.075 +0.0343 713 - 786 (FM) 123.075 +0.0078 342 - 125 (FM) 123.075 +0.0078 342 - 125 (FM) 123.075 +0.0078 342 - 125 (FM) 123.075 +0.0078 342 - 103 (FM) 123.075 +0.0078 342 - 103 (FM) 123.075 +0.0078 342 - 103 (FM) 123.075 +0.0064 708 - 103 (FM) 13564 +0.0042 700 - 567 (FM) 135.1660 +0.0042 700 - 500 (FM) 1.3111 -0.0064 708 - 108 (FM) 1.3111 -0.0064 708 - 108 (FM) 7.7317 +0.0002 102 - 128 (FM) 3.1660 -0.038 400 - 900 (FM) 2.5462 -0.0011 457 - 467 (MS) 1.4930 +0.0067 925 - 937 (FM) 3.7505 -0.0001 157 - 168 (FM) 7.752350 +0.0001 150 - 100 (FM) 25.1800 -0.001 150 - 100 (FM) 25.1800 +0.001 150 - 100 (FM) 25.2800 +0.001 150 - 100	(FNO 4.5160 +0.0097 122 - 197 4.5234 (FF) 5.0036 +0.0195 090 - 105 5.0136 (DN6 1.414 +0.0096 615 - 817 1.4625 (DN 2.98.550 +0.0096 615 - 817 1.4625 (DN 2.98.550 +0.0096 615 - 817 1.4625 (DN 2.98.550 +0.0064 785 - 808 1.5875 +0.0064 785 - 808 1.5875 +0.0064 785 - 808 1.5875 +0.0064 785 - 808 1.5875 +0.0064 785 - 808 1.5875 +0.0064 785 - 808 1.5875 +0.0064 785 - 800 - 200 30.0200 +0.125 800 - 200 30.0200 +0.125 800 - 200 30.0200 +0.0078 342 - 195 1.6374 +0.0078 342 - 195 1.6374 +0.0078 342 - 195 1.6374 +0.0078 342 - 195 1.6374 +0.0078 342 - 195 1.6374 +0.0078 342 - 195 1.5376 +0.0078 342 - 195 1.5376 +0.008 100 123.110 +0.006 105 - 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Bank of Tokyo (Curação) Holding N.V. U.S. \$100,000,000 GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 1997

O Payment of the principal of, and interest on, the Notes is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

(Kabushild Kaleka Talyo Ginto)
In accordance with the provisions of the Agent Bank Agreement between Bank of Talyo (Curação) Holding N.V., The Bank of Talyo (Curação) Holding N.V., The Bank of Talyo Ltd., and Citibank, N.A., dated November 27,1985, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.5125% p.a. and that the interest poyable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, May 31, 1996, against Coupon No. 42 will be US\$140.88. February 29, 1996, London By: Catharili, N.A. (Sasser Services), Agent Bank. CITIBANCO

YOKDHAMA ASIA LIMITED (Incorporated in Hong Kong)
U.S.\$100,000,000
GUARANTEED PLOATING RATE MOTES DUE 1997

ditionally and invevocably granted. THE BANK OF YOKONAMA, LTD. (Incorporated in Japan)

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.53125% per annum and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date May 31, 1996 against Coupon No. 43 in respect of US\$70,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$141.35 and in respect of US\$250,000 nominal of the notes February 29, 1996, London By: Citibank, N.A. (tesuer Services), Agent Bank. CITIBANKS



Primary Capital Perpetual Floating Rate Notes

In accordance with the provisions of the Nozes, nozice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from February 29,1996 to May 31, 1996 the Nozes will carry an interest Rate of 5.5625% p.z. and the Coupon Amount per U.S.\$10,000 will be U.S.\$142.15.

By: Otherik, N.A. (Insuer Services), Agest Bank

Den norske Bank

U.S.\$200,000,000 Primary Capital Perpetual Floating Rate Notes (SECOND SERIES) In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the marest Period from February 29, 1996 to August 30, 1995 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 5.4% p.a. and the Coupon Amount per U.S.\$10,000 will be U.S.\$274.50 and per U.S.\$100,000 will be U.S.\$2,745.00.

February 29, 1996, London By: Citibenk, N.A. (Issuer Services), Agent Bank CITIBANG

000,000,000 HINC MORTGAGE NOTES 11 PLC Plosting Rate Notes due 2021
Notice is hereby given that there
will be a principal payment of
23,220 per 278,310 Note on the
inverset payment date March 14,
1996. The principal amount outstanding per Note will be 274,990. By: The Chase Machallan Bank, M.A. February 29, 1996

APPOINTMENTS ADVERTISING

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FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRADING

From Monday you may have to use a different market maker

IG FILLS THE GAP

On 1st February, it was announced that certain Foreign Exchange transactions, which were formerly considered not to be investments under the Financial Services Act, were in fact investments. So companies offering these transactions must be authorised and,

from Monday, all companies have to coose affering these Foreign Exchange transactions unless they have applied for the appropriate outhorisation.

So you could have to find a new market maker.

If you choose to deal with 16 index, you will be glad you did.

Our highly professional Foreign Exchange Dealing operation is regulated by
the appropriate eathority. And for 20 years we have been the leading
firm of Financial Bookmakers, authorised under the Financial Services Act since shortly ofter it come toto effect.

Our service is efficient and friendly. We will quote you narrow spreads ta all the major and most of the minor currencies, especially for amounts under US\$1 million.

Cell Dennis Burron, Inn Jenkins or Michael Morrey today ou: 0171 896 0011



IG Index plc, 1 Worwick Row, Loadion SW/E SER

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ECTI 200,000,000 Caisse Française de Développement

Floating Rate Notes due 2006 For the period from February 29, 1996 to May 31, 1996 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 44% per annum with an interest amount of ECU 1819 per ECU 10,000 and of ECU 1,8194 per ECU 100,000 Note.

Agent Banks

BANQUE PARIBAS BANQUE HATIONALE DE PARIS

ECU 160,080,080 Floating Rate Motes due 1996 Notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the period from February 29th, 1996 to May 31st, 1996 has been fixed at 4,75 per cent. per annum. The coupon amount due for this period is ECU 121,39 per ECU 10,000 denomnation and is payable on the interest

payment date May 31st, 1996. BND Banque Hatlosale de Paris (Luxemboury) S.A.



Denmark

US\$1,000,000,000 Floating rate notes dua 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest period from 29 February 1996 to 30 August 1996 the rate of interest on the notes will be 5% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 30 August 1996 will be US\$254.17 per US\$10,000 note and US\$6,354.17 per US\$250,000

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

JPMorgan

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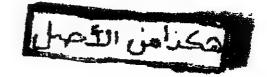
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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET REPORT

Gains in second liners lift Mid 250 to new record

By Steve Thompson, UK Stock Mariest Editor

A determined rally on Wall Street, combined with excellent UK corporate news and fresh hopes of developing takeover activity, saw London stocks make good progress.

The FT-SE 100 index built on early strength, gradually gathering momentum and eventually closing an active session at the day's high, 3,738.2, for a gain of 22.3.

Over the past two sessions, the index has advanced 34 points, leaving it only 43.1 below its record closing high and 53.4 short of its intra-

There was much more enthusi-

the second-liners, which were given a big lift by the prospect of further bid activity in the pipeline. The FT-SE Mid 250 index ended comfortably above the 4,200 level, adding 16.8 at 4.215.5.

Casino/hotels stocks such as Stakis and London Clubs, were among the main upside performers in the second line stocks, following the consultative document on the UK gambling industry which indicated a much more liberal attitude

Earlier, the equity market had looked uncertain in the wake of Tuesday's slide on Wall Street, where the Dow Jones Industrial a cut in German interest rates.

asm around the trading desks for Average fell in excess of 50 points before stabilising and closing a net 16 points down after slightly conflicting evidence on US economic

> The downbeat showing by Wall Street and renewed uncertainty in the US bond market ensured a cautious opening by the London market, which was also wary of the outcome of the auction of 43bn worth of gilts.

A good run by gilt-edged stocks in the early part of the day gave some support to equities, as did the latest firm showing by bunds, helped by lingering hopes that today's Bundesbank council meeting might bring

which was covered only 1.48 times. Disappointment at the cover saw gilts give up initial gains of half a the back of record profits figures. point, before embarking on a late upturn which saw the 10-year gilt some 10 ticks better at the close.

Opening some three points higher, the Footsie gathered speed during the session and was looking well set by the end of the day. "The market does feel as if it is

going higher in the short term," commented one senior dealer, who pointed to the recovery by Wall Street and the much better feeling in bond markets.

Bank shares continued to figure

be up for sale. Lucas was men-

tioned as a potential buyer,

along with Siemens, of Ger-

many, and General Motors, of

to 869p ahead of today's results

statement, while Wetr Group

advanced 15 to 245p as a big

purchase passed through the

Vosper Thornycroft fell 43 to

833p on news that it had failed

to win a Royal Navy order for

three frigates and was set to

Standard Chartered, last

year's star Footsie performer,

surged to approach its previous

record high, as its full-year fig-

ures delighted the market. The

shares jumped 37 to 636p - the

day's biggest rise among the

blue chips - after Standard

produced profits figures at the

top of the range of forecasts

and a 38 per cent dividend

36,6881

implement redundancies.

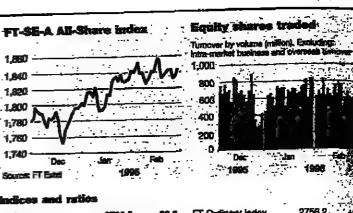
market.

British Aerospace dipped 6

Gilts quickly ran out of steam prominently in the FT-SE 100 best after the result of the latest auction, performers list. Standard Chartered delivered a stunning showing, with the shares up some 6 per cent on The stock has long been viewed as one of the Footsie's premier takeover targets.

Lasmo, another takeover target and due to announce preliminary numbers this morning, also outpaced the index, as did British Steel where speculation about a share buyback increased.

Market turnover continued to expand, reaching a healthy 785m shares at the 6pm reading. Customer business on Tuesday was worth £1.9hn.



2756.2 1305 FT Ordinary index FT-SE 100 FT-SE-A Non Fins p/e FT-SE MID 250 4215.5 +16.8FT-SE100 Fut Mar 3742.0 FT-SE-A 350 FT-SE-A All-Share +10.3 1868.3 10 yr Gift yleid Long gift/equity yld ratio: .9.82 (3.79)

st performing sectors Extractive Inde 1 Tobacco ... +1.8 Ranks, Antail Gas Distribution OII, Integrate Brewerles, Pub & Rest

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E FT-SE NED 250 INDEX FUTURES (LIFTE) 210 per tul index point

IN FT-SE 100 INDEX OPTION (LIFFE) ("3736) £10 per full index point

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BURO STYLE FT-BE 100 BIDEX OPTION (LIFFE) \$10 per tuli index point

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FUTURES AND OPTIONS

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Buyback buzz at Steel

British Steel shot forward following a company presenta-tion said to be guarded on trading prospects but to have given added impetus to share buyback speculation.

The shares, which stood at 152p at the beginning of the ar, have been a strong market in recent days on talk that the management had a buyback at the very top of its

However, there were conflicting reports yesterday from Rotherham, where the presentation was held.

UBS and Cazenove, British Steel's joint brokers, were said to be adopting opposing stances on the prospect. Cazenove was believed to be

whereas UBS was said to be actively talking it up. in the event, the stock appreclated 6 to 186p in turnover of 24m, its heaviest volume for eight months.

US link for BP

Oil major BP rose 71/2 to 529p as the market got wind of restructuring in the company's

downstream operations.

A number of rumours were flying around, but they focused on a merger with Mobil, of the US, either in the whole of Europe or specific parts of it. An announcement was thought to be imminent.

any joint operation could produce significant cost savings, as well as synergy in refining Additionally, the shares

responded to a strong crude oil price, which also helped Shell Transport, up 6% at 849%p.

British Gas eased as Ofgas, the industry regulator, said it planned to publish tougher price controls in draft proposals due out in April. The shares lost 1/2 to 2371/20.

Trafalgar dips

Sell into strength advice from a number of brokers led to profit-taking at Trafalgar House, the loss-making diversified industrial at the centre of the City's latest bid buzz.

The shares have jumped 25 per cent in two days on the news that talks were under way with Norwegian shipbuilding and energy engineer Kvaerner, but yesterday they stood hack and took a breather, dipping 1% to 45%p in 18m traded. Kvaerner itself helped to dif-

anxious to scotch the rumour, fuse the situation, announcing that the Trafalgar talks represented one of several business possibilities being explored as part of the group's longer term

One top broker said: "There is possibly 10p of downside in Trafalgar, while the upside is an unknown quantity. The Kvaerner talks may turn into something less than an outright offer.

Rumours suggesting the government would soon announce proposals to extend drinking hours boosted public houses-related stocks yesterday.

The talk suggested that the Home Office is currently planning a consultative paper, which will suggest an extension of pub opening hours on Fridays and Saturdays from 11pm to 12pm. Such a move is expected to be highly profit-

able for pub owners. Shares in Whitbread advanced 11 to 721p on the speculation, while Scottish & Newcastle put on 8 at 670p. Vaux Group rose 3 to 2820. with the return of speculative interest also said to have been factor in the day's advance.

The same talk also helped Bass, although sentiment in the stock was enhanced by the excitement over government plans to ease the regulations surrounding the gambling industry. The shares surged 12 to 754p in turnover of 1.9m.

French press reports that Lucas Industries was teeing up a bid for a big stake in French motor parts group Valeo left the shares a penny off at 186p. An Italian-owned shareholding of up to 28 per cent was said to

FINANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES

	· _ B	sb 28	Feb 27	Feb 28	Feb 23	Feb 22	Yr ago	"High	"LOW
Ordinary	Shore :	2756.2	2745.7	2738.9	2760.6	2761,5	2288.2	2788.2	2238.3
Ord. div.		3.88	3.90	2.91	3.86	3.88	4,86	4.78	3.76
P:/E ratio		16.60	16,46	16,40	18,14	16.73	16.46	21,39	15.35
P/E ratio	Nij	16.58	18.25	16,18	15.93	15.93	16.00	22.21	15.17
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W London	market de	6			
Pleas and fai	is	52 Week highs		LIFTE Equity	
Total Rines Total Falls	682 437	Total Highs Total Lows	113 23	Total contract Calls	34,123 19,844

EARCH

Feb. 98'Data based on Equity shares listed on the London Share Service

some two-thirds of profits are generated Merrill Lynch strengthened its buy recommendation, raising its current year forecast by £76m to £811m and its 1997 figure by £106m to £935m. It argued that a doubling of the dividend over the next three or four years was not unfore-

current year were being lifted

to between £780m and £800m,

from around £730m previously,

with Standard speaking enthu

iastically about prospects in

Asia and Hong Kong, where

However, UBS maintained a more cautious view. The bro-ker said bad debts in Asia are trending higher and the stock is expensive. It has bottom of the range forecasts of £725m for this year and £780m for

Vodafone continued to soften. Credit Lyonnais Laing urged clients to switch out of Vodafone and sideline their cash in advance of next month's flotation of rival mobile phones group Orange. The shares declined a penny to

226%p. Proposals to relax regulations on the UK gambling industry, published on Tuesday, sparked a wave of buying interest in gambling related stocks.

Big advances were seen in London Clubs, where the shares jumped 25 to 515p on volume of 1.6m, and in Capital Corporation, up 5 at 224p. Stanley Leisure gained 38 at 419p, while heavy dealing in Stakis brought turnover of 12m as the shares appreciated 9% to 100%p, the first time the stock has closed above the 100p level since 1980.

Both stocks were said to have benefited from a James Capel recommendation. The broker was reported to have increased its earnings estimates for several gambling related stocks in the wake of publication of the proposals. However, one cautious bro-

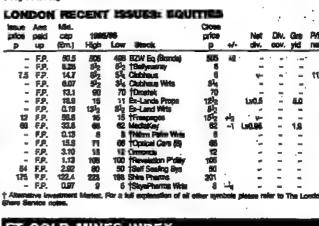
I I - SE couaries Share Indices

ker warned: "I think the market has ran too far on expectations of these changes. I expect little action on the proposed changes ahead of a general election at the earliest. Yes. they will mark a big change to the UK gambling business but it will take quite a while before there is an impact on

earnings." Ladbroke Group improved 3 to 184p on the prospects for its gaming businesses after the proposed changes take effect. The session also saw the return of bid talk, with Bass once again mentioned as its possible suitor.

Textile shares were flat, partly held down by a generally gloomy note from Wise eke, the north of England broker. Wise believes: "The underlying unease and tough trading conditions look set to continue." Among the leaders, Courtanids Textiles and Dawson International were

MARKET REPORTERS Peter John, Joel Kibezo, Jeffrey Brown. unchanged at 426p and 95p



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Vento America (12)	2635.07 2088.68		2643.12 2070.36		2.34 . 0.85	40,19 62.37	2127.34	

The Republic of Panama U.S. \$70,000,000

Floating Rate Serial Notes due 1990 For the period 29th February, 1996 to 29th August, 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 7 per cent. per annum, and that the interest accrued on the outstanding unpaid principal to 29th August, 1996 will be U.S. \$106.17.

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited Agent Bank

National Westminster Bank US\$ 500,000,000 Primary Capital FRINs (Series "C")

In accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from February 29, 1998 to May 31, 1996 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 5.375%

The interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, May 31, 1996 against coupon No.42 will be US\$ 137.36 per US\$ 10,000 principal amount of Note and US\$ 1,373.61 per US\$ 100,000 principal amount of Note. The Agent Bank

Kredietbank S.A. Luxambourgeoise

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U.S. \$500,000,000 Lloyds Bank Plc (incorporated in England with Builed Hebitary)

Presery Capital Undered outing Rate Notes (Series 2) For the three months, February 29, 1996 to May 31, 1996 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 5.4376% p.a. with a Coupon Amount of U.S. \$138.96 psyable By: The Chase Manhaitan Bank, N.A. Lendon, Agust Bank

U.S. \$400,000,000 Banque Française Du Commerce Exterieur **Guaranteed Floating Rate** Notes due 1997

For the three months February 23, 1996 to May 31, 1996, the Notes will beer interest at 5.53125% per annum. U.S. \$141.35 will be payable on May 31, 1986, per U.S. \$10,000 principal amount of Notes. CHASE February 29, 1996

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U.S. \$600,000,000

Lloyds Bank Plc

(Incorporated in England)

Princery Capital Undated testing Rate Notes (Series 3)

For the six months, February

Notes will carry an interest rate of 5.35% p.a. with a Coupon Amount of U.S. \$271.96 payable

Bjc The Classe Manhallan Mank, M.A. Lauden, Agoni Bank

on August 30, 1995.

Section For senior management positions. For information call: Will Thomas

+44 0171 873 3779

The Top

Opportunities

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Additional information on the FT-SE Actorries Share indices is published in Security Issues.

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	Bindary W 0.08 11 2 16 ⁵ g 18 ⁵ g 16 ⁵ g Biogen 427 5460 66 ¹ 2 57 ¹ 4 57 ¹ 2 - ¹ 2 Biomet 25 3319 19 ¹ 4 18 ⁵ g 18 ¹ g + ¹ 2	Gent Bind x 042 16 89 22 ¹ 2 22 ¹ 2 22 ¹ 2 3 Gentyes 11 390 7 ² 2 7 ² 2 7 ² 4 + ¹ 4 GentlePt 14 3778 5 ¹ 2 5 5 ² 3 + ¹ 4		- T T-Cell Sc 4 810 3 ¹ k 3 3½ +½
-	Stock Drg x 1,18 8 13 39 ¹ 2 38 ¹ 4 38 ¹ 2 -1 SAC Softer 33 9358 56 ¹ 4 54 ¹ 4 55 + ¹ 4 Bostomen S x1,46 12 9237 40 ¹ 4 38 ¹ 4 38 ¹ 5 + ¹ 4	Gentex Cp 4.00 22 504 25 24 ¹ 2 24 ³ 4 Senue inc 15 941 7 ³ 4 7 ¹ 2 7 ³ 4	- N - NAC Re 0.20 9 25 337, 3312 3311 Ness Prets x0.22 10 101 173, 17 17 -14	Torone Pt 0.84 21 1045 54 ¹ 2 53 ¹ 4 54 ¹ 4 + ¹ 2 TBC Cp 918454 6 ² 4 6 ² 4 6 ² 5 - ¹ 4 TCA Cuber 0.56 25 1518 433 ¹ 4 31 ¹ 4 32 ¹ 2 +1.7
	Book & B 16 725 234, 2212 225 4	Grayton 47 6301 78 ³ c 77 ¹ 2 72 -2 ¹ 2 Shotok Cm 723469 9 ² c 9 ³ c 14 ³ m 1 ₆ Gibson St 0.40 5 854 14 ³ c 14 ³ c 14 ³ m 1 ₆	Nati Compt 0.36 20 139 1934 19 1932 +32 Nos Sun 0.20 31 485 31 4 30 30 -34	TCI GpA 10024050 21 4 20 7 21 4 4 9 Technology 22 1159 15 4 15 15 4
	Borland 13 2004 20 ³ 2 20 20 ³ 2 - 2 Bouton Bt v 2.78 8 444 44 43 ³ 4 43 ³ 2 + 1 Boston TC 52 4081 12 ⁵ 4 12 ⁷⁴ 12 ⁷² + 2 ⁷²	Gioringsi, G.12 87 8705 17 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	Novigestor 8.00 18 3 17% 17% 17% 17% -% NEC 0.46 45 101 567 59% 59% 55% -% Next 1861 67% 55% 55% +1	Tacument 1.00 9 24 53% 52% 53% +1%
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*	ET Shiping 0.68 49 103 312 312 312 314 44 Bullion 14 2529 1214 1176 1214 44 Bullions 19 118 814 776 814 414	Gradousha 10 31 31 ₂ 33 ₂ 31 ₂ 41 ₄ Scartie 0.30 11 165 261 ₂ 277 ₂ 277 ₃ 1 Grant AP x 0.26 6 52 161 ₂ 161 ₄ 161 ₄	Neurogen 30 1086 33½ 31¼ 32¼ +¾ Neuropen 1 290 3¾ 2½ 2¾ Neuropene 26 843 48¾ 47¼ 47¼ +½	Teme Tec 18 1368 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134
	Burn Breez 12 2012 21 22 22 24 2 42 Businson 22 7 37 4 36 4 36 4 4 Businson 240 10 300 33 31 4 32 2 4	Growmans 5 442 1/6 1/2 1/6 Grow Wr 28 100 15/2 12/4 13/4 +/4	November Co. 0.04 19 500 914 85 87 114 November 12 8281 1574 1574 1575 1774 November 54 8985 974 974 974 1775	Three Com 454440 485g 471g 471g -11g 78 14 142 71g 67g 67g TJ mr 0.22 32 686 161g 151g 151g -14
	Billiams (140 10 300 30 314 32-2 -4	677 Corp 51 257 934 934 934 Gutty Svg 13 859 115 113 113 113 Gymbone 24 9805 253 223 253 +235	Nordson x 0.72 20 537 5712 56 5712 +1 Nordson x 0.50 2112547 4414 4315 4414 +14 Nordson 14 73 2514 2514 2514 +14	Totic-AC 0.08: 21 25 94 84 812 Tokon Mer 0.40 21 4 814 614 614
	-C- Cloc 9 637 374 37 374 -A		N Star Via 127 56 75 75 75 75 NW AV 124 435 444 434 437 +12	Tom Brown 45 266 14 ¹ 4 14 14 ⁴ 8 Toppe Co 0.26 28 1130 4 ¹ 1 4 ¹ 2 4 ¹ 2 TPF Enter 8 533 2 ¹ 4 2 ¹ 3 2 ¹ 4
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	Continue 0 598 2/6 1/2 2/6 +2/2 Continue 0.52 52 162 94/4 93% 94/4 +3/2 Continue 0.77 23 206 22 31% 31% 1/4	HBD & Cu 0.16 68 2782 99 87 Å 96 Å + ½ Heathear 25 6345 485 485 485 + 5 Heathean 0.86 18 54 105 105 105 105	-0-	TrustenBirC 1.10 14 70 21½ 21½ 21½ 21½ 4½ Teeng Lab 0.20337 559 10½ 97g 10½ +½ TrustenA 0.12 15 6394 24 22½ 22½ 1½4
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	CEM Cp 16 387 e15 ¹ 4 14 ¹ 2 14 ¹ 8 -14 Centroox 28 8908 29 ⁵ 8 28 ⁷ 8 29 ¹ 4 -18	Heliatroj 10 204 10 95 95 3 3 1 Heliatroj 12 896 121 1 2012 21 1 4 12	Official 18 139 12% 12% 12% 14 15 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12%	US Hather 1.00 19 8251 49 ¹ 2 48 ¹ 3 48 ¹ 3 48 ¹ 4 1mtab 18 996 2 Å 2 Å 2 Å
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	CodeAlarm 3 2100 5 ¹ 4 5 ¹ 4 5 ¹ 4 + ¹ 4 Cognus Co 42 2454 24 ¹ 2 22 ¹ 4 23 ¹ 2 - ¹ 4	Import Sc 0.40 16 751 25 244, 25 41 ₂ Indians 0.24 24 17 271 ₂ 271 ₃ 271 ₃	Parametric 25 1058 9412 9116 9212 -112 Parametric 52 3978 7372 72 7312 +112	Ventrities: 10 3428 15 ¹ ₈ 17 ¹ ₂ 17 ³ ₄ - ¹ ₈ Ventrone 34 290 46 ³ ₈ 45 45 ³ ₈ 1 ¹ ₈ Vicor 29 1886 14 ³ ₈ 13 ³ ₈ 14 - ¹ ₈
•	Copens 59 1206 u52 ¹ 2 50 ⁷ 6 51 ¹ 2 + ¹ 6 Coherent 23 157 46 ¹ 4 46 ¹ 6 46 ¹ 6 - ¹ 7 Coherent 23 157 46 ¹ 4 46 ¹ 6 46 ¹ 8 - ¹ 7 20 22 21 21.99 +.48	Inf Res 34 922 15 145g 145g 145g 145g 145g 145g 145g 1	Payou Am 14 168 71 ₄ 71 ₄ 7.55 +.30 Peorless 0.50 45 8 81 ₂ 81 ₂ 91 ₂ 91 ₂ 14	Vicespilat 22 23 11% 11% 11% 12% - 25 Vicespilat 62 189 71 105% 105% - 25 VLSI Tech 1112011 12% 12% 12% + 25
٦	Coloi Gain x 1,28 13 45 22 ³ 4 22 22 Carmair 0.28 18 42 ³ 8 31 30 30 ³ 4 + ¹ 2 CarmaiA 0.09 76 5102 19 ³ 4 18 ³ 8 18 + ¹ 8	longer	Penn Tity 10 43 17 161 ₂ 161 ₂ -1 ₆ Penn Wag x 1,80 11 26 8351 ₄ 343 ₄ 351 ₆ +1 ₂ Pennsir 0.50 13 1143 271 ₄ 261 ₆ 261 ₆ -1 ₆ Pennsir 0.50 13 1143 271 ₄ 261 ₆ 261 ₆ -1 ₆	*SNO B 9.39 818572 22 2 71 14 21 14 +12
	ConcatSq 0.09 0012502 195 ₂ 191 ₄ 191 ₂ +1 ConcatSquintC75 12 882 36 ² 4 35 ² 6 36 ² 4 +1 ContatC 60 125 28 ³ 9 28 ³ 9 28 ³ 9 28 ³ 9	Ingustriat 6 3 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	Pentech 18 53 2/2 2/2 2/2 +18 Penteck L 10 20 18 204 21 19 016 19 -114 Peoples H 0.84 10 749 21 2 21 1 21 1 +18	- W - Wann Lab 8 5268 24 ¹ 2 22 ¹ 4 22 ¹ 5 -1
	Comprises 65 1791 7 ¹ 2 6 ³ 4 7 ¹ 4 + ⁵ 2 Comption 27 472 23 21 ³ 4 22 - ¹ 4 Comption 27 292 5 4 ¹ 2 4 ⁷ 2	Indignati 0.40 12 7952 57, 65, 65, 67, 41, 16m Tel 25 1419 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181, 18	Perrigio 2514107 ir141 ₂ 131 ₄ 141 ₄ +1 Perburgi.D 8 274 53 ₈ 51 ₈ 51 ₉ -1 ₄ Petroline 1.12 49 34 261 ₄ 261 ₄ 27 +1 ₄	Warmer En 0.12 18 1109 24 23 14 23 14 + 12 Warmisch 16 389 4 03 14 3 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
	Constitute 128 273 11½ 10¼ 10¾ 1½ Constitute 2977244 20¼ 18¾ 20 Constitute 250 17 552 20 19¾ 18¼ 3,	Infanton 0.24 13 4832 153 ₆ 133 ₆ 137 ₆ -13 ₆ Infanton 11 1781 183 ₆ 183 ₂ 183 ₆ -3 ₆ Infanton 7 1000 97 ₆ 33 ₂ 95 ₆ -3 ₆	Phoentick 21 1894 137 ₈ 131 ₆ 131 ₄ Physichem 28 1085 17 181 ₈ 151 ₂ -1 ₂ Pocasill 0.88 19 3 91 ₆ 91 ₆ 91 ₆ Pictorie 66 8122 391 ₆ 37 37 -1 ₂	Wausau PM 022 27 951 2214 2158 2214 +18 WD-40 248 15 137 4814 4714 4812 +12
	Congress 87 380 10 ⁵ 2 10 ⁵ 2 10 ⁵ 2 - ¹ 4 CoveryCp 3800 15 ⁷ 2 15 ⁷ 2 15 ⁷ 3 - ¹ 4 CoveryR 0.02 18 3345 21 ⁷ 4 30 ⁷ 4 20 ⁷ 4 + ¹ 4	Intensive 111 1683 13 ¹ 2 13 ¹ 4 13 ¹ 5 4 ¹ 4 kilonok 24 1682 25 ¹ 4 23 ¹ 4 23 ¹ 5 4 ¹ 4 kilonok 15 16 22 21 ¹ 2 22 4 ¹ 4	Picterior 14 482 187 ₂ 187 ₄ 161 ₂ -7 ₈ Processin x 4.40 28 341 291 ₂ 29 29 -1 ₂	Watern Bric 0.82 14 78 46 45 2 45 Western 3 149 9 2 9 9 9 12 + 1
	CaselTach 43 1792 776 752 779	Impacers (LEE 25 816 25 2414, 241 ₂ -14 Iomega Cp 4370894 191 ₄ 171 ₂ 181 ₈ +11 ₂	ProneerS	WistpStA 3 1827 19 18½ 19 +½ West SealA 19 354 8½ 8½ 19 Wignitia x 1.24 5 3032 54 53 52½ +½
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	Copum Rus 56 322 57 512 57 -1	lanseeds 13 2 143g 143g 143g No/Marko 1.20n25 22253g2253g2253g - 3g	PresCM 3 463 2 182 181 445	Wolchen L x 0.28 18 133 978 958 978 Worldcom 9511504 3834 3858 39 -12
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	Crown Res 56 322 57 572 576 72 72 73 74 72 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74	Individuals	PresCuts 5 463 2 132 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 131	Storisticano 9511504 383, 385, 385, 39 -32 WPP ADR 26 251 281, 277, 277, 273, 38 Wymnan-Gda 0.40 35 1094 18 171, 2 171, 38 Wymnan-Gda 0.40 35 1094 18 171, 2 171, 38 Wymnan-Gda 0.40 35 1094 18 171, 2 171, 38 Wymnan-Gda 0.40 47, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45

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recovery in long bonds

Wall Street

US shares rebounded from recent weakness in midsession trading as longer term bonds also recovered, writes Lisa Bransten in New York.

At 1 pm the Dow Jones Industrial Average was 37.57 stronger at 5,586.78, the Standard & Poor's 500 had risen 6.43 to 653.67 and the American Stock Exchange composite was 3.41 higher at 567.27. Volume on the New York SE came to

Long-term bonds gained strength even though the Labor Department reported that the consumer price index had risen 0.4 per cent in January, slightly more than the 0.3 per cent increase economists had expected. That data lent support to a growing consensus that the Federal Reserve would probably not lower interest rates again at next month's meeting of its Open Market Committee.

Cyclical shares, which generally benefit the most from looser monetary policy, were not as strong as shares in consumer goods companies.

The Morgan Stanley index of cyclical shares was ahead 0.6 per cent, while the counterpart nent of the Dow, appreciated index of consumer shares was \$1% or 2 per cent to \$80% on

The early raily on Wall Street helped the

region's markets, with MEXICO CITY rising

12.65 or 0.5 per cent to 2,926.31 by midsession. In

early trade there were 31 stocks higher against

Analysts said the domestic market had been

assisted by a rising trend for the country's

ADRs, particularly in companies such as Tel-

Telmex ADRs moved between \$31% and \$32.

510.75

837.92

711.52

608.11

493.41 213.53

381.36 251.79

289.56

296.69

257,18

140,41

183.28 554,28

128,43

263.91

141.57

while the local issue was up 0.2 per cent. Tele-

visa's local shares were ahead 1.2 per cent.

(31)

(68) (43) (15)

(65) (21)

(23) (145) (35) (83) (76) (44) (123)

(238) (47) (8) (22) (26) (63) (54) (5) (1117)

four lower in volume of 16.8m shares.

mex and Televisa.

Market

China

South Korea

Euro/Mid

Hungary" Jordan Poland"

South Africa

NATIONAL AND

Austrie (26) Belgium (34) Smizii (26).....

USA (631) ...

mericas (778)

Latin America

1.1 per cent stronger. Technology issues showed particular strength, with the Nasdaq composite gaining 7.95 at 1,114.12. The Pacific Stock Exchange technology index was nearly 1 per cent higher 35

strength in large issues offset some weakness in Internetrelated companies. In early afternoon trading, the American Stock Exchange/Interactive Week index of Internet shares was off 0.2 per cent. Microsoft and Intel, the two

largest companies on the Nasdaq, added \$1% at \$101% and \$1 at \$61% respectively. Meanwhile, Netscape Communications and Spyglass, two Internet software makers, were both weaker. Netscape fell 521/4 or 5 per cent to \$51% and Spyglass was off \$1% or 5 per cent

UUNET Technologies, which provides Internet services, slipped \$3 or 9 per cent to \$39 after an analyst at Bear Stearns lowered the rating on the company to "neutral" from

The Gap added \$2 or 4 per cent at \$54% after announcing that it would increase its dividend by 25 per cent and undertake a two-for-one stock split. Du Pont, which is a compo-

EMERGING MARKETS: IPC WEEKLY INVESTABLE PRICE INDICES

% Change % Change

on Dec '95

+31.5

+4.3 +6.5 +42.7 -0.8 +30.0 +10.9 +2.3 +36.5 +26.9

-3.5 -1.8 +0.4 +7.8 +0.0 -2.8 +1.3 -2.7 +3.9 -0.3

meanwhile, Salomon Brothers has increased its already overweight allocation to Argentina, up to 19 per cent from 14 per cent, based on "expected economic growth, a reduced risk premium and positive political events". As a consequence, its exposure to Chile has been reduced from an overweight 12 per cent to a market weight of 10 per cent.

189.42 182.41 204.08 165.48 148.84 293.38 179.71 182.32 186.34 420.52 248.86 72.09 134.18 500.68

1090.96 258.98 78.37 231.19 433.17 382.48 168.29 328.90 222.69 174.75 222.58 254.75

189.01 283.73 157.09 174.04 248.21 179.95 275.99 175.44 197.69 230.60

Telmex supports Mexico City

news that the US Department of Agriculture had approved a cotton plant which is genetically engineered to tolerate the use of certain herbicides.

Canada

Toronto edged ahead in midday trade, helped by higher bond prices and a firm performance by the banking sector in response to strong earnings reports. The TSE 300 composite index had gained 4.75 by noon at 4,959.02 in volume of 35.8m

Among Tuesday's corporate reports, Bank of Montreal moved ahead C\$% to C\$32 and Bank of Nova Scotia was C\$1/4 higher at C\$30%. Pallet Pallet picked up 10 cents to 73 cents on news that it would issue more than 2.8m common shares at C\$1.434 a share to special warrant investors.

SOUTH AFRICA

SAO PAULO was moderately higher at mid-

session, although worries were coming to light

regarding Banco Nacional which failed last

year. The Bovespa index gained 294.97 at 52,225.

would summon central bank officials to testify

on apparent lapses in the supervision of banks

following reports that the central bank had

failed to detect a R\$4.6bn loss accumulated by

Banco Nacional over a 10-year period. Banco

Nacional, once Brazil's seventh largest private

Local currency terms Feb. 23 % Change % Change

over week on Dec '95

+14.7

+11.3

+31.8

+8.1 +47.2 -0.8 +34.3 +12.0

bank, is under central bank administration

514,103,18

1.174.93

1.117.70

308.52

365.99

238,20

133,15

210.07

4,381,95

Gross Div. Yield

3.90 1.96 3.38 1.58 2.44 1.82 3.13 1.87 3.27 3.43 1.74 1.65 2.24 3.11 3.71 2.18 1.59 1.98 4.08 2.19

2.18 3.02 2.05 1.20 2.08 2.20 2.44 2.93 2.09 1.94 2.53

2.13

-0.5 -0.4 -0.5 -0.5 -0.4 -0.5 -0.5 -0.5 -0.5

-0.5

-0.4 -0.2 -0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.3 -0.1 -0.3 -1.0 -0.1 -1.4 -0.4 -1.0 -0.4 -0.3 -0.4 -0.3 -0.5 -0.5

US Dollar Index

242.33 205.22 291.90 165.16 181.75 258.84 186.59 287.71 183.22 206.50

233.32 197.58 281.03 159.02 174.99 249.20 179.65 277.00 176.40 198.82

208.67 200.90 137.53

159.72 135.26 192.39 108.96 119.79 170.60 122.98 189.63 120.78 138.11

On Tuesday, a panel of congress said that it

Johannesburg was broadly weaker, with golds under pressure from the bullion price. Industrials were mixed but with the index pulled higher by gains in key stocks. The overall index declined 19.8 to 6,703.0, industrials move up 15.3 to 8,342.0 and golds

Equities in rebound on More all-time highs on \$, recovery hopes

Strong demand for cyclical stocks helped Frankfurt and Stockholm to all-time highs.

rights issue towards the end of last year, said late on Tuesday that it would make a 1995 loss,

Morgan Stanley, overweight in Germany since the beginning of this year, confirmed that it had raised the weighting of German stocks in its model European portfolio from 16 to 19 per cent this week, and doubled its Swedish weighting from 3 to 6 per cent.

Mr Richard Davidson, European equity strategist at Morgan Stanley in London, said the upgrades reflected his view that cyclical shares would outperform this year as the markets saw an improvement in the dollar, economic recovery in Europe and reflationary

moves by central banks.

FRANKFURT's Dax index closed 37.86 higher at an Ibisindicated 2,486.95 on the dollar. firmer bunds and the Dow. Cyclicals such as Siemens, Daimler, BASF and Bayer led the volume charts as turnover sailed up from DM7.7bn to DM9.9bn; but defensives had the best day in share price terms, with RWE, Kaushof and Veba showing gains of 2.9, 2.8 and 2.7 per cent respectively.

demeister, down DM41 or 28.7 per cent at DM102. Ms Barbara Haas of Dillon Read said that the machine tool group, which forecast a turnround from loss to 1995 profits when it made a

The day's black spot was Gil-

after all STOCKHOLM, where the Affärsvärlden index put on 8.7 at 1,886.7, saw a sharp rise in Asea, SKr13 higher at SKr693. on better than expected 1995 results for ABB and the forecast of a further profits

increase this year. Volvo and Investor benefited from the renewed interest in cyclicals. Volvo added SKr4.50 at SKr147, and Investor SKr4.50 at SKr256.50.

Ericsson turned back from a high of SKr154 to close SKr1.50 weaker at SKr148.50 as investors digested the results from its competitor Nokia. A SKr13 fall to SKr273.50 in Pharmacia & Upjohn was attributed to news that Biogen, the US drugs group, and Harvard University intended to sue the company for breach of patent and were demanding damages of SKr950m.

HELSINKI moved from elation to apprehension. Nokia A peaking 6.8 per cent higher at FM179 on results slightly below recent expectations, but ending 6.9 per cent lower at FM156 on a warning of lower profits in the first and second quarters of 1996. The Hex index declined 12.24 to 1,825.43.

PARIS liked the Chargeurs demerger and marked the

Y170 to Y2,450.

FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices Open 10.30 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 Clase Hourly changes FT-SE Entitlack 100 1570.46 1569.96 1570.30 1570.84 1571.12 1571.40 1573.79 1574.95 1854.42 1855.13 1653.73 1657.24 1657.30 1658.93 Feb 23 Feb 25

1557*-27* 1858.13 1551.65 1846.19 1645.12 1643 14 1985 1986 1880 (25/10/50); Hightéig: 198 - 15/5,05; 200 - 1659 44 Loudtey: 180 - 1599 45 200 • 1652.23. † Partial

cent to FFr1,338. There was a hope that the announcement, the first in French corporate history, might unlock similar demerger plans from other quoted companies.

The CAC-40 index was lifted by strong US institutional interest and closed a shade under the critical 2,000 level, up 22.37 or 1.1 per cent at 1.996.89. Turnover was strong at FFr6bn

There was a small cloud over Valeo, the automotive parts maker, as doubts began to emerge that a bid from Ceurs, of Italy, would be forthcoming. Valeo's stock softened FFT1 to FF1278.

Total receded FFr2 to FFr331.90 as the government said it would sell a 4 per cent stake in the oil group.

AMSTERDAM produced

some satisfactory domestic company reports as it climbed to a record closing high, the AEX index finishing 5.20 ahead

stock up FFr137 or 12.6 per at 512.80, after touching 513.99. Even Philips could not resist the rising trend in spite of an early decline following the Nokia figures, and closed with a gain of 20 cents at FI 69. ABN Amro rose Fl 1.10 to Fi 74_40 ahead of today's 1995

earnings figures. ZURICH too, had the ABB results. Brown Boveri rose SFr32 to SFr1,475 as the SMI index advanced 50.6 or 1.5 per cent to 3,360.5.

Nestlé climbed SFr15 to SFr1,310 and Ciba SFr24 to SFr1,074. UBS bearers rose SF18 to SF11,249 as an associate said that Mr Stephan Schmidheiny saw his large purchase of registered shares as a long term investment and would accept their conversion

into bearer shares MILAN rose on Wall Street's early advance, a reviving lira and the decision of the caretaker prime minister Mr Lamberto Dini to link with the centre left, which was seen as

improving his chances of securing a majority in next April's election.

The Comit index added 9.70 at 603.23, while the real-time Mibtel index picked up 189 or 2 per cent to 9,691. Banks put in a strong showing. Ambroveneto jumped 1.220 or 5.2 per cent to L4,421 on a sharp increase in the parent company's 1995 net profits, and Cre-

dito Italiano rose L52 to L1.824 Fiat moved ahead L54 to L4,968 as Mr Gianni Agnelli bowed out after 30 years as chairman. Snia, Flat's fibres and chemicals holding company, picked up from a low of L1,396 to finish L12 higher at L1,443 after the motor group denied one rumour that it planned to buy all the shares it did not already own.

MADRID's general index firmed 4.45 to 345.13 on hopes of a clear win for the centreright Popular party in Sunday's general election, and interest rate cuts soon after.

Therdrola, which announced a 24 per cent increase in net profits after hours, climbed Pta25 to Pta1,205.

OSLO saw Kvaerner B NKr10 lower at NKr183 after the latest bout of UK takeover talk. The total index fell 2.66 to 768.30.

Written and edited by William

ASIA PACIFIC

ber 29. writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

The index lost 80.43 at

Traders said Nikko Securities also placed buy orders for its newly established trust fund. However, late afternoon selling, led by profit-taking in banks and large-capital blue chips, tipped equities into

Volume amounted to 320m advances by 530 to 472.

The non-banks had also bor rowed heavily from banks and analysts feared that Equion's collapse could signal the begin-ning of a new spate of bankruptcies. Investors who have een worried about the jusen have started to worry about other bankruptcies which will hurt the banks," said Mr Brian Waterhouse at James Capel.

Industrial Bank of Japan slid Y80 to Y2,640 and Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, a creditor of Equion, ed Y50 to Y1,890.

Green Cross, the blood products maker embroiled in the

158.78 168.11 172.86 26.06 125.64 252.41 171.13 161.53 323.67 205.45 136.96 425.77 647.81 225.09 72.28 303.31 124.10 303.31 124.10 303.31 124.10 130.15 192.22

180.00 169.63 222.22 145.95 156.37 192.77 152.92 229.25 156.72 166.82

| 148.02 | 172.92 | 200.32 | 142.85 | 142.85 | 142.85 | 199.28 | 159.48 | 159.48 | 159.48 | 159.48 | 159.49 | 170.25 | 116.11 | 153.87 | 170.25 | 116.11 | 153.87 | 158.71 | 139.75 | 175.40 | 278.11 | 141.80 | 147.04 | 191.17 | 130.40 | 130.40 | 173.35 | 230.21 | 252.70 | 130.45 | 130.40 | 173.35 | 230.21 | 252.70 | 155.54 | 85.86 | 82.71 | 142.8 | 100.12 | 252.70 | 255.54 | 250.73 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.23 | 253.

182.31 203.75 245.54 154.39 175.42 208.25 219.60 257.18 255.02 124.28 112.20 171.87 136.73 136.18 183.38 194.73 258.23 202.26 140.38 149.16 187.07 216.45 252.03 292.99 137.84 140.49 184.71

262.26 187.07 292.89 184.71 207.64 242.17

Weak ba	nks leave	Nikkei	below	20,000	level
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Tokyo

A sharp fall in banks depressed equities, and the Nikkei 225 average finished below 20,000 for the first time since Decem-

19.919.97 after moving between 19,878.91 and 20,211.38. Share prices were lifted earlier in the day by new stock investment trust funds set up by Nomura Securities.

shares, against 363m. The Topix index of all first section stocks fell 6.15 to 1,547.22 and the Nikkei 300 retreated 1.44 to 288.36. Declines outscored In London the ISE/Nikkei 50

index gained 3.06 at 1,347.47. Uncertainty over the governjusen, or housing loans scheme, weighed on the banking sector. The collapse of Equion, a large non-bank financial institution with debts of Y310.6un, also unnerved investors. Non-bank financial institutions lent heavily to the companies which, in addition borrowed from the jusen. The liquidity problems of these borrowers, due to the jusen deba-The strong performance in the world's emerging markets since the beginning of the year has been driven by liquidity, but rising bond yields in the US recently have caused a slight break in the forward momentum, writes John Pitt. Bear Stearns observes that funds flowed into the Latin American region in particular during January, before a partial reversal of the flow happened earlier this month. It is still very much an uncertain picture, and Bear Stearns warns that a sustained fall in US equities – if caused by worries about recession – "would prompt US investors to bring money back from overseas and into safe havens at home, such as Treasury bonds; emerging market equities would suffer hadly under this scenario".

There is also a worry about the US presidential election after Mr Pat Buchanan won last week's New Hampshire primary. Latinvest says that there is some consolation in the fact that Mr Buchanan is unlikely to be nominated; but "spouting hostility both to free trade and to Wall Street's narrow pursuit of profit, he constitutes a possibly significant threat to portfolio investment in developing countries in general, and (because of its proximity) to Latin America in particular". cle, had started to affect the

HIV scandal, plunged Y77 to	in SEOUL. However, officials at	HK\$125.50 an
Y550. The company admitted	the Securities Supervisory	HK\$77.25 respec
that it had falsified distribu-	Board declined to comment,	KARACHI
tion reports submitted to the	and the composite index ended	interested in W
ministry, and could face severe	4.66 lower at 855.21.	than in equitie
administrative punishment.	Blue chips closed mixed.	tors sold, there

ministry, ar administrati Speculative stocks were once gain back in favour with individual investors. Shinko Electric, the most active issue of the day, climbed Y32 to Y718

and Daido Steel Sheet jumped In Osaka, the OSE average slipped 63.84 to 21,569.94 in volume of 137.7m shares.

Rumours that the securities watchdog has begun investigating suspected cases of price manipulation soured the mood Samsung Electronics gained Won1,000 at Won130,000, while Korea Electric Power lost Won300 at Won28,500.

HONG KONG finished moderately firmer in trade narrowed by February index futures expiry. The Hang Seng index was up 67.63 at 11,264.65, after an early 11,288.09, in turnover that dipped to HK\$4.8bn.

Analysts noted that trade remained subdued although buying interest had improved after encouraging results from HSBC and Hang Seng Bank, added HK\$1 at HK\$125.50 and HK\$2.50 at ectively.

Vorld Cup cricket ies. Small invese was no institutional buying or genuine investment support, and the KSE 100 index dropped 31.25 or 1.8 per cent to 1.718.98.

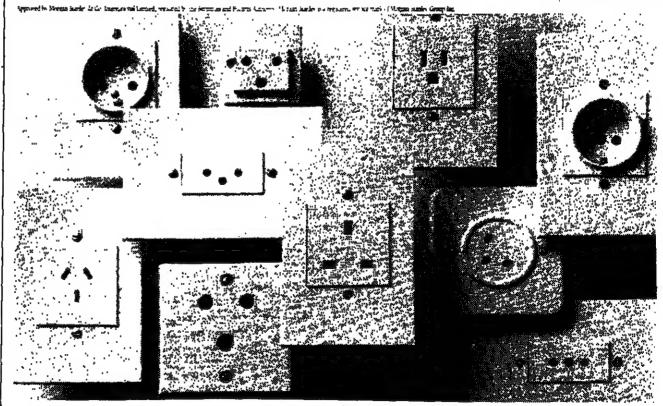
SINGAPORE remained focused on second line stocks in light afternoon trading as Mr Richard Hu, the finance minister, began delivering his annual budget statement. The Straits Times Industrial index eased 6.98 to 2,438.59.

CAM Mechatronic was again actively traded after Uraco bought into the company. The shares gave up 2 cents of recent gains to end at 90 cents.

KUALA LUMPUR was mixed with second liners attracting buyers and blue chips out of favour. The composite index lost 0.37 at 1,076.95 but the second board index jumped 14.33 or 3.8 per cent to 391.47.

TAIPEI could make no progress in spite of buying by the government-promoted fund, as fears over a planned Chinese military exercise, ahead of the island's presidential elections on March 23, remained an inhibition. The weighted index dipped 18.45 to 4,751,19 in slow trade of T\$12,53bn.

BANGKOK'S SET index softened 11.99 to 1,321.87 in slim turnover of Bt4.3bn as many investors stayed away, unwilling to commit themselves



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159.33 135.78 194.55 107.71 119.34 170.20 123.39 189.25 120.30 135.56

-0.6 199.92 137.08 156.74 175.72

182.18 202.78 155.24 252.62 123.16 110.96 136.45 135.60 194.60 257.03 141.08 149.68 216.38 250.90 137.56 139.87 154.99 171.04 180.79 224.81

